

CITY OF BEACON, NEW YORK ONE MUNICIPAL PLAZA BEACON, NY 12508

Mayor Randy Casale Councilmember Lee Kyriacou, At Large Councilmember George Mansfield, At Large Councilmember Terry Nelson, Ward 1 Councilmember John E. Rembert, Ward 2 Councilmember Jodi M. McCredo, Ward 3 Councilmember Amber J. Grant, Ward 4 City Administrator Anthony Ruggiero

City Council Workshop Agenda July 8, 2019 12:00 AM

Workshop Agenda Items:

- 1. Discussion Regarding Verizon Application for Special Use Permit at 110 Howland Avenue
- 2. Local Law Regarding City of Beacon Noise Ordinance
- 3. Fulton Fowler and Vine Watermain Replacement
- 4. Headworks for the Wastewater Treatment Plant Recommendation of Award
- 5. Wilkes Street Sewer Upgrade
- 6. Local Law Regarding Parking on Van Nydeck Avenue and Sargent Avenue

City of Beacon Workshop Agenda 7/8/2019

Title:

Discussion Regarding Verizon Application for Special Use Permit at 110 Howland Avenue

Subject:

Background:

ATTACHMENTS:

Description	Туре
Memorandum from Keane and Beane Regarding 110 Howland Avenue	Cover Memo/Letter
EAF Part 1_110_Howland	EAF
EAF Parts 2 and 3_110 Howland	EAF
110 Howland Avenue Visual Analysis	Backup Material
110 Howland Avenue Application	Application



June 20, 2019

VIA EMAIL [SOLSON@YOUNGSOMMER.COM]

Scott Olson, Esq. Young/Sommer, LLC Executive Woods Five Palisades Drive Albany, NY 12205

Re: Verizon Wireless Applications for Small Cell Wireless Telecommunication Facilities in the City of Beacon (110 Howland Avenue)

Dear Scott:

After Monday's public hearing on Verizon's application to install a small cell wireless facility at 110 Howland Avenue and after the meeting, a question was raised by a City Council member to me as to whether the height of the support structure can be reduced to a height less than the proposed height. As currently proposed, the wood pole is to be installed at a height of 52 feet, with the centerline of the proposed antennas to be located at a height of 50 feet. Please examine and advise the Council as to the lowest height 1) the pole and 2) the antennae can be installed that would still accomplish Verizon's objections. The City Council is looking for an answer to this question before it makes a final determination on the application and prior to its review of this matter at Monday night's work session, if that is possible.

The City Council is aware that its consultant, HDR requested an alternate height coverage map for antennas at a centerline height of 40 feet, compared to the 50 foot height proposed. This alternate height coverage map demonstrated that coverage is diminished at the 40 foot centerline height. However, the additional information provided by Verizon at that time failed to shed any light on whether Verizon could achieve adequate coverage if the antennas are installed at a centerline height greater than 40 feet but less than 50 feet and a corresponding reduction in the height of the pole.

Based on initial discussions with Mike Musso from HDR, it is believed that the antenna height may be able to be reduced down from the 50 ft. centerline without impacting coverage and capacity objectives. However, we understand Verizon needs to assess its network capability and complete a technical review (RF analysis) to

Main Office
 445 Hamilton Avenue
 White Plains, NY 10601
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 Fax 914.946.6868

Mid-Hudson Office
 200 Westage Business Center
 Fishkill, NY 12524
 Phone 845.896.0120

New York City Office
 505 Park Avenue
 New York, NY 10022
 Phone 646.794.5747

NICHOLAS M. WARD-WILLIS Principal Member nward-willis@kblaw.com Also Admitted in CT



Scott Olson, Esq. June 20, 2019 Page 2

determine if a decrease in antenna height is feasible. The City Council requests Verizon complete the required analysis and provide additional alternate height coverage maps for antennas mounted at varying centerline heights ranging between 41 and 50 feet to determine and demonstrate what the maximum lowest height could be to achieve Verizon's network objectives. We believe that for consistency in the application filings, it is best for Verizon's RF engineers to create the alternate height coverage maps and associated narrative on this height analysis. However, if Verizon does not want to provide the City with this information, the City will ask HDR to provide guidance on this issue, and opine on whether decreasing the pole and antennas – even by a few feet – appears feasible.

Very truly yours,

Hick Ward Wille

Nicholas M. Ward-Willis

NMW/

ecc: Anthony Ruggiero, City Administrator John Clarke, City Planner Michael Musso, Consulting Engineer

Short Environmental Assessment Form Part 1 - Project Information

Instructions for Completing

Part 1 - Project Information. The applicant or project sponsor is responsible for the completion of Part 1. Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification. Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information.

Complete all items in Part 1. You may also provide any additional information which you believe will be needed by or useful to the lead agency; attach additional pages as necessary to supplement any item.

Part 1 - Project and Sponsor Information					
Part 1 - Project and Sponsor Information Orange County-Poughkeepsie Limited Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless					
Name of Action or Project:					
Howland Micro					
Project Location (describe, and attach a location map):					
110 Howland Avenue, Beacon, Duchess County, NY					
Brief Description of Proposed Action:					
Construct a proposed 52 foot wooden pole with two proposed antennas within a 102 squ Verizon Wireless proposes to utilize the existing paved access road. Utility conduits are paved parking area for approximately 250 feet to an existing utility pole.	uare foot le to extend	ease area for telecommu underground along the p	inicatio perime	ons equi eter of the	pment. e
Name of Applicant or Sponsor:	Telepho	one:			
Verizon Wireless	E-Mail	kathy.pomponio@veriz	zonwir	eless.co	m
Address:	1				
1275 John Street, Suite 100		. *			
City/PO:		State:	Zip	Code:	
West Henrietta	1	NY	1458	6	
 Does the proposed action only involve the legislative adoption of a plan, l administrative rule, or regulation? If Yes, attach a narrative description of the intent of the proposed action and may be affected in the municipality and proceed to Part 2. If no, continue to 	the environ the the	ronmental resources t 2.	hat	NO	YES
2. Does the proposed action require a permit, approval or funding from any	other go	vernmental Agency?	-	NO	YES
If Yes, list agency(s) name and permit or approval:				~	
3.a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action?	. (acres		-	
b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed?	<	1_acres			
c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor?	<	1_acres			
 4. Check all land uses that occur on, adjoining and near the proposed action ☐ Urban ☐ Rural (non-agriculture) ☐ Industrial ☑ Comm ☑ Forest ☐ Agriculture ☐ Aquatic ☐ Other ☐ Parkland 	nercial	Residential (suburt	oan)		

5. Is the proposed action,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····
J. Is the proposed detail,	NO	YES	N/A
a. A permitted use under the zoning regulations?		v	
b. Consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan?		~	
6. Is the proposed action consistent with the predominant character of the existing built or natural		NO	YES
landscape?			~
7. Is the site of the proposed action located in, or does it adjoin, a state listed Critical Environmental	Area?	NO	YES
If Yes, identify:		~	
8. a. Will the proposed action result in a substantial increase in traffic above present levels?		NO	YES
		~	
b. Are public transportation service(s) available at or near the site of the proposed action?			V
c. Are any pedestrian accommodations or bicycle routes available on or near site of the proposed	action?		
9. Does the proposed action meet or exceed the state energy code requirements?		NO	YES
If the proposed action will exceed requirements, describe design features and technologies:			
Vinimal increase of energy			
10. Will the proposed action connect to an existing public/private water supply?		NO	YES
If No, describe method for providing potable water:			
11. Will the proposed action connect to existing wastewater utilities?		NO	YES
If No, describe method for providing wastewater treatment:			
12. a. Does the site contain a structure that is listed on either the State or National Register of Histor	ric	NO	YES
Places? b. Is the proposed action located in an archeological sensitive area?		~	
b. Is the proposed action located in an archeological sensitive area:		V	
13. a. Does any portion of the site of the proposed action, or lands adjoining the proposed action, cor wetlands or other waterbodies regulated by a federal, state or local agency?	ntain	NO V	
b. Would the proposed action physically alter, or encroach into, any existing wetland or waterboo	dy?		
If Yes, identify the wetland or waterbody and extent of alterations in square feet or acres:			
	alt all that	onnluu	
14. Identify the typical habitat types that occur on, or are likely to be found on the project site. Check Shoreline Forest Agricultural/grasslands Early mid-success	essional	appry:	
☐ Wetland ☐ Urban			
15. Does the site of the proposed action contain any species of animal, or associated habitats, listed		NO	YE
by the State or Federal government as threatened or endangered?		~	
		NO	YE
16. Is the project site located in the 100 year flood plain?		~	
16. Is the project site located in the 100 year flood plain?		NO	YE
17. Will the proposed action create storm water discharge, either from point or non-point sources?		NO	
	5		
 17. Will the proposed action create storm water discharge, either from point or non-point sources? If Yes, a. Will storm water discharges flow to adjacent properties? 			
17. Will the proposed action create storm water discharge, either from point or non-point sources? If Yes,	rains)?		

18. Does the proposed action include construction or other activities that result in the impoundment of	NO	YES
water or other liquids (e.g. retention pond, waste lagoon, dam)?		
If Yes, explain purpose and size:		
19. Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the location of an active or closed	NO	YES
solid waste management facility?		
If Yes, describe:		
20. Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the subject of remediation (ongoing or	NO	YES
completed) for hazardous waste?		
If Yes, describe:	~	
	DECTO	
I AFFIRM THAT THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE IS TRUE AND ACCURATE TO THE I	BESTU	F IVI Y
KNOWLEDGE		
Applicant/sponsor name: Verizon Wireless Date: November 13, 2018		
Signature: Elaine Langer		

Agency Use Only [If applicable]

Project: Howland Micro

Date: June 19, 2019

Short Environmental Assessment Form Part 2 - Impact Assessment

Part 2 is to be completed by the Lead Agency.

Answer all of the following questions in Part 2 using the information contained in Part 1 and other materials submitted by the project sponsor or otherwise available to the reviewer. When answering the questions the reviewer should be guided by the concept "Have my responses been reasonable considering the scale and context of the proposed action?"

		No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
1.	Will the proposed action create a material conflict with an adopted land use plan or zoning regulations?	\checkmark	
2.	Will the proposed action result in a change in the use or intensity of use of land?	\checkmark	
3.	Will the proposed action impair the character or quality of the existing community?	\checkmark	
4.	Will the proposed action have an impact on the environmental characteristics that caused the establishment of a Critical Environmental Area (CEA)?		
5.	Will the proposed action result in an adverse change in the existing level of traffic or affect existing infrastructure for mass transit, biking or walkway?	\checkmark	
6.	Will the proposed action cause an increase in the use of energy and it fails to incorporate reasonably available energy conservation or renewable energy opportunities?	\checkmark	
7.	Will the proposed action impact existing: a. public / private water supplies?	\checkmark	
	b. public / private wastewater treatment utilities?	\checkmark	
8.	Will the proposed action impair the character or quality of important historic, archaeological, architectural or aesthetic resources?	\checkmark	
9.	Will the proposed action result in an adverse change to natural resources (e.g., wetlands, waterbodies, groundwater, air quality, flora and fauna)?	\checkmark	
10,	Will the proposed action result in an increase in the potential for erosion, flooding or drainage problems?	\checkmark	
11.	Will the proposed action create a hazard to environmental resources or human health?	\checkmark	

Agency Use Only [If applicable] Project: Howland Micro Date: June 19, 2019

Short Environmental Assessment Form Part 3 Determination of Significance

For every question in Part 2 that was answered "moderate to large impact may occur", or if there is a need to explain why a particular element of the proposed action may or will not result in a significant adverse environmental impact, please complete Part 3. Part 3 should, in sufficient detail, identify the impact, including any measures or design elements that have been included by the project sponsor to avoid or reduce impacts. Part 3 should also explain how the lead agency determined that the impact may or will not be significant. Each potential impact should be assessed considering its setting, probability of occurring, duration, irreversibility, geographic scope and magnitude. Also consider the potential for short-term, long-term and cumulative impacts.

The Proposed Action is the installation of a new 52 foot wooden utility pole, with two antenna and associated ground-based equipment on 102 square feet of leased space on private property located at 110 Howland Avenue (the "Property"). The Property is 4.359 acres in the R1-40 residential zoning district. The Proposed Action requires a Small Cell Wireless Facility Special Use Permit from the City Council. The Proposed Action is an Unlisted Action. Based upon a review of Parts 1 and 2 of the Short Environmental Assessment Form (EAF) and all other application materials that were submitted in support of the Proposed Action, along with reports from City staff and consultants, information from interested agencies, and information from the public, the City Council, acting as Lead Agency, concludes that the Proposed Action will not result in any significant adverse impact on the environment.

The new utility pole will be installed on a fully developed site, in the existing paved parking lot located on the site. The Proposed Action will involve minimal site work associated with the construction of the new pole and associated equipment. Less than 1 acre will be physically disturbed and no trees are proposed to be removed. In addition the Proposed Action does not require any water usage. As this is a fully developed site, the Proposed Action will not result in any adverse environmental impacts to any unique geological features, surface water or groundwater quality or quantity, flooding, air quality, plants or animals, historic or archaeological resources, or open space and recreation. The Proposed Action does not include any lighting and will not release any odors or create any noise.

In addition, the Proposed Action will not result in the obstruction, elimination or significant screening of one or more officially designated scenic views visible from any publicly accessible vantage points either seasonally or year round. The Proposed Action will not generate any vehicle trips and therefore will not impact transportation. It is anticipated that existing energy infrastructure will continue to serve the Proposed Action. The future energy demand of the Proposed Action is not anticipated to increase. The Proposed Action does not require a new, or an upgrade to any existing substation.

Check this box if you have determined, based on the information and analysis above, and any supporting documentation, that the proposed action may result in one or more potentially large or significant adverse impacts and an environmental impact statement is required.

Check this box if you have determined, based on the information and analysis above, and any supporting documentation, that the proposed action will not result in any significant adverse environmental impacts.

Name of Lead Agency	Date
Randy Casale	Mayor
Print or Type Name of Responsible Officer in Lead Agency	Title of Responsible Officer
Signature of Responsible Officer in Lead Agency	Signature of Preparer (if different from Responsible Officer

Young / Sommer LLC

JEFFREY S. BAKER DAVID C. BRENNAN JOSEPH F. CASTIGLIONE JAMES A. MUSCATO II J. MICHAEL NAUGHTON ROBERT A. PANASCI ALLYSON M. PHILLIPS DEAN S. SOMMER KEVIN M. YOUNG

LAURA K. BOMYEA E. HYDE CLARKE JESSICA ANSERT KLAMI KRISTINA M. MAGNE COUNSELORS AT LAW

EXECUTIVE WOODS, FIVE PALISADES DRIVE, ALBANY, NY 12205 Phone: 518-438-9907 • Fax: 518-438-9914

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SENIOR COUNSEL KENNETH S. RITZENBERG DOUGLAS H. WARD

OF COUNSEL SUE H.R. ADLER ROGER FLORIO LAUREN L. HUNT ELIZABETH M. MORSS SCOTT P. OLSON RICHARD E. OSTROV KRISTIN LAVIOLETTE PRATT STEPHEN C. PRUDENTE KRISTIN CARTER ROWE STEVEN D. WILSON

> PARALEGALS ALLYSSA T. MOODY, RP AMY S. YOUNG

Writer's Telephone: 518.438-9907 Ext. 258 solson@youngsommer.com

January 9, 2019

Via Federal Express and Email

City of Beacon Common Council 1 Municipal Plaza Beacon, New York 12508 *Attn: Etha Grogan*

RE: Application of Orange County-Poughkeepsie Limited Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless -110 Howland Avenue

Dear Ms. Grogan:

This office serves as Regional Local Counsel to Orange County-Poughkeepsie Limited Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless. Enclosed are five (5) copies of the completed visual analysis requested by the City of Beacon Common Council.

Please kindly confirm that this application will be on the next available meeting agenda.

Thank you for your consideration.

ery truly yours. . Olson, Esq. Scott P

Enclosure

C: Andrea Armstrong (without enclosure)







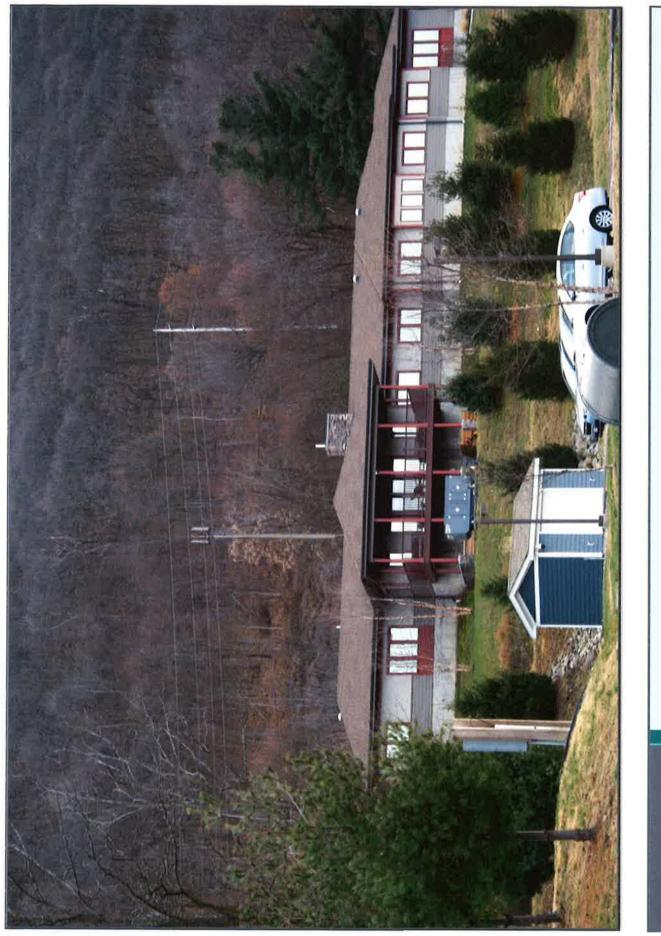






Distance from the photographic location to the proposed site is $450^{\prime}\pm$

9165.43



Looking southeast from the intersection of Howland Avenue & Goodrich Street. Proposed installation is visible from this location. Distance from the photographic location to the proposed site is 450'±

S-3 9165.43

PLANNING BOARD CITY OF BEACON, DUTCHESS COUNTY, NEW YORK

In the Matter of the Application of

CELLCO PARTNERSHIP d/b/a Verizon Wireless

Proposed Wooden Pole – 110 Howland Avenue City of Beacon, Dutchess County, New York

APPLICATION FOR SPECIAL USE PERMIT and ROSENBERG WAIVER RELIEF and STATEMENT OF INTENT

Submitted by:

Verizon Wireless Kathy Pomponio, Real Estate Manager 1275 John Street Suite 100 West Henrietta, New York 14586 (585) 321-5435

EBI Engineering PC Alex Giannaras, P.E. 36 British American Blvd, Suite 101 Latham, New York 12110 (518) 783-1630

Airosmith Development Andrea Armstrong, Site Acquisition Specialist 32 Clinton Street Saratoga Springs NY 12866 (518) 527-0011

> Young/Sommer LLC Scott P. Olson, Esq. Executive Woods Five Palisades Drive Albany, New York 12205 (518) 438-9907

Dated: November 23, 2018

APPLICATION	FOR	SPECIAL	USE	PERMIT
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Submit to Planning Board Secretary, One Municipal Plaza, Suite One, Beacon, New York 12508

IDENTIFICATION OF APPLICANT	<i>(For Official Use Only)</i> Application & Fee Rec'd	Date	Initials
Name: Orange County - Payakeepie Limited Radmership Verian Wirelel)	Initial Review		
Address: 1275 JOHN ST., Suite 100	PB Public Hearing		·······
West Henrietop, NY 14586	Sent to City Council		
Signature: Scott Ocson, Alternay	City Council Workshop		
Date: ///19/18	City Council Public Hearing		
Phone: 518 - 527 - 6813	City Council Approve/Disapprove		
IDENTIFICATION OF REPRESENTATIVE / DESIG	N PRFESSIONAL		
Name: YOUNG SOMMER LLC (ATTA. Salt Olson)	Phone: 518-527-6813		
Address: 5 PalisaDED DR.	Fax: 518-438-9914		
ALBANY NY 12205	Email address: Jol Son@ young Jomn	nir. Con	<u>с</u>
IDENTIFICATION OF SUBJECT PROPERTY:			
Property Address: 110 Howland Ave.			
Tax Map Designation: Section 6054	Block / Lot(s)		
Land Area: Apply. 6 Acres	Zoning District(s) $\mathcal{R}_{1} - 20$		
DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT:			
Proposed Use: Installation and operation a	of Small GII FACILity		
Gross Non-Residential Floor Space: Existing NIA		VIA	
TOTAL: NA			
Dwelling Units (by type): Existing N/A-		NA	

ITEMS TO ACCOMPANY THIS APPLICATION

- a. Five (5) **folded** copies and One (1) digital copy of a site location sketch showing the location of the subject property and the proposed development with respect to neighboring properties and developments.
- b. Five (5) folded copies and One (1) digital copy of the proposed site development plan, consisting of sheets, showing the required information as set forth on the back of this form and other such information as deemed necessary by the City Council or the Planning Board to determine and provide for the property enforcement of the Zoning Ordinance.
- c. Five (5) folded copies and One (1) digital copy of additional sketches, renderings or other information.
- d. An application fee, payable to the City of Beacon, computed per the attached fee schedule.
- e. An initial escrow amount, payable to the City of Beacon, as set forth in the attached fee schedule.

INFORMATION TO BE SHOWN ON SITE LOCATION SKETCH

- a. Property lines, zoning district boundaries and special district boundaries affecting all adjoining strets and properties, including properties located on the opposite sides of adjoining streets.
- b. Any reservations, easements or other areas of public or special use which affect the subject property.
- c. Section, block and lot numbers written on the subject property and all adjoining properties, including the names of the record owners of such adjoining properties.

INFORMATION TO BE SHOWN ON THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

- a. Title of development, date and revision dates if any, north point, scale, name and address of record owner of property, and of the licensed engineer, architect, landscape architect, or surveyor preparing the site plan.
- b. Existing and proposed contours at a maximum vertical interval of two (2) feet.
- c. Location and identification of natural features including rock outcrops, wooded areas, single trees with a caliper of six (6) or more inches measured four (4) feet above existing grade, water bodies, water courses, wetlands, soil types, etc.
- d. Location and dimensions of all existing and proposed buildings, retaining walls, fences, septic fields, etc.
- e. Finished floor level elevations and heights of all existing and proposed buildings.
- f. Location, design, elevations, and pavement and curbing specifications, including pavement markings, of all existing and proposed sidewalks, and parking and truck loading areas, including access and egress drives thereto.
- g. Existing pavement and elevations of abutting streets, and proposed modifications.
- h. Location, type and design of all existing and proposed storm drainage facilities, including computation of
- present and estimated future runoff of the entire tributary watershed, at a maximum density permitted under existing zoning, based on a 100 year storm.
- i. Location and design of all existing and proposed water supply and sewage disposal facilities.
- j. Location of all existing and proposed power and telephone lines and equipment, including that located within the adjoining street right-of-way. All such lines and equipment must be installed underground.
- k. Estimate of earth work, including type and quantities of material to be imported to or removed from the site.
- 1. Detailed landscape plan, including the type, size, and location of materials to be used.
- m. Location, size, type, power, direction, shielding, and hours of operation of all existing and proposed lighting facilities.
- n. Location, size, type, and design of all existing and proposed business and directional signs.
- o. Written dimensions shall be used wherever possible.
- p. Signature and seal of licensed professional preparing the plan shall appear on each sheet.
- q. Statement of approval, in blank, as follows:

Approved by Resolution of the Beacon Planning Board on the _____ day of ______, 20_____ subject to all conditions as stated therein

Chairman, City Planning Board

Date

APPLICATION PROCESSING RESTRICTION LAW Affidavit of Property Owner

Property Owner: Ability Beyond Digability: VERIZON direless is ApplicANT
Property Owner: <u>Ability Beyond Disability</u> ; <u>VERION</u> <u>difetors</u> <u>difetors</u> <u>is Applicant</u> If owned by a corporation, partnership or organization, please list names of persons holding over 5% interest.
range Courty - Poughkaeplie Limited Partnership dible Venzin Wirken; Venzon Wirebu of the
PAIR LP; and Cella PArtruship
List all properties in the City of Beacon that you hold a 5% interest in:
Verner Wirdell =
Applicant Address: 1275 John St. Suite 100, West Harrietter, Ny 14586
Project Address: 110 Howland Avenue
Project Tax Grid # 6054 - 14 - 347 464 Type of Application Special US Permit
Type of Application Special US Permit
Please note that the property owner is the applicant. "Applicant" is defined as any individual who owns at least fi percent (5%) interest in a corporation or partnership or other business.
I, Scott Olson, Attorny for Veriton Witchil, the undersigned owner of the above referenced prop
hereby affirm that I have reviewed my records and verify that the following information is true.
1. No violations are pending for ANY parcel owned by me situated within the City of Beacon $\underline{\gamma}$
2. Violations are pending on a parcel or parcels owned by me situated within the City of Beacon \underline{N}
3. ALL tax payments due to the City of Beacon are current
 ALL tax payments due to the City of Beacon are current Tax delinquencies exist on a parcel or parcels owned by me within the City of Beacon
5. Special Assessments are outstanding on a parcel or parcels owned by me in the City of Beacon $\underbrace{\mathcal{N}}_{\mathcal{N}}$
6. ALL Special Assessments due to the City of Beacon on any parcel owned by me are current
Atterney for Applicant
Signature of Owner
Attorney
Title if owner is corporation
Office Use Only: NO YES Initial
Applicant has violations pending for ANY parcel owned within the City of Beacon (Building Dept.)
ALL taxes are current for properties in the City of Beacon are current (Tax Dept.)
ALL Special Assessments, i.e. water, sewer, intes, etc. are current (water Dining)

CITY OF BEACON SITE PLAN SPECIFICATION FORM

Т

Name of Application: Howland Micro - VERION Wireless

PLEASE INDICATE WHETHER THE SITE PLAN DRAWINGS SHOW THE SUBJECT INFORMATION BY PLACING A CHECK MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE BOXES BELOW.

	YES	NO
		I
The site plan shall be clearly marked "Site Plan", it shall be prepared by a legally certified		
individual or firm, such as a Registered Architect or Professional Engineer, and it shall		
contain the following information:	·	
LEGAL DATA		1
Name and address of the owner of record.		
Name and address of the applicant (if other than the owner).		
Name and address of person, firm or organization preparing the plan.		
Date, north arrow, and written and graphic scale.		
NATURAL FEATURES		T
Existing contours with intervals of two (2) feet, referred to a datum satisfactory to the	N	R
Planning Board.		
Approximate boundaries of any areas subject to flooding or stormwater overflows.	V	P
Location of existing watercourses, wetlands, wooded areas, rock outcrops, isolated	<i>د</i> م	L .
trees with a diameter of eight (8) inches or more measured three (3) feet above	N	r
the base of the trunk, and any other significant existing natural features.		
EXISTING STRUCTURES, UTILITIES, ETC.		1
Outlines of all structures and the location of all uses not requiring structures.		
Paved areas, sidewalks, and vehicular access between the site and public streets.		
Locations, dimensions, grades, and flow direction of any existing sewers, culverts,	. [7	
water lines, as well as other underground and above ground utilities within and	- ~l	
adjacent to the property.		
Other existing development, including fences, retaining walls, landscaping, and		
screening. Sufficient description or information to define precisely the boundaries of the property.		
The owners of all adjoining lands as shown on the latest tax records.		
The locations, names, and existing widths of adjacent streets and curb lines.		
Location, width, and purpose of all existing and proposed easements, setbacks,	/	
reservations, and areas dedicated to private or public use within or adjacent to the		
properties.	<u> </u>	

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT	YES	NO
The location, use and design of proposed buildings or structural improvements.	\checkmark	
The location and design of all uses not requiring structures, such as outdoor storage	/	
(if permitted), and off-street parking and unloading areas.	V	
Any proposed division of buildings into units of separate occupancy.		
The location, direction, power, and time of use for any proposed outdoor lighting.	\checkmark	
The location and plans for any outdoor signs.		
The location, arrangement, size(s) and materials of proposed means of ingress and egress, including sidewalks, driveways, or other paved areas.		
Proposed screening and other landscaping including a planting plan and schedule prepared by a qualified individual or firm.	N()	P
The location, sizes and connection of all proposed water lines, valves, and hydrants	W	Ir
and all storm drainage and sewer lines, culverts, drains, etc.		1
Proposed easements, deed restrictions, or covenants and a notation of any areas to be dedicated to the City.	r	1 F
Any contemplated public improvements on or adjoining the property.	ŕ	MA
Any proposed new grades, indicating clearly how such grades will meet existing	(IL
grades of adjacent properties or the street.	Y	แก
Elevations of all proposed principal or accessory structures.		MA
Any proposed fences or retaining walls.	\checkmark	
MISCELLANEOUS		
A location map showing the applicant's entire property and adjacent properties and	V	
streets, at a convenient scale. Erosion and sedimentation control measures.	- N	T/A-
A schedule indicating how the proposal complies with all pertinent zoning standards,	N	IF
including parking and loading requirements. An indication of proposed hours of operation.	h	115
If the site plan only indicates a first stage, a supplementary plan shall indicate ultimate development.		

For all items marked "NO" above, please explain below why the required information has not been provided:

The proposed involves the installation and operation A New Small Coll FACILity (i.e. A new wooden Utility pule) on privately- owned property. The project is minor in nature and similar to existing utility puter located within the Jurnording Grea. VERIZON WIRCHII Applicant/Sponsor Name: Signature: Date: _____/1//9/

Application #

CITY OF BEACON

1 Municipal Plaza, Beacon, NY

Telephone (845) 838-5000 ' http://cityofbeacon.org/

ENTITY DISCLOSURE FORM

(This form must accompany every land use application and every application for a building permit or certificate of occupancy submitted by any person(s))

Disclosure of the names and addresses of all persons or entities owning any interest or controlling position of any Limited Liability Company, Partnership, Limited Partnership, Joint Venture, Corporation or other business entity (hereinafter referred to as the "Entity") filing a land-use application with the City is required pursuant to Section 223-62 of the City Code of the City of Beacon. Applicants shall submit supplemental sheets for any additional information that does not fit within the below sections, identifying the Section being supplemented.

SECTION A

Veriza Willess NY 145-86 rtnorship d/ble County - PourhKeepsie Name of Applicant: () (AASt inital John Stret inte 100 Address of Applicant: 1275 Scott OL Telephone Contact Information: <u>*C*/</u>

SECTION B. List all owners of record of the subject property or any part thereof.

Name	Residence or Business Address	Telephone Number	Date and Manner title was acquired	Date and place where the deed or document of conveyance was recorded or filed.
ABility Beyond	4 BerKShine Blod Bethel, CT	TBD	12/3/10 Deed	Durchell Courty Charles office
Dijasility	06801			0/5/00

SECTION B. Is any owner of record an officer, elected or appointed, or employee of the City of Beacon or related, by marriage or otherwise, to a City Council member, planning board member, zoning board of appeals member or employee of the City of Beacon ?

VES



If yes, list every Board, Department, Office, agency or other position with the City of Beacon with which a party has a position, unpaid or paid, or relationship and identify the agency, title, and date of hire.

Agency	Title	Date of Hire, Date Elected, or Date Appointed	Position or Nature of Relationship

SECTION C. If the applicant is a contract vendee, a duplicate original or photocopy of the full and complete contract of purchase, including all riders, modification and amendments thereto, shall be submitted with the application.

SECTION D. Have the present owners entered into a contract for the sale of all or any part of the subject property and, if in the affirmative, please provide a duplicate original or photocopy of the fully and complete contract of sale, including all riders, modifications and amendments thereto.

YES

NO

I, \underline{Sag} \underline{Sag} being first duly sworn, according to law, deposes and says that the statements made herein are true, accurate, and complete.

to the best knowledge (Print) Sont origin Attorney for Verin Wireley (Signature)

DOCUMENTATION OF PUBLIC UTILITY STATUS and OVERVIEW OF <u>ROSENBERG</u> DECISION

In *Cellular Tel. Co. v. Rosenberg*, 82 N.Y.2d 364 (1993), the New York Court of Appeals determined that cellular telephone companies are public utilities. The Court held that proposed cellular telephone installations are to be reviewed by zoning boards pursuant to the traditional standard afforded to public utilities, rather than the standards generally required for the necessary approvals:

It has long been held that a zoning board may not exclude a utility from a community where the utility has shown a need for its facilities. There can be no question of [the carrier's] need to erect the cell site to eliminate service gaps in its cellular telephone service area. The proposed cell site will also improve the transmission and reception of existing service. Application of our holding in Matter of Consolidated Edison to sitings of cellular telephone companies, such as [the applicant], permits those companies to construct structures necessary for their operation which are prohibited because of existing zoning laws and to provide the desired services to the surrounding community. . . . Moreover, the record supports the conclusion that [the applicant] sustained its burden of proving the requisite public necessity. [The applicant] established that the erection of the cell site would enable it to remedy gaps in its service area that currently prevent it from providing adequate service to its customers in the . . . area.

Rosenberg, 82 N.Y.2d at 372-74 (citing Consolidated Edison Co. v. Hoffman, 43 N.Y.2d 598 (1978)).

This special treatment of a public utility stems from the essential nature of its service, and the fact that a public utility transmitting facility must be located in a particular area in order to provide service. For instance, water towers, electric switching stations, water pumping stations and telephone poles must be in particular locations (including within residential districts) in order to provide the utility to a specific area: [Public] utility services are needed in all districts; the service can be provided only if certain facilities (for example, substations) can be located in commercial and even in residential districts. To exclude such use would result in an impairment of an essential service.

Anderson, New York Zoning Law Practice, 3d ed., p. 411 (1984) (hereafter "Anderson"). See also, *Cellular Tel. Co. v. Rosenberg*, 82 N.Y.2d 364 (1993); *Payne v. Taylor*, 178 A.D.2d 979 (4th Dep't 1991).

Accordingly, the law in New York is that a municipality may not prohibit facilities, including towers, necessary for the transmission of a public utility. In *Rosenberg*, 82 N.Y.2d at 371, the court found that "the construction of an antenna tower... to facilitate the supply of cellular telephone service is a 'public utility building' within the meaning of a zoning ordinance." See also *Long Island Lighting Co. v. Griffin*, 272 A.D. 551 (2d Dep't 1947) (a municipal corporation may not prohibit the expansion of a public utility where such expansion is necessary to the maintenance of essential services).

DOCUMENTATION OF PERSONAL WIRELESS SERVICE FACILITY STATUS and FEDERAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1996

In addition to being considered a public utility under New York decisional law, Verizon Wireless is classified as a provider of "personal wireless services" under the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "TCA").

As stated in the long title of the Act, the goal of the TCA is to "promote competition and reduce regulation in order to secure lower prices and higher quality services for American telecommunications consumers and encourage the rapid deployment of new telecommunications technologies." *Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. LA. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996).*

The TCA mandates a process designed to achieve competitive telecommunications markets. In keeping with the central goals of the TCA, the authors specify in Section 253(a) that "[n]o State or local statute or regulation...may prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting the ability of <u>any</u> entity to provide <u>any</u> interstate or intrastate telecommunications service." *TCA Section* 253(a), emphasis added.

Section 332(c) of the TCA preserves the authority of a State or local government or instrumentality thereof over decisions regarding the placement, construction and modification of personal wireless service facilities, subject to several important limitations:

- the "regulation of the placement...of personal wireless service facilities by any State or local government or instrumentality thereof shall not unreasonably discriminate among providers of functionally equivalent services" (*TCA* \$332(c)(7)(B)(i)(I));
- the "regulation of the placement...of personal wireless service facilities by any State or local government or instrumentality thereof shall not prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting the provision of personal wireless services" (*TCA* \$332(c)(7)(B)(i)(III));
- Applications must be processed within a reasonable period of time, and any decision to deny a request for placement of personal wireless service facilities must be in writing and supported by substantial evidence contained in a written record $(TCA \ S332(c)(7)(B)(ii) \ and \ (iii));$ and
- regulations based upon the perceived environmental effects of radio frequency emissions are prohibited, so long as the proposed personal wireless service facility complies with FCC regulations concerning such emissions (*TCA* \$332(c)(7)(B)(iv)).

A reference copy of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 is included herewith.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

REPORT 104-458

TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1996

JANUARY 31, 1996. Ordered to be printed

Mr. BLILEY, from the committee of conference, submitted the following

CONFERENCE REPORT

[To accompany S. 652]

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the House to the bill (S. 652), to provide for a pro-competitive, de-regulatory national policy framework designed to accelerate rapidly private sector deployment of advanced telecommunications and information technologies and services to all Americans by opening all telecommunications markets to competition, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the House to the text of the bill and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the House amendment, insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCES.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Telecommunications Act of 1996".

(b) REFERENCES.—Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).

SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; references.

Sec. 2. Table of contents. Sec. 3. Definitions.

22-327

Federal Communications Commission Library

tity that has obtained an attachment to such conduit or right-of-way so that such entity may have a reasonable one sanity to add to or modify its existing attachment. Any may that adds to or modifies its existing attachment after receiving such notification shall bear a proportionate show of the costs incurred by the owner in making such with auct, conduit, or right-of-way accessible.

such is, auct, conduit, or right-of-way accessible. right-of-way shall not be required to bear any of the sub of rearranging or replacing its attachment is used rearrangement or replacement is required and is attachment sought by any other entity

SEC. 704. FACILITIES SITING; RADIO FREQUENCY EMISSION STAND-ARDS.

(a) NATIONAL WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SITING POL-ICY.—Section 332(c) (47 U.S.C. 332(c)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

(7) PRESERVATION OF LOCAL ZONING AUTHORITY.

"(A) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—Except as provided in this paragraph, nothing in this Act shall limit or affect the authority of a State or local government or instrumentality thereof over decisions regarding the placement, construction, and modification of personal wireless service facilities. "(B) LIMITATIONS.—

(i) The regulation of the placement, construction,

and modification of personal wireless service facilities by any State or local government or instrumentality thereof—

"(I) shall not unreasonably discriminate among providers of functionally equivalent services: and

ices; and "(II) shall not prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting the provision of personal wireless services.

"(ii) A State or local government or instrumentality thereof shall act on any request for authorization to place, construct, or modify personal wireless service facilities within a reasonable period of time after the request is duly filed with such government or instrumentality, taking into account the nature and scope of such request.

"(iii) Any decision by a State or local government or instrumentality thereof to deny a request to place, construct, or modify personal wireless service facilities shall be in writing and supported by substantial evidence contained in a written record.

"(iv) No State or local government or instrumentality thereof may regulate the placement, construction, and modification of personal wireless service facilities on the basis of the environmental effects of radio frequency emissions to the extent that such facilities comply with the Commission's regulations concerning such emissions. "(v) Any person adversely affected by any final action or failure to act by a State or local government or any instrumentality thereof that is inconsistent with this subparagraph may, within 30 days after such action or failure to act, commence an action in any court of competent jurisdiction. The court shall hear and decide such action on an expedited basis. Any person adversely affected by an act or failure to act by a State or local government or any instrumentality thereof that is inconsistent with clause (iv) may petition the Commission for relief.

"(C) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this paragraph—

"(i) the term 'personal wireless services' means commercial mobile services, unlicensed wireless services, and common carrier wireless exchange access services;

"(ii) the term 'personal wireless service facilities' means facilities for the provision of personal wireless services; and

"(iii) the term 'unlicensed wireless service' means the offering of telecommunications services using duly authorized devices which do not require individual licenses, but does not mean the provision of direct-tohome satellite services (as defined in section 303(v)).".

(b) RADIO FREQUENCY EMISSIONS.—Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall complete action in ET Docket 93-62 to prescribe and make effective rules regarding the environmental effects of radio frequency emissions. (c) AVAILABILITY OF PROPERTY.—Within 180 days of the enact-

(c) AVAILABILITY OF PROPERTY.—Within 180 days of the enactment of this Act, the President or his designee shall prescribe procedures by which Federal departments and agencies may make available on a fair, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory basis, property, rights-of-way, and easements under their control for the placement of new telecommunications services that are dependent, in whole or in part, upon the utilization of Federal spectrum rights for the transmission or reception of such services. These procedures may establish a presumption that requests for the use of property, rightsof-way, and easements by duly authorized providers should be granted absent unavoidable direct conflict with the department or agency's mission, or the current or planned use of the property, rights-of-way, and easements in question. Reasonable fees may be charged to providers of such telecommunications services for use of property, rights-of-way, and easements. The Commission shall prouide technical support to States to encourage them to make property, rights-of-way, and easements under their jurisdiction available for such purposes.

RIERS.

Section 332(c) (47 U.S.C. 332(c)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(8) MOBILE SERVICES ACCESS.—A person engaged in the provision of animercial mobile services, insofar as such person is a engaged, shall not be required to provide equal access to common carriers for the provider of coophane with certains. If

portionate share of the costs incurred by the owner in making such conduit or right-of-way accessible.

Conference agreement

The conference agreement adopts the Senate provision with modifications. The conference agreement amends section 224 of the Communications Act by adding new subsection (e)(1) to allow parties to negotiate the rates, terms, and conditions for attaching to poles, ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way owned or controlled by utilities. New subsection 224(e)(2) establishes a new rate formula charged to telecommunications carriers for the non-useable space of each pole. Such rate shall be based upon the number of attaching entities. The conferees also agree to three additional provisions from the House amendment. First, subsection (g) requires utilities that engage in the provision of telecommunications services or cable services to impute to its costs of providing such service an equal amount to the pole attachment rate for which such company would be liable under section 224. Second, new subsection 224(h) requires utilities to provide written notification to attaching entities of any plans to modify or alter its poles, ducts, conduit, or rights-of-way. New subsection 224(h) also requires any attaching entity that takes advantage of such opportunity to modify its own attachments shall bear a proportionate share of the costs of such alterations. Third, new subsection 224(i) prevents a utility from imposing the cost of rearrangements to other attaching entities if done solely for the benefit of the utility.

SECTION 704—FACILITIES SITING; RADIO FREQUENCY EMISSION STANDARDS

Senate bill

No provision.

House amendment

Section 108 of the House amendment required the Commission to issue regulations within 180 days of enactment for siting of CMS. A negotiated rulemaking committee comprised of State and local governments, public safety agencies and the affected industries were to have attempted to develop a uniform policy to propose to the Commission for the siting of wireless tower sites.

The House amendment also required the Commission to complete its pending Radio Frequency (RF) emission exposure standards within 180 days of enactment. The siting of facilities could not be denied on the basis of RF emission levels for facilities that were in compliance with the Commission standard.

The House amendment also required that to the greatest extent possible the Federal government make available to use of Federal property, rights-of-way, easements and any other physical instruments in the siting of wireless telecommunications facilities.

Conference agreement

The conference agreement creates a new section 704 which prevents Commission preemption of local and State land use decisions and preserves the authority of State and local governments over zoning and land use matters except in the limited circumstances set forth in the conference agreement. The conference agreement also provides a mechanism for judicial relief from zoning decisions that fail to comply with the provisions of this section. It is the intent of the conference that other than under section 332(c)(7)(B)(iv)of the Communications Act of 1934 as amended by this Act and section 704 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 the courts shall have exclusive jurisdiction over all other disputes arising under this section. Any pending Commission rulemaking concerning the preemption of local zoning authority over the placement, construction or modification of CMS facilities should be terminated.

When utilizing the term "functionally equivalent services" the conferees are referring only to personal wireless services as defined in this section that directly compete against one another. The intent of the conferees is to ensure that a State or local government does not in making a decision regarding the placement, construction and modification of facilities of personal wireless services described in this section unreasonably favor one competitor over another. The conferees also intend that the phrase "unreasonably discriminate among providers of functionally equivalent services" will provide localities with the flexibility to treat facilities that create different visual, aesthetic, or safety concerns differently to the extent permitted under generally applicable zoning requirements even if those facilities provide functionally equivalent services. For example, the conferees do not intend that if a State or local government grants a permit in a commercial district, it must also grant a permit for a competitor's 50-foot tower in a residential district.

Actions taken by State or local governments shall not prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting the placement, construction or modification of personal wireless services. It is the intent of this section that bans or policies that have the effect of banning personal wireless services or facilities not be allowed and that decisions be made on a case-by-case basis.

Under subsection (c)(7)(B)(ii), decisions are to be rendered in a reasonable period of time, taking into account the nature and scope of each request. If a request for placement of a personal wireless service facility involves a zoning variance or a public hearing or comment process, the time period for rendering a decision will be the usual period under such circumstances. It is not the intent of this provision to give preferential treatment to the personal wireless service industry in the processing of requests, or to subject their requests to any but the generally applicable time frames for zoning decision.

The phrase "substantial evidence contained in a written record" is the traditional standard used for judicial review of agency actions.

The conferees intend section 332(c)(7)(B)(iv) to prevent a State or local government or its instrumentalities from basing the regulation of the placement, construction or modification of CMS facilities directly or indirectly on the environmental effects of radio frequency emissions if those facilities comply with the Commission's regulations adopted pursuant to section 704(b) concerning such emissions. The limitations on the role and powers of the Commission under this subparagraph relate to local land use regulations and are not intended to limit or affect the Commission's general authority over radio telecommunications, including the authority to regulate the construction, modification and operation of radio facilities.

The conferees intend that the court to which a party appeals a decision under section 332(c)(7)(B)(v) may be the Federal district court in which the facilities are located or a State court of competent jurisdiction, at the option of the party making the appeal, and that the courts act expeditiously in deciding such cases. The term "final action" of that new subparagraph means final administrative action at the State or local government level so that a party can commence action under the subparagraph rather than waiting for the exhaustion of any independent State court remedy otherwise required.

With respect to the availability of Federal property for the use of wireless telecommunications infrastructure sites under section 704(c), the conferees generally adopt the House provisions, but substitute the President or his designee for the Commission.

It should be noted that the provisions relating to telecommunications facilities are not limited to commercial mobile radio licensees, but also will include other Commission licensed wireless common carriers such as point to point microwave in the extremely high frequency portion of the electromagnetic spectrum which rely on line of sight for transmitting communication services.

CARRIERS

Senate bill

Subsection (b) of section 221 of the Senate bill, as passed, states that notwithstanding the MFJ or any other consent decree, no CMS provider will be required by court order or otherwise to provide long distance equal access. The Commission may only order equal access if a CMS provider is subject to the interconnection obligations of section 251 and if the Commission finds that such a requirement is in the public interest. CMS providers shall ensure that its subscribers can obtain unblocked access to the interexchange carrier of their choice through the use of interexchange carrier identification codes, except that the unblocking requirement shall not apply to mobile satellite services unless the Commission finds at is in the public interest.

House amendment

Under section 109 of the House amendment, the Commission shall require providers of two-way switched voice CMS to allow their subscribers to access the telephone toll services provider of their choice through the use of carrier identification codes. The Commission rules will supersede the equal access, balloting and prescription requirements imposed by the MFJ and the AT&T-McCow consent decree. The Commission may exempt carriers or classes of carriers from the requirements of this section if it is conistent with the public interest, convenience, and necessity, and the

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	Federal Communica Wireless Telecomm		sion	
OT COMMISSION	RADIO STATION A	UTHORIZATION		
LICENSEE: CELLCO I	PARTNERSHIP			
ATTN: REGULATORY			Call Sign VQJQ689	File Number
CELLCO PARTNERSH 1120 SANCTUARY PK ALPHARETTA, GA 300	IP WY, #150 GASA5REG	WI		lio Service Upper Band (Block C)
C Registration Number (FR Grant Date 11-26-2008	Effective Date 03-26-2013	Expiration Da 06-13-2019	te	Print Date
Market Number REA001	Chann	el Block	Sub-N	Market Designator 0
	Market			
1st Build-out Date 06-13-2013	2nd Build-out Date 06-13-2019	3rd Build-out Da	nte	4th Build-out Date
vers/Conditions:	are used to provide broadcast op	berations, whether exclusion	sively or in co	mbination with other

services, the licensee must seek renewal of the license either within eight years from the commencement of the broadcast service or within the term of the license had the broadcast service not been provided, whichever period is shorter in length. See 47 CFR §27.13(b).

This authorization is conditioned upon compliance with section 27.16 of the Commission's rules

Conditions:

Pursuant to §309(h) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. §309(h), this license is subject to the following conditions: This license shall not vest in the licensee any right to operate the station nor any right in the use of the frequencies designated in the license beyond the term thereof nor in any other manner than authorized herein. Neither the license nor the right granted thereunder shall be assigned or otherwise transferred in violation of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended. See 47 U.S.C. § 310(d). This license is subject in terms to the right of use or control conferred by §706 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended. See 47 U.S.C. §606.

This license may not authorize operation throughout the entire geographic area or spectrum identified on the hardcopy version. To view the specific geographic area and spectrum authorized by this license, refer to the Spectrum and Market Area information under the Market Tab of the license record in the Universal Licensing System (ULS). To view the license record, go to the ULS homepage at http://wireless.fcc.gov/uls/index.htm?job=home and select "License Search". Follow the instructions on how to search for license information.

ULS License AWS (1710-1755 MHz and 2110-2155 MHz) License - WQPZ962 - Cellco Partnership

Call Sign	WQPZ962	Radio Service	AW - AWS (1710-1755 MHz and 2110-2155 MHz)
Status	Active	Auth Type	Regular
Rural Service	Provider Bidding Credit		
Is the Applicant (RSP) bidding c	seeking a Rural Service Provider redit?		
Reserved Spe	ectrum		
Reserved Spect	rum		
Market			
Market	REA001 - Northeast	Channel Block	E
Submarket	13	Associated Frequencies (MHz)	001740.0000000- 001745.00000000 002140.0000000- 002145.00000000
Dates			
Grant	08/23/2012	Expiration	11/29/2021
Effective	11/30/2017	Cancellation	
Buildout Dea	dlines		
1st		2nd	
Notification	Dates		_ •
1st		2nd	
Licensee			
FRN	0003290673	Туре	General Partnership
Licensee			
Cellco Partner 5055 North Po Engineering Alpharetta, G/ ATTN Regulato	a 30022	P:(770)797-10 F:(770)797-10 E:LicensingCon	
Contact			
Cellco Partner Licensing Man 5055 North Po Engineering Alpharetta, G/ ATTN Regulat	ager bint Pkwy, NP2NE Network A 30022	P:(770)797-10 F:(770)797-10 E:LicensingCor	

Ownership and Qualifications

Radio Service Type	Mobile		
Regulatory Status	Common Carrier	Interconnected	Yes
Alien Ownership			
Is the applicant a fore any foreign governme	eign government or th ent?	e representative of	No
Is the applicant an al	ien or the representat	ive of an alien?	No
Is the applicant a cor foreign government?	poration organized un	der the laws of any	No
the capital stock is ov representatives or by	poration of which mor wned of record or vote a foreign governmen poration organized un	ed by aliens or their t or representative	No
corporation of which owned of record or ve a foreign government	tly or indirectly contro more than one-fourth oted by aliens, their re t or representative the d under the laws of a f	of the capital stock is epresentatives, or by ereof, or by any	Yes

The Alien Ruling question is not answered.

Basic Qualifications

The Applicant answered "No" to each of the Basic Qualification questions.

Tribal Land Bidding Credits

This license did not have tribal land bidding credits.

Demographics

Race Ethnicity

Gender

ULS License - 700 MHz Upper Band (Block C) License - WQJQ689 - Cellco Partnership Page 1 of 2

ULS License 700 MHz Upper Band (Block C) License - WQJQ689 - Cellco Partnership

PA This lice	nse has pending applications:	0008249766	
Call Sign	WQJQ689	Radio Service	WU - 700 MHz Upper Band (Block C)
Status	Active	Auth Type	Regular
Rural Service	Provider Bidding Credit		
Is the Applicant (RSP) bidding c	seeking a Rural Service Provider redit?		
Reserved Spe	ectrum		
Reserved Spect			
Market			
Market	REA001 - Northeast	Channel Block	С
Submarket	0	Associated Frequencies (MHz)	000746.0000000- 000757.00000000 000776.0000000- 000787.00000000
Dates			
Grant	11/26/2008	Expiration	06/13/2019
Effective	08/28/2018	Cancellation	
Buildout Dea	dlines		
1st	06/13/2013	2nd	06/13/2019
Notification	Dates		
1st	06/20/2013	2nd	
Licensee			
FRN	0003290673	Туре	General Partnership
Licensee			
Cellco Partnership 5055 North Point Pkwy, NP2NE Network Engineering Alpharetta, GA 30022 ATTN Regulatory		P:(770)797-10 F:(770)797-10 E:LicensingCor	
Contact Verizon Wireless Licensing Manager 5055 North Point Pkwy, NP2NE Network Engineering		P:(770)797-10 F:(770)797-10 E:LicensingCol	

Alpharetta, GA 30022 ATTN Regulatory

Ownership and Qualifications

Radio Service Mobile Type

Regulatory Status Common Carrier Interconnected Yes

Alien Ownership The Applicant answered "No" to each of the Alien Ownership questions. Basic Qualifications

The Applicant answered "No" to each of the Basic Qualification questions.

Tribal Land Bidding Credits

This license did not have tribal land bidding credits.

Demographics

Race Ethnicity

Gender



PROJECT NO.: 20161509173 SITE NAME: HOWLAND MICRO



Know what's **below**.

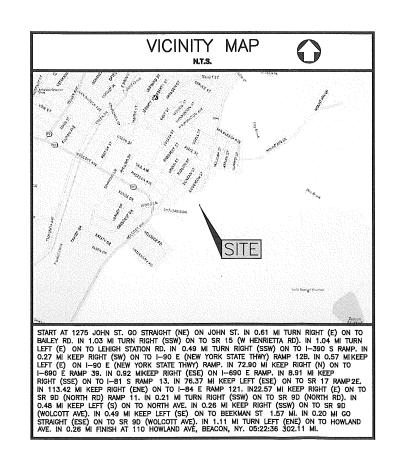
	PROJECT	INFORM
SITE TYPE:	ι	JTILITY POLE
SITE NAME:	ŀ	HOWLAND MICRO
SITE ADDRESS		10 HOWLAND AV BEACON, NY 125
COUNTY:	Γ	DUTCHESS
ZONING DISTRI	CT: F	R1—20
COORDINATES:		ATITUDE: 41° 29 ONGITUDE: 73°
GROUND ELEV	ATION:	251± A.M.S.L. (1
PROPERTY OW	4	ABILITY BEYOND 4 BERKSHIRE BL 3ETHEL, CT 0680
APPLICANT:	F	DRANGE COUNTY POUGHKEEPSIE L D/B/A VERIZON WIRELES 1275 JOHN ST. SUITE 100 WEST HENRIETTA

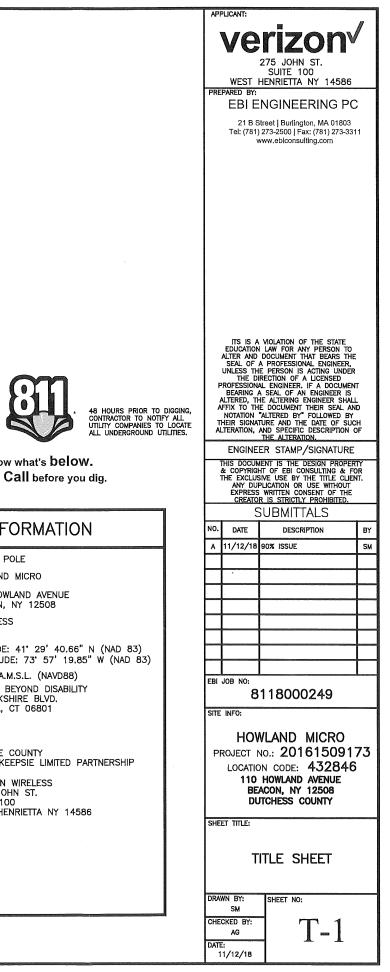
	DRAWING INDEX			
SHEET	DESCRIPTION			
T-1	TITLE SHEET			
Z-1	SITE PLAN			
Z-2	OVERALL SITE PLAN			
Z3	Z-3 POLE ELEVATION, DETAILS & NOTES			
Z-4	Z-4 DETAILS & NOTES			

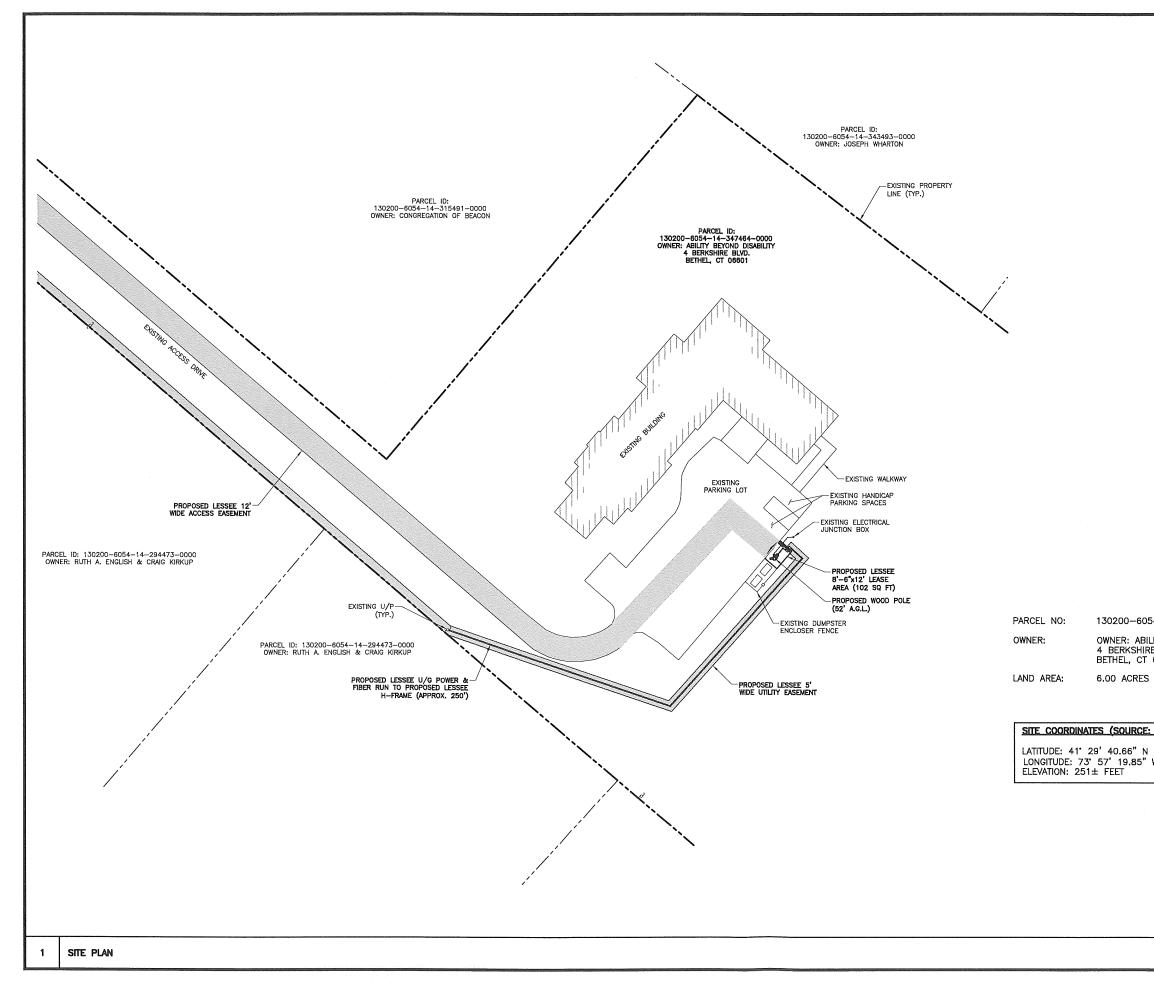
CODE COMPLIANCE

ALL WORK AND MATERIALS SHALL BE PERFORMED AND INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT EDITIONS OF THE CODES AS ADOPTED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNING AUTHORITIES. NOTHING IN THESE PLANS IS TO BE CONSTRUED TO PERMIT WORK NOT CONFORMING TO THE LOCAL CODE: LOCAL CODES:

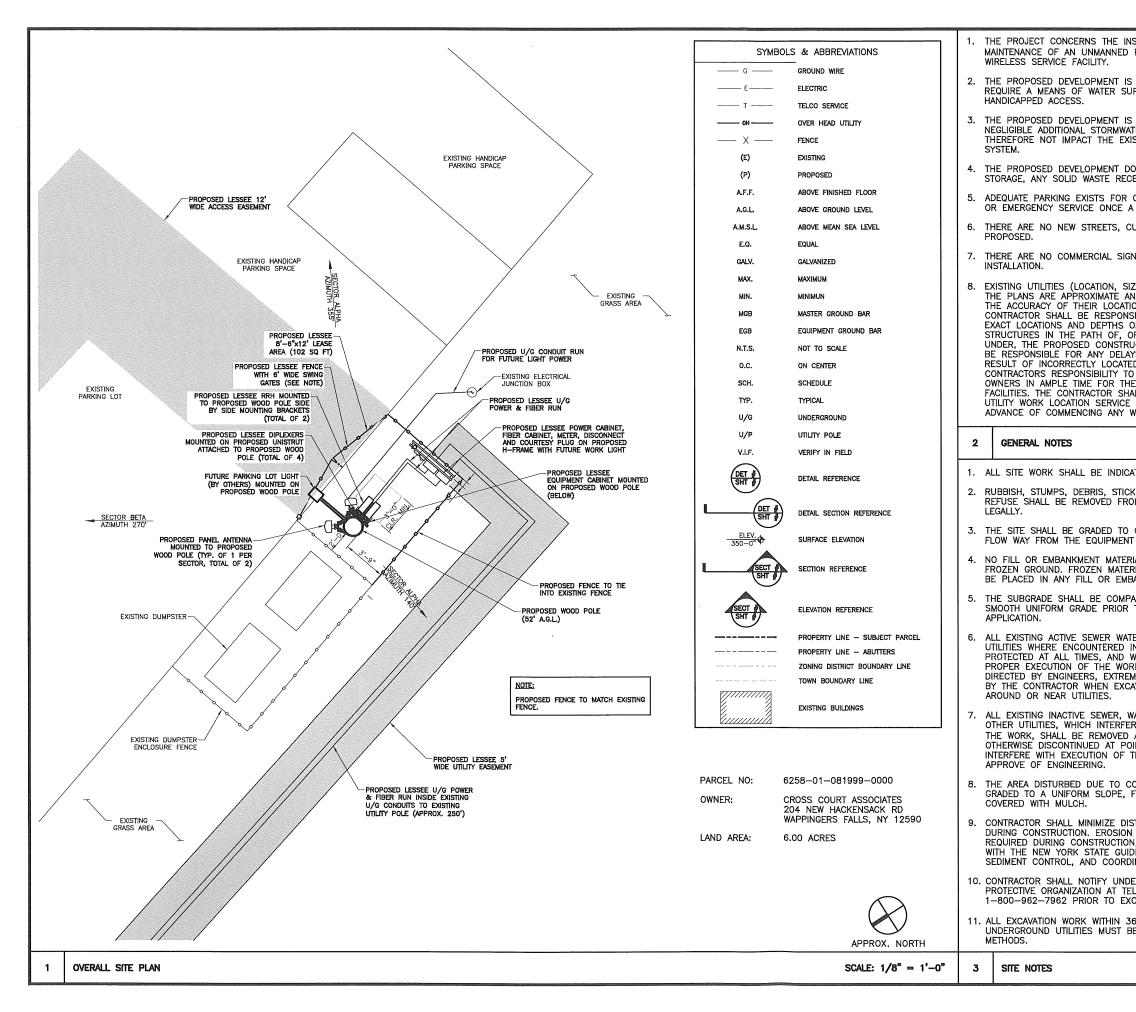
IBC2015 WITH LATEST NEW YORK STATE AMENDMENTS NFPA 70-14 (NEC 2014) TIA-222-G-05 WITH LATEST ADDENDA



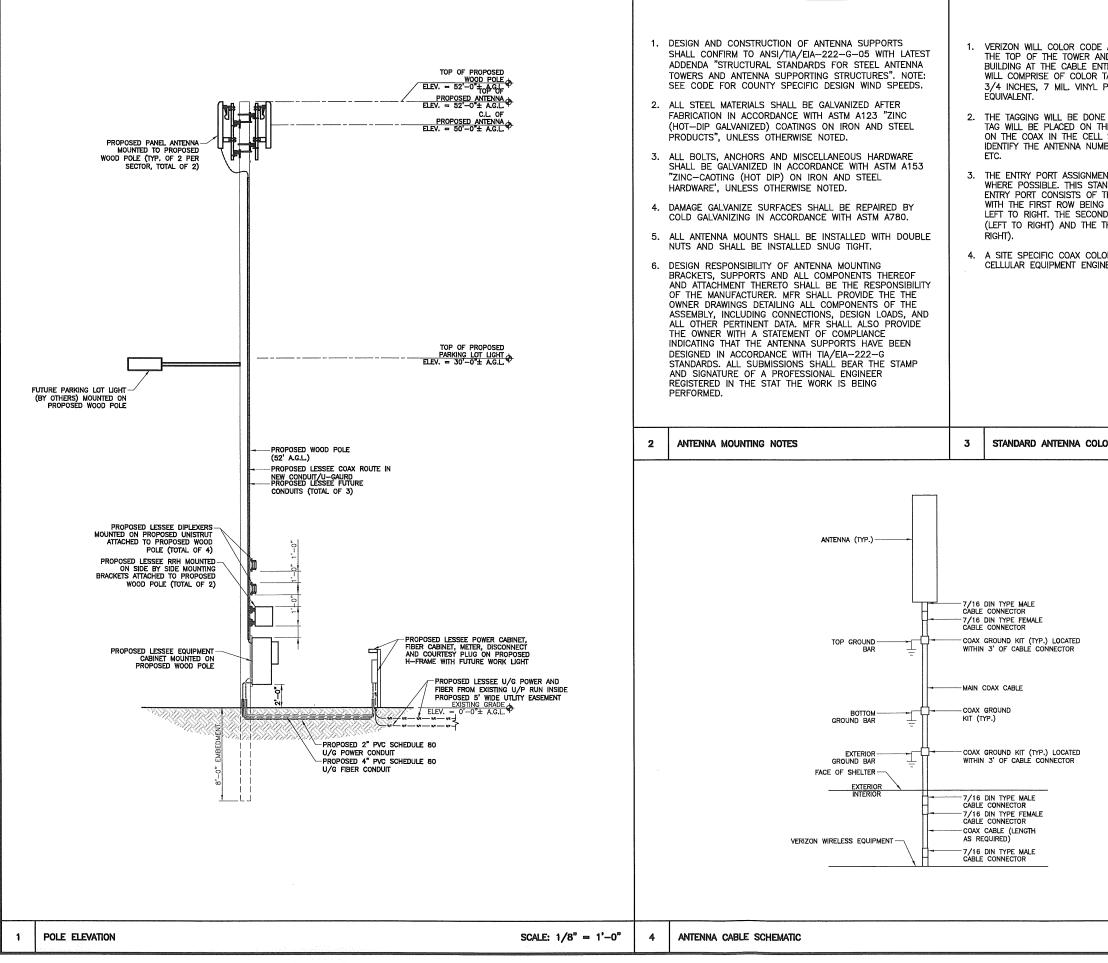




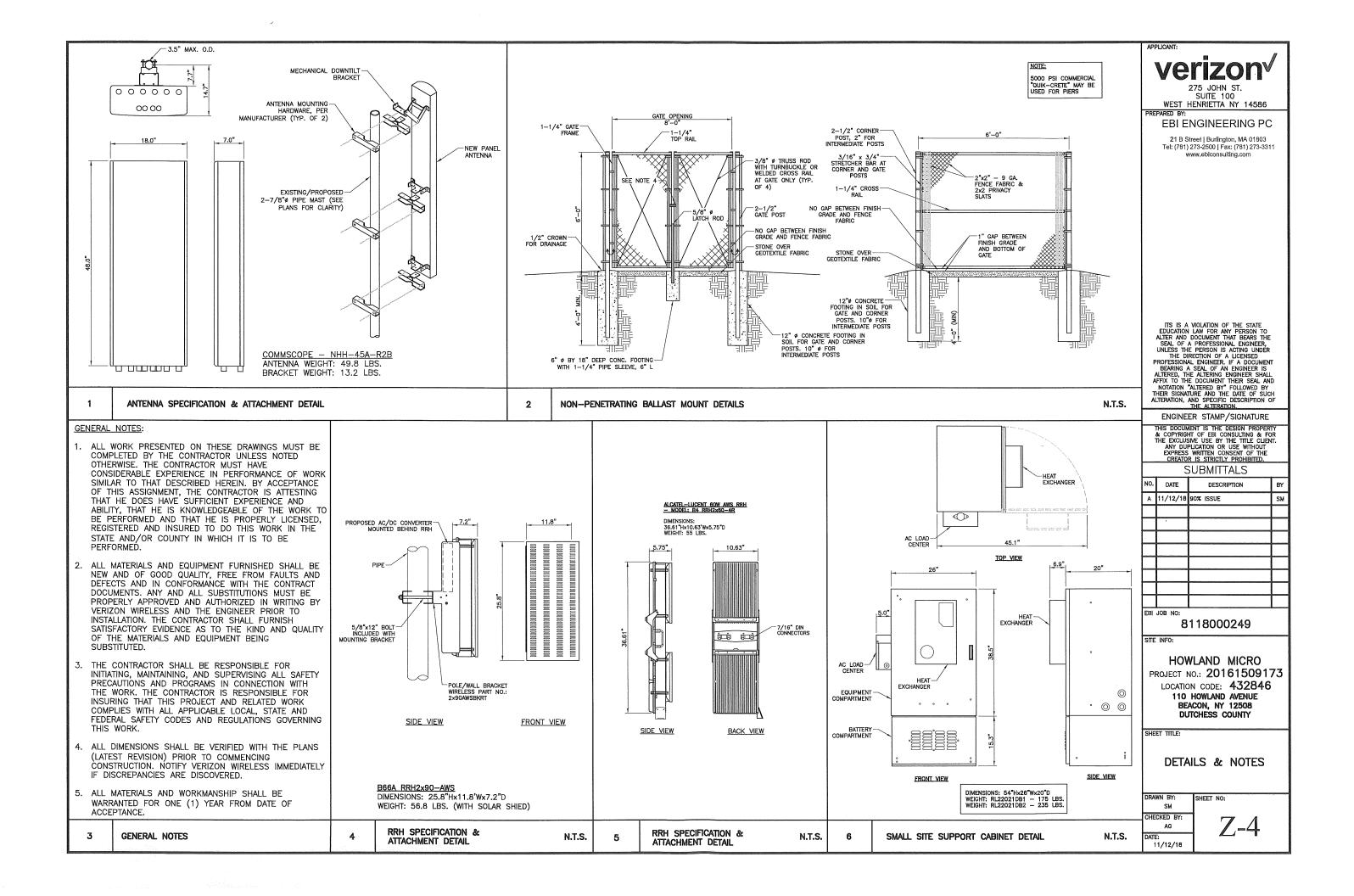
	٨PI	PLICANT:		1
	,	WEST PARED BY: EBIE 21 B S Tel: (781)	PTIZON SUITE 100 HENRIETTA NY 14586 NGINEERING PC Burlington, MA 01803 (737-2500) Fax: (781) 273-331 www.ebiconsulting.com	
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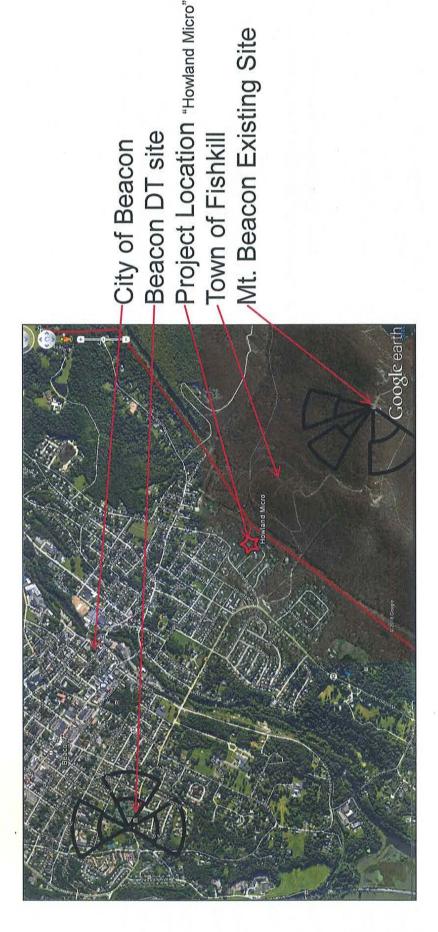
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Engineering Necessity Case – "Howland Micro" **Communications Facility** Verizon Wireless



Prepared by: Michael R. Crosby

Project: The project is the installation and operation of a telephone pole mounted wireless telecommunications site in the City of Beacon (the "Project Facility"). Verizon

Introduction
The purpose of this subsequent analysis is to summarize and communicate the technical radio frequency (RF) information used in the justification of this new site.
Coverage and/or capacity deficiencies are the two main drivers that prompt the need for a new wireless communications facility/site. All sites provide a mixture of both capacity and coverage for the benefit of the end user.
Coverage can be defined as the existence of signal of usable strength and quality in an area, including but not limited to invehicles or in-buildings.
The need for improved coverage is identified by RF Engineers that are responsible for developing and maintaining the network. RF Engineers utilize both theoretical and empirical data sets (propagation maps and real world coverage measurements). Historically, coverage improvements have been the primary justification of new sites.
Capacity can be defined as the amount of traffic (voice and data) a given site can process before significant performance degradation occurs.
When traffic volume exceeds the capacity limits of a site serving a given area, network reliability and user experience degrades. Ultimately this prevents customers from making/receiving calls, applications cease functioning, internet connections time out and data speeds fail. This critical condition is more important than just a simple nuisance for some users. Degradation of network reliability and user experience can affect emergency responders and to persons in a real emergency situation can literally mean life or death.
verizon

Project Need Overview

difference in terrain combined with distance and area morphology prevents effective capacity and coverage capability of Verizon's RF signals in this The project area, located within the City of Beacon is currently served by two sites. These sites are overloaded requiring capacity relief. Additionally the project area is impacted by the significant terrain difference between these two serving sites relative to the project area. This excessive area.

coverage (on low band 700MHz) throughout the project area, it does so from such a great difference in elevation (1,200'+ difference) that the site is project area. This site also provides high band (AWS) service to portions of the project area but again due to the excessive difference in elevation not capable of efficiently or effectively providing the necessary capacity due to Mt. Beacon itself causing excessive interference in and around the requires deactivation as it can no longer function properly as an LTE serving site for this area. Regardless of the need to deactivate Mt. Beacon The primary serving site is Mt. Beacon located in the neighboring town of Fishkill, which is approximately six tenths of a mile south east (of the overlapping/overshooting footprint). In order to mitigate the overlapping footprint and improve interference and capacity conditions, Mt. Beacon project location) situated on a mountain top tower located off Mt. Beacon Monument Rd (near Breakneck Ridge Trail). While this site provides combined with distance to objectives Mt. Beacon is not capable of efficiently or effectively providing the necessary capacity relief and actually degrades area performance and capacity capabilities due to excessive interference in and around the project area (caused by (LTE), additional capacity is currently required even with Mt. Beacon on the air. The second serving site is Beacon DT which is co-located on the roof of a multi-story apartment building off Rt. 9D near South Ave. This site is also requiring capacity relief. While this site is more appropriate for the area than Mt. Beacon, by itself it can not provide the necessary coverage and capacity required to serve the project area. There are other Verizon sites in this general area but due to distance and terrain they also do not provide any significant overlapping coverage in the area in question that could allow for increased capacity and improved coverage from other sources

The primary objectives for this project are to increase capacity and improve high band coverage in the Howland Ave, Rt. 9D area including but not limited to portions of Howland, Wolcott Ave, Tioronda Ave, Union St, Depuyster Ave, East Main Street as well as the surrounding residential and commercial areas. In order to offload capacity from Mt. Beacon and Beacon DT a new dominant server must be created. This new dominant coverage will effectively offload the existing overloaded sites as well as provide improved high band in building coverage.

current application to attach it's antennas to a new 52' tall telephone pole located on Verizon property. Verizon's antennas will utilize 50' for the ACL (Antenna Center Line) with a top of antenna height of 52'. This solution will provide the necessary coverage and capacity improvements needed. Following the search for co-locatable structures to resolve the aforementioned challenges none were found. As a result, Verizon proposes the

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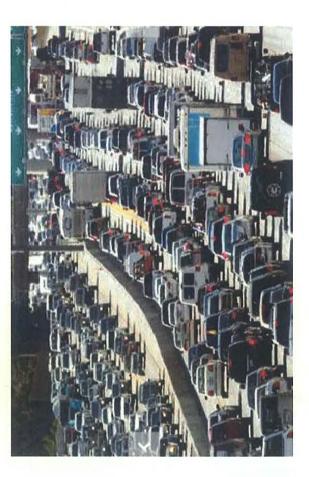
Wireless LTE (Voice and Data) Growth

Each year Verizon experiences substantial increases in data volume including VoLTE (Voice over LTE) that its customers utilize. Data traffic grew 65% between Q3 2016 and Q3 2017 (Ericsson Mobility Report, November 2017) Machine to Machine communications will also increase the data burden on wireless networks. During the next five years increasingly more services that improve our safety and make our lives easier will become available via the wireless infrastructure, such as:

- Autonomous vehicular communications including automatic 911 notification when airbag deploys.
 - Medical monitors that alert caretakers of patient related issues. ī
- Home alarms that notify people when their child arrives home from school. ī
 - Smart street lights that notify the city when they are not working.
- City garbage cans that let people know when they need to be emptied. ī
- Tracking watches that can aid in finding lost Alzheimer patients, children, etc. ï

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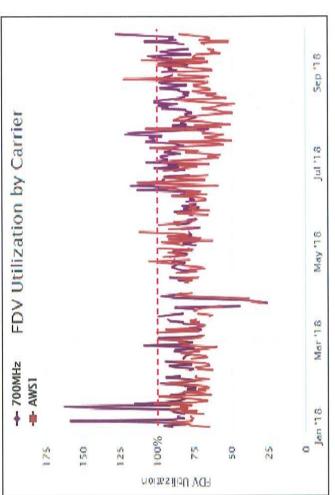
Capacity in this analysis is evaluated with up to three metrics further explained below. These metrics assist in determining actual usage for a given site as well as are used to project when a site is expected to run out of capacity (i.e. reach a point of exhaustion where it can no longer process the volume of voice and data requested by local wireless devices, thus no longer providing adequate service).

- Forward Data Volume ("FDV"), is a measurement of usage (data throughput) on a particular site over a given period of time.
- Average Schedule Eligible User ("ASEU"), is a measurement of the loading of the control channels and systems of a given site.
- Average Active Connections ("AvgAC") is a measurement of the number of devices actively connected to a site in any given time slot.

Verizon Wireless uses proprietary algorithms developed by a task force of engineers and computer programmers to monitor each site in the network and accurately project and identify when sites will approach their capacity limits. Using a rolling two-year window for projected exhaustion dates allows enough time, in most cases, to develop and activate a new site. It is critical that these capacity approaching sectors are identified early and the process gets started and completed in time for new solutions (sites) to be on air before network issues impact the customers.

verizon

Capacity Utilization FDV (Mt. Beacon Gamma)



Summary: This graph shows FDV (Forward Data Volume) which is a measurement of the customer data usage that this sector currently serves. As this limit is approached, data rates slow to unacceptable levels, potentially causing unreliable service for Verizon Wireless customers.

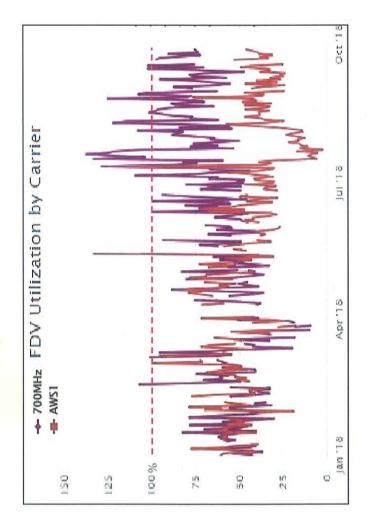
The purple line represents the daily max busy hour 700MHz utilization on the **Gamma** sector of the **Mt. Beacon** site. The dark red line represents the daily max busy hour 2100MHz (AWS) utilization on the **Gamma** sector of the **Mt. Beacon** site. The red dashed line is the limit where the sector reaches exhaustion and service starts to significantly degrade. The point in time where we see the purple or dark red lines reach or exceed the red dashed line is when service quickly degrades as usage continues to increase.

Displaying the FDV separately by carrier reveals the inability of high band (AWS) to resolve the capacity issues from existing sites described in this case. High band (AWS/PCS propagation characteristics prevent proper FDV utilization between carriers in coverage challenged areas like the **Electric Blanket** project area. Network densification is required.

this condition as shown by the dark red line exceeding max utilization threshold as well. Keep in mind those customers served by AWS (high band - dark red line) are not as likely to experience this issue they have recently been subject to requirements as shown by the purple line exceeding the max utilization threshold (red dashed line). While customers in weaker RF areas which are more dependent on the low band (700MHz - purple line) continue to experience this challenges which are more impacted by high band (AWS). FDV is one of three metrics used in this presentation to issue. Cell edge (weak/variable) conditions create the disparity between high and low bands due to propagation Detail: The existing Mt. Beacon Gamma sector shown above has exceeded it's capability of supporting FDV evaluate capacity capability in this area.



Capacity Utilization FDV (Beacon DT Beta)



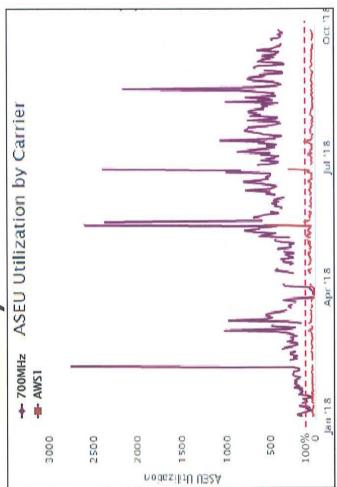
Summary: This graph shows FDV (Forward Data Volume) which is a measurement of the customer data usage that this sector currently serves. As this limit is approached, data rates slow to unacceptable levels, potentially causing unreliable service for Verizon Wireless customers.

The purple line represents the daily max busy hour 700MHz utilization on the **Alpha** sector of the **Beacon DT** site. The dark red line represents the daily max busy hour 2100MHz (AWS) utilization on the **Beta** sector of the **Beacon DT** site. The red dashed line is the limit where the sector reaches exhaustion and service starts to significantly degrade. The point in time where we see the purple or dark red lines reach or exceed the red dashed line is when service quickly degrades as usage continues to increase.

Displaying the FDV separately by carrier reveals the inability of high band (AWS) to resolve the capacity issues from existing sites described in this case. High band (AWS/PCS propagation characteristics prevent proper FDV utilization between carriers in coverage challenged areas like the **Howland Micro** project area. Network densification is required.

requirements as shown by the purple and dark red lines exceeding the max utilization threshold (red dashed line). FDV Detail: The existing Beacon DT Beta sector shown above has recently exceeded it's capability of supporting FDV is one of three metrics used in this presentation to evaluate capacity capability in this area

Capacity Utilization ASEU (Mt. Beacon Gamma)



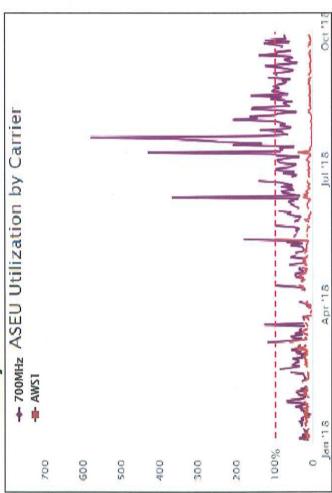
Summary: This graph shows ASEU (Average Schedule Eligible User). ASEU is a measurement of the loading of the control channels and systems of a given site. The ASEU load is heavily impacted by distant users or those in poor RF conditions. The purple line represents the daily max busy hour 700MHz utilization on the **Gamma** sector of the **Mt. Beacon** site. The dark red line represents the daily max busy hour 2100MHz (AWS) utilization on the **Gamma** sector of the **Mt. Beacon** site. The red dashed line is the limit where the sector reaches exhaustion and service starts to significantly degrade. The point in time where we see the purple or dark red lines reach or exceed the red dashed line is when service quickly degrades as usage continues to increase.

Displaying the ASEU separately by carrier reveals the inability of high band (AWS) to resolve the capacity issues from existing sites described in this case. High band (AWS/PCS propagation characteristics prevent proper ASEU utilization between carriers in coverage challenged areas like the **Electric Blanket** project area. Network densification is required. Detail: The existing Mt. Beacon Gamma sector cannot support the data traffic demand throughout the extents of the excessively large area it covers. Mt. Beacon Gamma is already overloaded, as shown challenges which more significantly impact high band (AWS). The Mt. Beacon site is too far away to (weak/variable) conditions create the disparity between high and low bands due to propagation by the purple actual use line exceeding the red dashed exhaustion threshold line. Cell edge effectively serve this portion of the City of Beacon.

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Capacity Utilization ASEU (Beacon DT Beta)



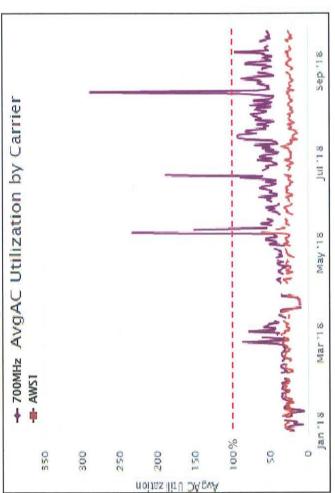
Summary: This graph shows ASEU (Average Schedule Eligible User). ASEU is a measurement of the loading of the control channels and systems of a given site. The ASEU load is heavily impacted by distant users or those in poor RF conditions. The purple line represents the daily max busy hour 700MHz utilization on the **Beta** sector of the **Beacon DT** site. The dark red line represents the daily max busy hour 2100MHz (AVVS) utilization on the **Beta** sector of the **Beacon DT** site. The red dashed line is the limit where the sector reaches exhaustion and service starts to significantly degrade. The point in time where we see the purple or dark red lines reach or exceed the red dashed line is when service quickly degrades as usage continues to increase.

Displaying the ASEU separately by carrier reveals the inability of high band (AWS) to resolve the capacity issues from existing sites described in this case. High band (AWS/PCS propagation characteristics prevent proper ASEU utilization between carriers in coverage challenged areas like the **Howland Micro** project area. Network densification is required.

significantly impact high band (AWS). The Beacon DT site requires network densification throughout extents of the area it covers. Beacon DT Beta is already overloaded, as shown by the purple actual Detail: The existing Beacon DT Beta sector cannot support the data traffic demand throughout the use line exceeding the red dashed exhaustion threshold line. Cell edge (weak/variable) conditions create the disparity between high and low bands due to propagation challenges which more it's serving footprint



Capacity Utilization AvgAC (Mt. Beacon Gamma)



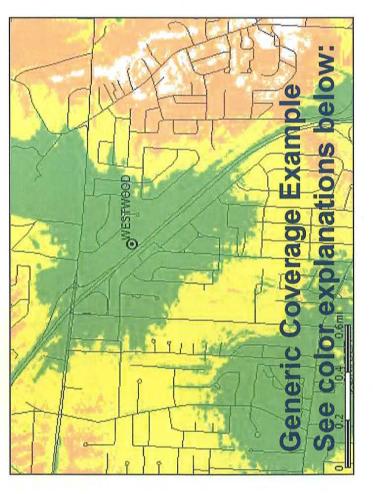
Summary: This graph shows AvgAC (Average Active Connections). AvgAC utilization by carrier is a measurement of max active connection capacity per sector in any given time slot. When this limit is reached, no additional devices will be able to connect to the site, resulting in connection failures and dropped calls.

The purple line represents the daily max busy hour 700MHz utilization on the **Gamma** sector of the **Mt. Beacon** site. The dark red line represents the daily max busy hour 2100MHz (AWS) utilization on the **Gamma** sector of the **Mt. Beacon** site. The red dashed line is the limit where the sector reaches exhaustion and service starts to significantly degrade. The point in time where we see the purple or dark red lines reach or exceed the red dashed line is when service quickly degrades as usage continues to increase.

This graph helps to reveal foliage impact affecting variable coverage areas which result with a decline in AWS utilization while 700MHz utilization increases at the time of increased springtime foliage. This further complicates capacity offload capability for high band carriers. Network densification is required.

large area it covers and has already reached overloaded conditions recently, as shown by the daily max Detail: The existing Mt. Beacon Gamma sector cannot support the number of users in the excessively busy hour utilization line peaking above the red dashed exhaustion threshold line.

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Coverage is best shown via coverage maps. RF engineers use computer simulation tools that take into account terrain, vegetation, building types, and site specifics to model the RF environment. This model is used to simulate the real world network and assist engineers to evaluate the impact of a proposed site (along with industry experience and other tools). Most Verizon Wireless sites provide 3G CDMA at 850 MHz and 4G LTE at 700 MHz. As capacity requirements increase, higher frequency PCS (1900 MHz) and AWS (2100 MHz) carriers are added. In some mountaintop situations the high band AWS and PCS carriers are not effective due to excessive distance from the user population.

Coverage provided by a given site is affected by the frequencies used. Lower frequencies propagate further distances, and are less attenuated by clutter than higher frequencies. To provide similar coverage levels at higher frequencies, a denser network of sites is required (network densification).

Green = -85dBm RSRP, typically serves suburban residential and light commercial buildings (stronger coverage levels may be Orange = -105dBm RSRP, rural highway coverage, subject to variable conditions including fading and seasonality gaps needed for proper evaluation in urban applications or where more substantial building construction exists) Yellow = -95dBm RSRP, typically serves most rural/suburban-residential and in car applications White = <-105dBm RSRP, variable to no reliable coverage gap area Note the affect of clutter on the predicted coverage footprint above

*Signal strength requirements vary as dictated by specific market conditions More detailed, site-specific coverage slides are later in the presentation



Explanation of this Search Area



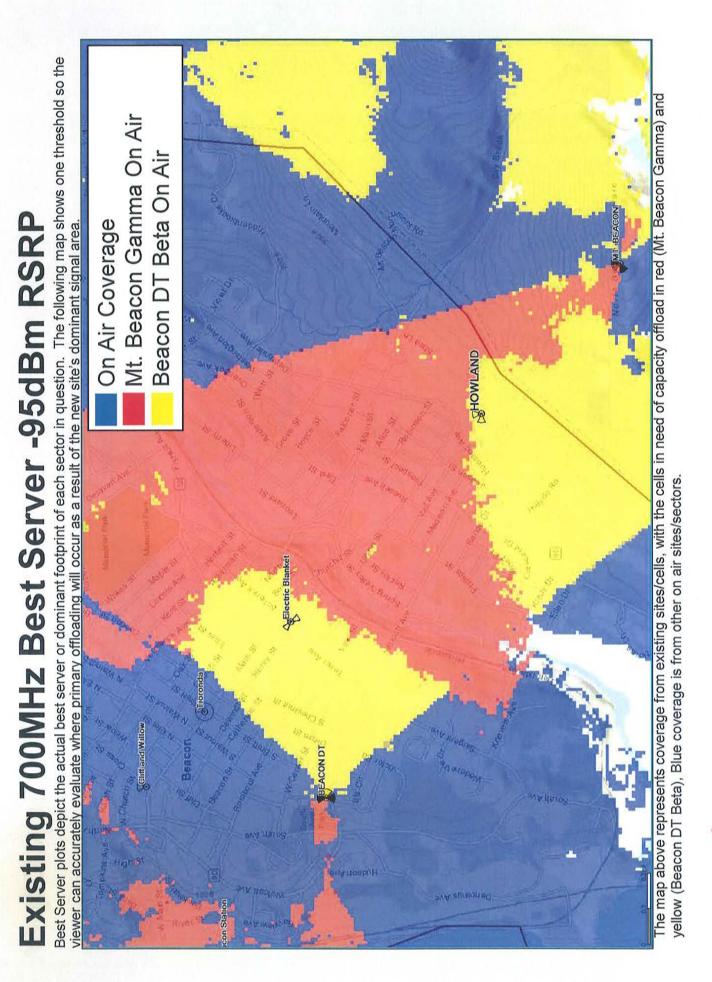
Howland micro Search Area

A **Search Area** is the geographical area within which a new site is targeted to solve a coverage or capacity deficiency. Three of the factors taken into consideration when defining a search area are topography, user density, and the existing network.

- **Topography** must be considered to minimize the obstacles between the proposed site and the target coverage area. For example, a site at the bottom of a ridge will not be able to cover the other side from a certain height.
- In general, the farther from a site the User Population is, the weaker the RF conditions are and the worse their experience is likely to be. These distant users also have an increased impact on the serving site's capacity. In the case of a multi sector site, centralized proximity is essential to allow users to be evenly distributed and allow efficient utilization of the site's resources.
- The existing Network Conditions also guide the design of a new site. Sites placed too close together create interference due to overlap and are an inefficient use of resources. Sites that are too tall or not properly integrated with existing sites cause interference and degrade service for existing users.
- Existing co-locatable structures inside the search area as well as within a reasonable distance of the search area are submitted by site acquisition and reviewed by RF Engineering. If possible RF will make use of existing or nearby structures before proposing to build new towers.

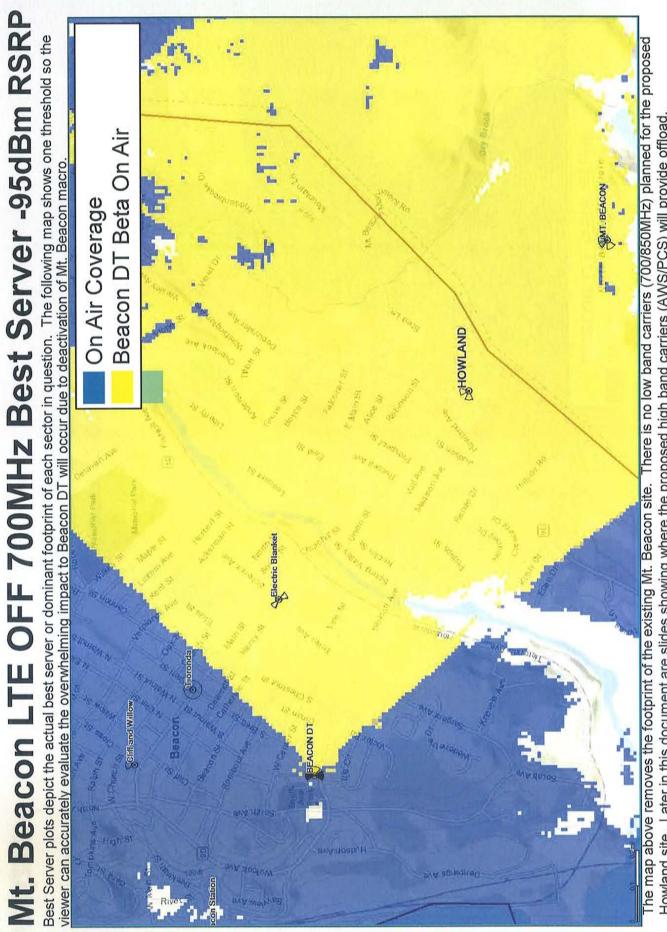
Howland micro site will provide dominant and dedicated signal to portions of Beacon helping to improve area to improve wireless service capacity and coverage. By offloading Beacon DT and displacing traffic add one new 'micro' cell facility within or as near as possible to this centrally and strategically located To resolve the coverage and capacity deficiencies previously detailed, Verizon Wireless is seeking to from Mt. Beacon with the proposed site, adequate and reliable service will be provided. The new not only the area roads but also adjacent populated areas.

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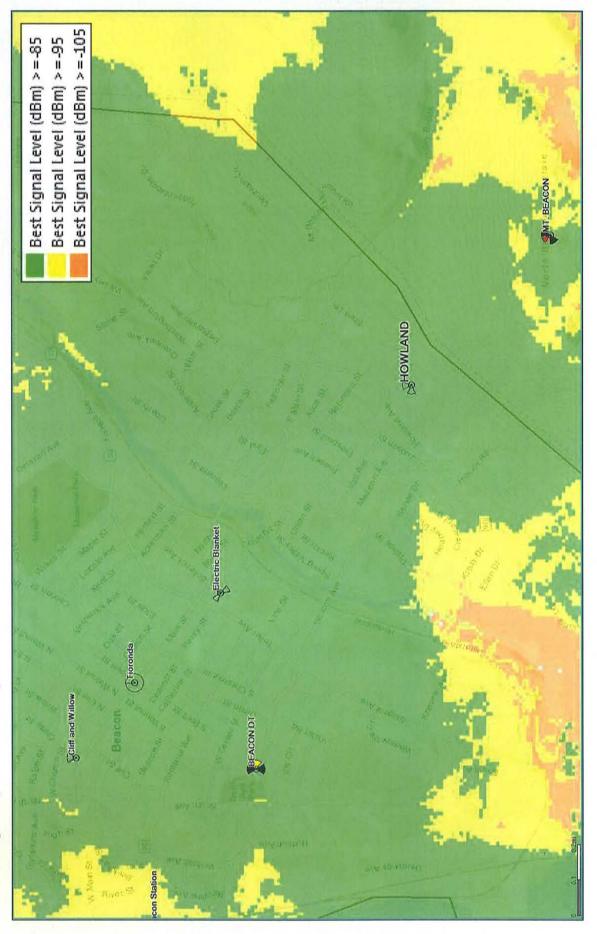


Howland site. Later in this document are slides showing where the proposed high band carriers (AWS/PCS) will provide offload.

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Existing 700MHz Coverage

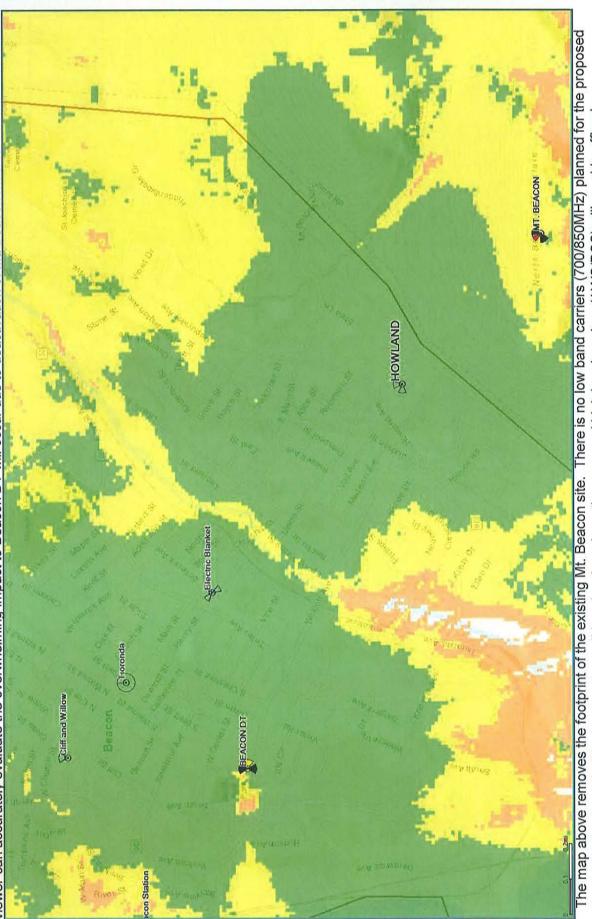
This coverage map shows existing low band RF conditions in and around the Howland Micro site area.



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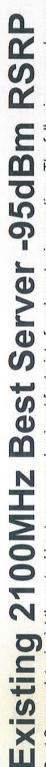
Mt. Beacon LTE OFF 700MHz Best Server -95dBm RSRP

Best Server plots depict the actual best server or dominant footprint of each sector in question. The following map shows one threshold so the viewer can accurately evaluate the overwhelming impact to Beacon DT will occur due to deactivation of Mt. Beacon macro.

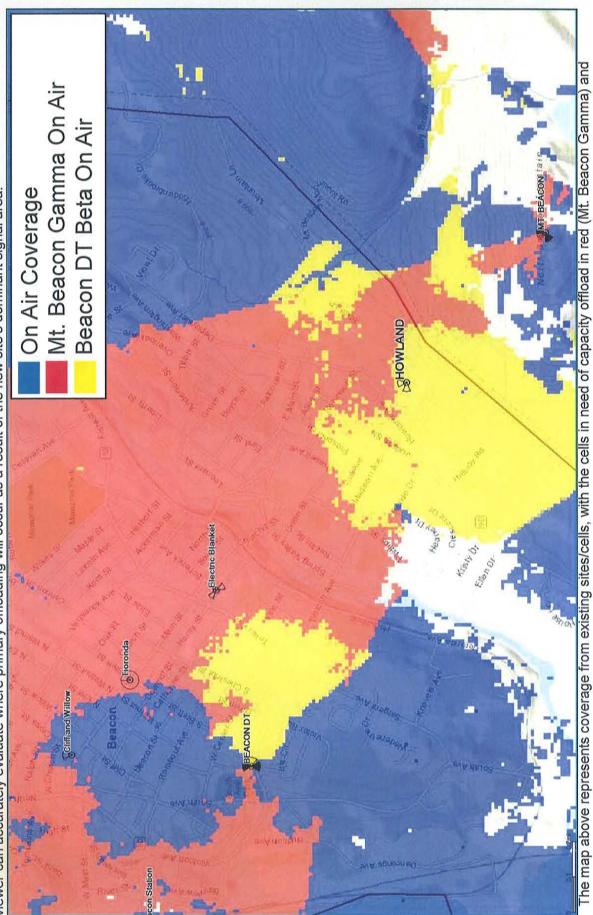


Howland site. Later in this document are slides showing where the proposed high band carriers (AWS/PCS) will provide offload.

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Best Server plots depict the actual best server or dominant footprint of each sector in question. The following map shows one threshold so the viewer can accurately evaluate where primary offloading will occur as a result of the new site's dominant signal area.

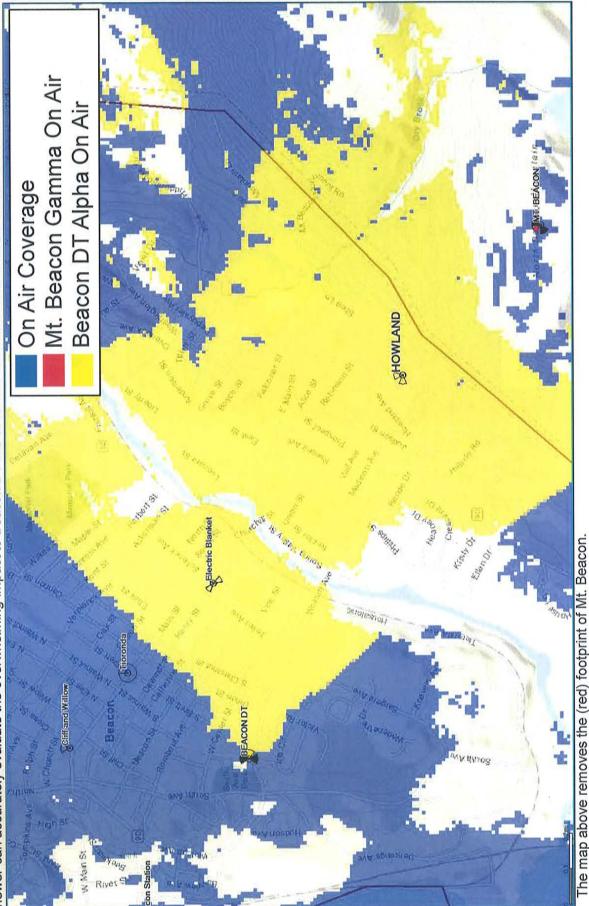


yellow (Beacon DT Beta) Blue coverage is from other on air sites/sectors.



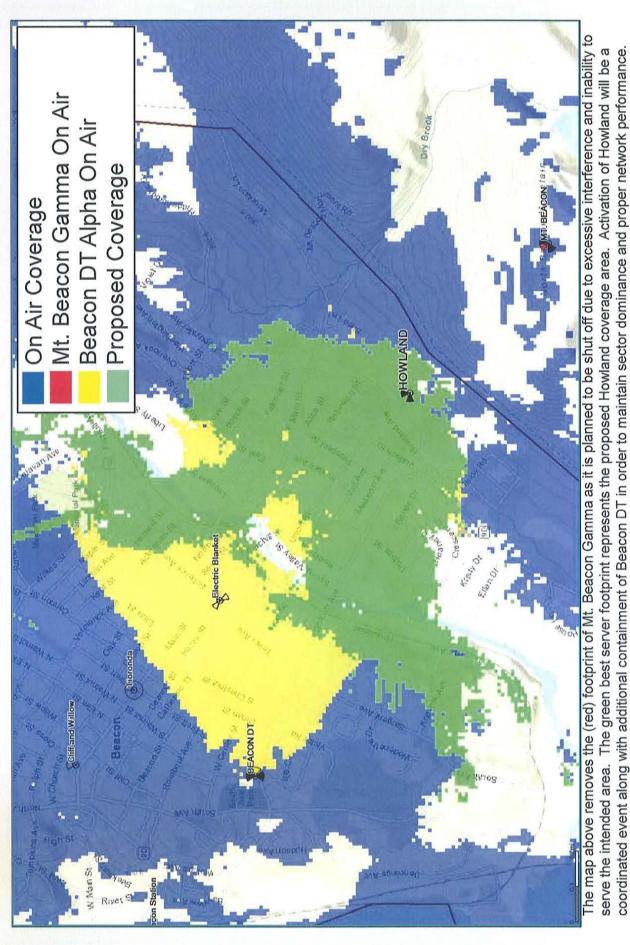
Proposed 2100MHz Best Server -95dBm RSRP

Best Server plots depict the actual best server or dominant footprint of each sector in question. The following map shows one threshold so the viewer can accurately evaluate the overwhelming impact to Beacon DT will occur due to deactivation of Mt. Beacon macro.



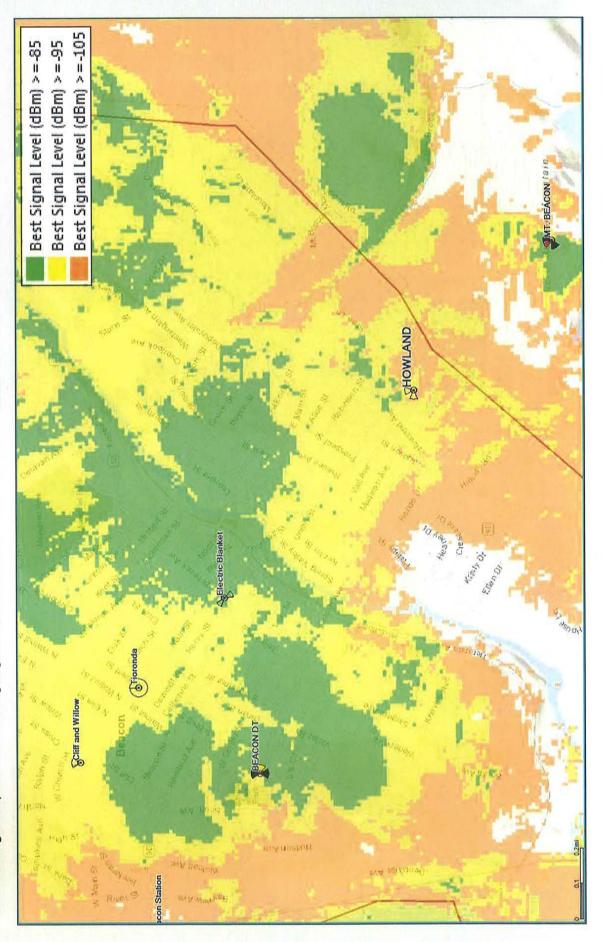


Best Server plots depict the actual best server or dominant footprint of each sector in question. The following map shows one threshold so the viewer can accurately evaluate where primary offloading will occur as a result of the new site's dominant signal area (at 50' ACL).





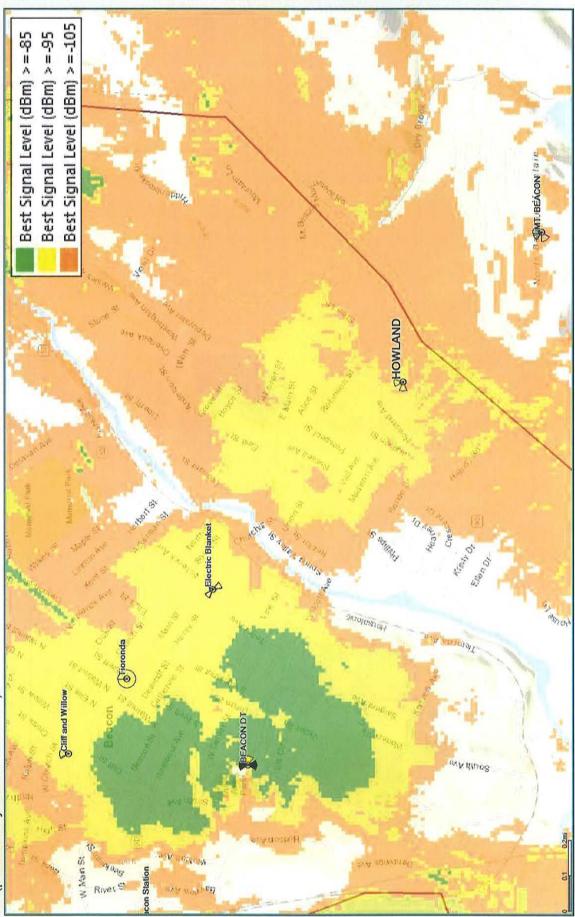
This coverage map shows existing high band RF conditions in and around the Electric Blanket site area.



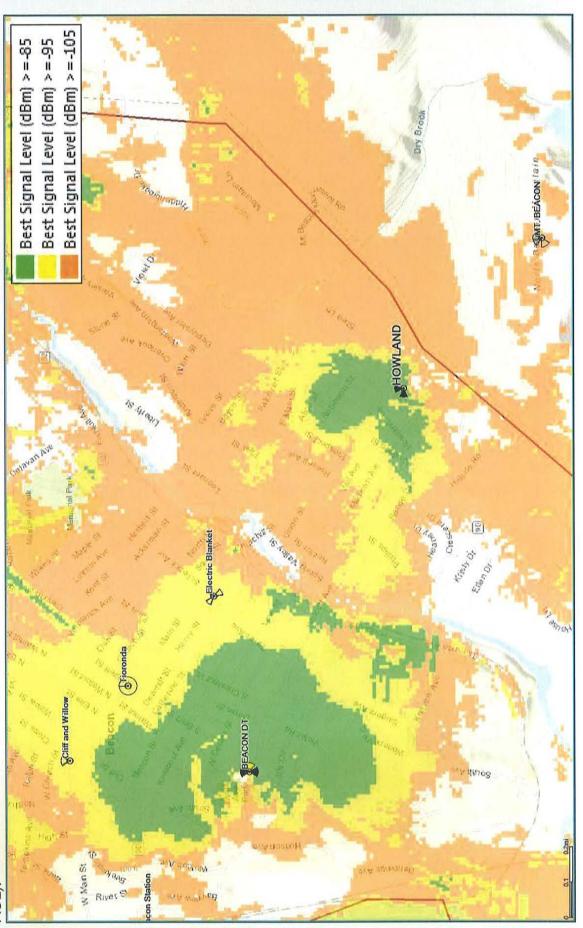
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Existing 2100MHz Coverage (Mt. Beacon Gamma Off Air)

This coverage map shows future high band RF conditions in and around the Howland Micro site area after Mt. Beacon Gamma is off air (prior to any new activations).

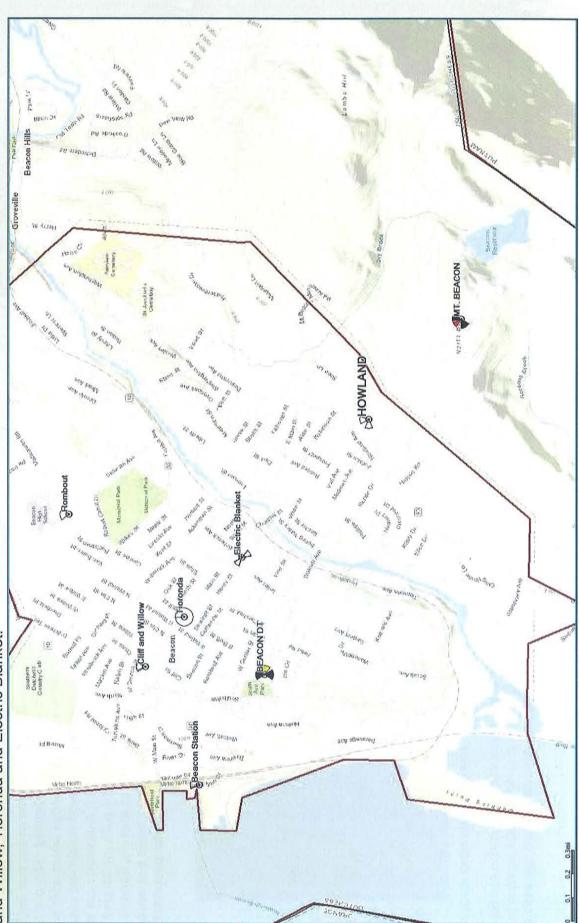


Proposed 2100MHz Coverage This coverage map shows proposed high band RF conditions (Mt. Beacon off air) in and around the Howland Micro site area (at 50' ACL).



Other sites in development

This map shows the approximate locations of other sites at various stages of development including Beacon Station, Rombout, Cliff and Willow, Tioronda and Electric Blanket.



Site Selection Analysis and Steath Design

The following candidates were considered throughout the process of developing the Howland ring:

- 41.494749°, -73.955751°(Ability Beyond Disability Roof Co-Lo) RF Rejected, ACL too low, obscured by local clutter 41.494518°, -73.955562°, (Ability Beyond Disability Telephone Pole) RF Approved at 50' ACL ¥ m

As is the case with other micro sites the search area provided to Site Acquisition (SACQ) by RF Engineering is relatively limited in size which in turn limits the number of potential candidates, in this case there were two. Due to the small nature of the target area, coordination with other sites in design, interest in maximizing site capabilities while limiting the number of solutions required limits the areas where this site will work as identified below.

The new town code was reviewed and there were no city owned or higher priority potential sites available to co-locate on in this area.

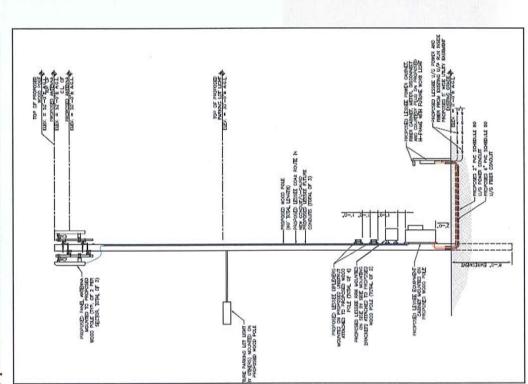


Search Area

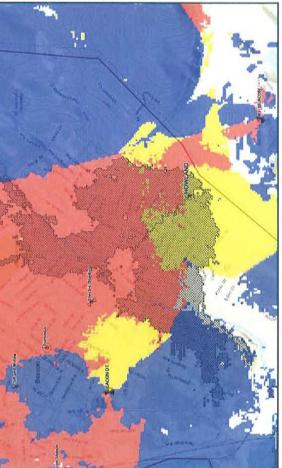
as a parking lot light structure as shown in the elevation view. Telephone pole limiting the size of the antenna array. This pole can also be utilized building and the unpopulated hillside it is out of the way with no skyline antennas is a stealth proposal. The antennas are flush mounted to the wooden telephone pole versus a steel monopole, self support or other The proposed use of a wooden telephone pole to mount the required surroundings. Additionally since it is located between the adjacent lattice type tower allows the proposed application to blend into the poles are commonly utilized in this area of the city and by use of a profile. It will blend into the hillside by design achieving stealth.

verizon

24



RF Justification Summary



The proposed site at 50' improves coverage and capacity within the entire shaded area shown above. The significant gaps within these areas which currently result with overburdened low band conditions as shown on slides 8&9 will be significantly improved and are expected to be resolved in conjunction with other area activations planned which will allow for deactivation of Mt. Beacon Gamma sector.

RF coverage and capacity in the City of Beacon. It was determined that there are significant gaps in adequate LTE service for Verizon Wireless in the 700 and 2100MHz frequency bands. In addition to the area"). Based on the need for additional coverage and capacity while sufficient capacity (low band or high band) to handle the existing and projected LTE voice and data traffic in the area near and neighboring existing nearby Verizon Wireless sites, allowing the proposed facility the proposed Howland micro facility ("targeted service improvement further addition of capacity to long distance existing sites does not remedy Verizon's significant gap in reliable service. Therefore, the proposed facility is also needed to provide "capacity relief" to the The network was analyzed to determine whether there is sufficient and those neighboring sites to adequately serve the existing and considering the topography and wide area requiring service, any coverage deficiencies, Verizon Wireless' network does not have projected capacity demand in this area.

With the existing network configuration there are significant gaps in service which restricts Verizon Wireless customers from originating, maintaining or receiving reliable calls and network access. It is our expert opinion that the proposed height will satisfy the coverage and capacity needs of Verizon Wireless and its subscribers in this portion of Beacon and the Howland micro project area. The proposed location depicted herein satisfies the identified service gaps and is proposed at the minimum height necessary for adequate service.

Michael R. Cresby

Michael R. Crosby Engineer IV – RF Design Verizon Wireless

verizon

VERIZON WIRELESS MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PLAN HOWLAND MICRO FACILITY

Verizon Wireless will maintain the approved communications facility located at 110 Howland Avenue, Beacon, New York in a safe manner and in compliance with all applicable conditions any necessary approvals granted from the City of Beacon, as well as all applicable and permissible codes, ordinances and regulations, including any and all applicable city, county, state and federal laws, rules and regulations.

The approved communications facility will be unmanned, and will be visited by Network Operations personnel for routine maintenance and inspection purposes approximately one to three times per year (as needed). Verizon Wireless will maintain the tower and any roads or surrounding areas under its control in a good and safe condition. A records log will be kept at the site to keep track of any issues identified at the site visits.

The site will also be hard wired to Verizon Wireless Network Operation Center ("NOC"), which is manned twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, 365 days a year. If there is a significant issue at the facility, it will trigger an alarm at the NOC and an appropriate response will be provided.

Any items requiring maintenance or repair will be addressed in a prompt and workmanlike manner by qualified professions.

November 19, 2018

Cell: 610-220-3820 www.millenniumeng.com Fax: 610-644-4355 Email: pauldugan@comcast.net

November 6, 2018

Attn: Naveen Gupta, RF Design Engineer Verizon Wireless 1275 John Street, Suite# 100 West Henrietta, NY 14586

Re: RF Safety FCC Compliance of Proposed Communications Facility Site Name: Howland Micro, Proposed 52' Wooden Lightpole 110 Howland Avenue, Beacon, NY 12508 (City of Beacon, Dutchess County) Latitude 41° 29' 40.44" N, Longitude 73° 57' 19.92" W (NAD83), G.E. 274' A.M.S.L.

Dear Mr. Gupta,

I have performed an analysis to provide an independent determination and certification that the proposed Verizon Wireless communications facility at the above referenced property will comply with Federal Communications Commission (FCC) exposure limits and guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields (Code of Federal Regulation 47 CFR 1.1307 and 1.1310). As a registered professional engineer, I am under the jurisdiction of the State Registration Boards in which I am licensed to hold paramount the safety, health, and welfare of the public and to issue all public statements in an objective and truthful manner.

The proposed communications facility consists of a proposed 52' wooden lightpole at the above referenced property. The proposed Verizon Wireless antenna configuration from the information furnished to me consists of (1) 1900/2100 MHz (LTE) dualband antenna (CommScope NHH-45A-R2B or equivalent) on each of two faces (total of 2 antennas) spaced with azimuths of 335/270 degrees on the horizontal plane at a centerline of 50' above ground level and no mechanical downtilt. Transmitting from these antennas will be (1) 1900 MHz LTE wideband channel per face. The proposed Verizon Wireless antennas will be mounted at the top of the proposed pole at a centerline of 2' below the top of the pole and 20' above the proposed parking lot light.

The following assumptions are made for reasonable upper limit radiofrequency operating parameters for the proposed facility due to the Verizon Wireless antennas alone:

- (1) 1900/2100 MHz (LTE) dualband transmit antenna per face at 0-10 degrees mechanical downtilt
- (1) 1900 MHz LTE wideband channel/face at 4x40W max power/face before cable loss/antenna gain
- (1) 2100 MHz LTE wideband channel/face at 4x40W max power/face before cable loss/antenna gain
- The facility would be at or near full capacity during busy hour

Using the far-field power density equations from FCC Bulletin OET 65, the power density at any given distance from the antennas is equal to $0.360(\text{ERP})/\text{R}^2$ where R is the distance to the point at which the exposure is being

calculated. The given equation is a conversion of the OET 65 power density equation for calculating power density given the distance in feet and the result in metric units (mW/cm^2) . This calculated power density assumes the location is in the main beam of the vertical pattern of the antenna. After making an adjustment for the reduction in power density due to the vertical pattern of the transmit antenna, the calculated ground level power density is well below 1 % of the FCC general population exposure limit at any distance from the antenna system of Verizon Wireless.

The 1900 MHz (PCS) "C4/C5 Block" transmit frequencies (1980-1990 MHz), which Verizon Wireless is licensed by the FCC to operate, have an uncontrolled/general population maximum permissible exposure (MPE) FCC limit of 1000 μ W/cm² or 1 mW/cm². The 2100 MHz (AWS) "B Block", "C Block" and "D Block" transmit frequencies (2120-2130, 2130-2135, 2135-2140 MHz), which Verizon Wireless is also licensed by the FCC to operate, have an uncontrolled/general population MPE FCC limit of 1000 μ W/cm² or 1 mW/cm². Therefore, the exposure at ground level at any distance from the structure would substantially below 1 % of the FCC general population exposure limits due to the Verizon Wireless antenna alone. The extremely low ground exposure levels are due to the elevated positions of the antennas on the structure and the low power which these systems operate. See Figures 1 and 2 in back of this report which discuss the relationship between height, proximity or distance, and orientation to level of electromagnetic field exposure.

I have performed a near-field analysis to determine the exposure levels directly in front of the proposed Verizon Wireless antennas for the safety of occupational workers. The calculated exposure is below the FCC occupational exposure limits at 3 feet directly in front of the antennas. As a general rule, occupational workers should maintain a distance of 3 feet from all transmitting antennas.

In summary, the proposed communications facility will comply with all applicable exposure limits and guidelines adopted by the FCC governing human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields (FCC Bulletin OET 65). Federal law (FCC Rule Title 47 CFR 1.1307 and 1.1310) sets the national standard for compliance with electromagnetic field safety. The FCC exposure limits are based on exposure limits recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) and, over a wide range of frequencies, the exposure limits developed by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., (IEEE) and adopted by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). Thus, there is full compliance with the standards of the IRPA, FCC, IEEE, ANSI, and NCRP.

General Information on Electromagnetic Field Safety

Verizon Wireless facilities transmit and receive low power electromagnetic fields (EMF) between base station antennas and handheld portable cell phones. The radiofrequency energy from these facilities and devices is nonionizing electromagnetic energy. Non-ionizing, unlike X-Rays or other forms of potentially harmful energy in the microwave region, is not cumulative over time nor can the energy change the chemical makeup of atoms (e.g. strip electrons from ions). "Non-ionizing" simply means that the energy is not strong enough to break ionic bonds.

Safe levels of electromagnetic fields were determined by numerous worldwide organizations, such the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection, a worldwide multi-disciplinary team of researchers and scientists studying the effects of non-ionizing radiofrequency energy such as that emitted by base stations or cell phones. The FCC did not arbitrarily establish their own standards, but rather adopted the recommendations of all leading organizations that set standards and research the subject such as the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), American National Standards Institute (ANSI), and National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP).

When Verizon Wireless, or any commercial wireless communications licensee, is located on an antenna structure such as a self-supporting lattice type tower, lattice tower, guyed tower, watertank, etc. the antennas are typically

10 meters or more above ground level (10 meters = 32.81 feet). With the relatively low power and elevated positions of the antennas on the structure with respect to ground level, the maximum ground level exposure can rarely approach 1 % of the applicable FCC exposure limit regardless of how many sets of antennas are collocated on the structure. For this reason, the FCC considers the facilities "categorically excluded" from routine evaluation at antenna heights above 10 meters (or above 32.81 feet). Categorical exclusion exempts a site from routine on-site evaluation. However, the facility is not excluded from compliance with the federal exposure limits and guidelines. The types of facilities used by Verizon Wireless typically elevated on antenna structures (away from access to close proximity, i.e. greater than 10 meters or 32.81 feet) simply cannot generate ground level exposure levels that approach the limits under any circumstances.

From a regulatory perspective, the FCC has sole jurisdiction over the regulation of electromagnetic fields from all facilities and devices. The FCC has established guidelines and limits over emissions and exposure to protect the general public. The FCC also has certain criteria that trigger when an environmental evaluation must be performed. The criteria are based on distance from the antennas (accessibility) and transmit power levels.

CONCLUSIONS:

1) The proposed communications facility will comply with electromagnetic field safety standards by a substantial margin (well below 1 %) in all publicly accessible areas. This includes the base of the proposed structure and any areas in proximity to the proposed structure.

2) Verizon Wireless takes appropriate measures to ensure that all telecommunications facilities (including this proposed facility) comply with applicable exposure limits and guidelines adopted by the FCC governing human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields (FCC Bulletin OET 65).

3) In cases where such compliance exists, the subject of electromagnetic field safety is preempted. The Telecommunications Act of 1996 states that: "No state or local government or instrumentality thereof may regulate the placement, construction, and modification of personal wireless service facilities on the basis of the environmental effects of radio frequency emissions to the extent that such facilities comply with the [FCC's] regulations concerning such emissions." Telecommunications Act of 1996, § 332[c][7][B][iv].

Respectfully,

Paul Dugan, P.E. Registered Professional Engineer New York License Number 79144

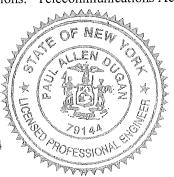
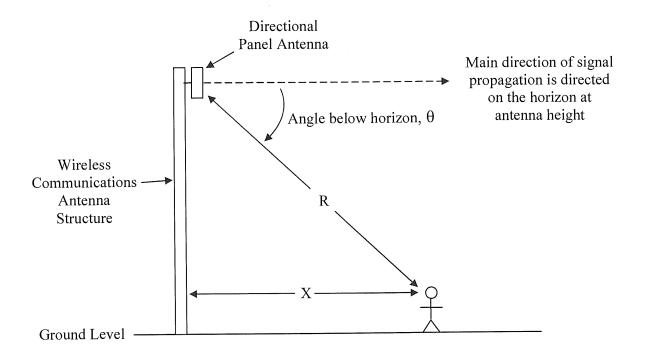


FIGURE 1: Diagram of Electromagnetic Field Strength as a Function of Distance and Antenna Orientation



The above diagram illustrates the conceptual relationship of distance and orientation to directional panel antennas used in wireless communications. At the base of the structure (x = 0), the distance R is a minimum when the angle of the direction of propagation θ is a maximum. As one moves away from the antenna structure, the horizontal distance X increases as well as the distance R to the antennas while the angle below the horizon decreases. For this reason, electromagnetic fields from these facilities remain fairly uniform up to a few hundred feet and continue to taper off with distance. As noted in the report, the electromagnetic fields from these types of facilities are hundreds of times below safety standards at any distance from the antenna structure, making them essentially indistinguishable relative to other sources of electromagnetic fields in the environment due to the elevated heights of the antennas and the relatively low power at which these systems operate.

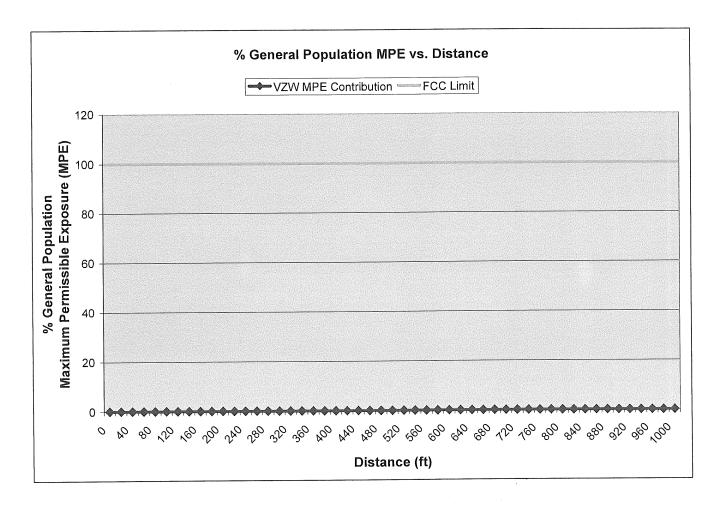


FIGURE 2: Graph of MPE Contribution vs. Distance

The above graph represents the contribution of Verizon Wireless to the composite electromagnetic field exposure level at any distance from the base of the structure. The contribution of Verizon Wireless will remain well under 1% of the FCC general population maximum permissible exposure (MPE) at any distance as shown.

DECLARATION OF ENGINEER

Paul Dugan, P.E., declares and states that he is a graduate telecommunications consulting engineer (BSE/ME Widener University 1984/1988), whose qualifications are a matter of record with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). His firm, Millennium Engineering, P.C., has been retained by Verizon Wireless to perform power density measurements or calculations for an existing or proposed communications facility and analyze the data for compliance with FCC exposure limits and guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields.

Mr. Dugan also states that the calculations or measurements made in the evaluation were made by himself or his technical associates under his direct supervision, and the summary letter certification of FCC compliance associated with the foregoing document was made or prepared by him personally. Mr. Dugan is a registered professional engineer in the Jurisdictions of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, New York, Connecticut, District of Columbia, West Virginia and Puerto Rico with 30 years of engineering experience. Mr. Dugan is also an active member of the Association of Federal Communications Consulting Engineers, the National Council of Examiners for Engineering, the National Society of Professionals Engineers, the Pennsylvania Society of Professional Engineers, and the Radio Club of America. Mr. Dugan further states that all facts and statements contained herein are true and accurate to the best of his own knowledge, except where stated to be in information or belief, and, as to those facts, he believes them to be true. He believes under penalty of perjury the foregoing is true and correct.

aldyn

Paul Dugan, P.E.

Executed this the 6th day of November, 2018.

PAUL DUGAN, P.E. 132 Jaffrey Road Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355

Cell: 610-220-3820 Fax: 610-644-4355 Email: <u>pauldugan@comcast.net</u> Web Page: <u>www.millenniumeng.com</u>

EDUCATION:	Widener University, Chester, Pennsylvania
	Master of Business Administration, July 1991
	Master of Science, Electrical Engineering, December 1988
	Bachelor of Science, Electrical Engineering, May 1984
PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATIONS:	Registered Professional Engineer in the following jurisdictions:
ASSOCIATIONS.	Pennsylvania, License Number PE-045711-E
	New Jersey, License Number GE41731
	Maryland, License Number 24211
	Delaware, License Number 11797
	Virginia, License Number 36239
	Connecticut, License Number 22566
	New York, License Number 079144
	District of Columbia, License Number PE-900355
	West Virginia, License Number 20258
	Puerto Rico, License Number 18946
	Full member of The Association of Federal Communications Consulting Engineers
	(<u>www.afcce.org</u>) January 1999 to Present
	Elected to serve on the Board of Directors for 2006-2007
	Full member of The National Society of Professional Engineers (<u>www.nspe.org</u>) and the
	Pennsylvania Society of Professional Engineers (<u>www.pspe.org</u>) June 2003 to Present
	Currently serving on the Board of Directors of the Valley Forge Chapter and as South East Region Vice-
	Chair for the "Professional Engineers in Private Practice" Executive Committee
	Actively participate in Chester County ARES/RACES (CCAR <u>www.w3eoc.org</u>) which prepares and
	provides emergency backup communications for Chester County Department of Emergency Services,
	March 2005 to Present
	Full member of The National Council of Examiners for Engineering
	(www.ncees.org) May 2001 to Present
	Full Member of The Radio Club of America
	(www.radio-club-of-america.org) December 2003 to present
PROFESSIONAL	Millennium Engineering, P.C., Malvern, Pennsylvania
EXPERIENCE:	Position: President, August 1999 to Present (www.millenniumeng.com)
	Verizon Wireless, Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania
	Position: Cellular RF System Design/Performance Engineer, April 1990 to August 1999
	Communications Test Design, Inc., West Chester, Pennsylvania
	Position: Electrical Engineer, May 1984 to April 1990

Cell: 610-220-3820 www.millenniumeng.com Fax: 610-644-4355 Email: pauldugan@comcast.net

November 6, 2018

Attn: Naveen Gupta, RF Design Engineer Verizon Wireless 1275 John Street, Suite# 100 West Henrietta, NY 14586

Re: Non-Interference Certification of Proposed Communications Facility Site Name: Howland Micro, Proposed 52' Wooden Lightpole 110 Howland Avenue, Beacon, NY 12508 (City of Beacon, Dutchess County) Latitude 41° 29' 40.44" N, Longitude 73° 57' 19.92" W (NAD83), G.E. 274' A.M.S.L.

Dear Mr. Gupta,

I have performed an analysis to provide an independent interference evaluation and certification that the proposed Verizon Wireless communications facility at the above referenced property will comply with Federal Communications Commission (FCC) licensed operating parameters and that the system will be free of disruptive radiofrequency interference or cause interference to other wireless systems. As a registered professional engineer, I am under the jurisdiction of the State Registration Boards in which I am licensed to hold paramount the safety, health, and welfare of the public and to issue all public statements in an objective and truthful manner.

The proposed communications facility consists of a proposed 52' wooden lightpole at the above referenced property. The proposed Verizon Wireless antenna configuration from the information furnished to me consists of (1) 1900/2100 MHz (LTE) dualband antenna (CommScope NHH-45A-R2B or equivalent) on each of two faces (total of 2 antennas) spaced with azimuths of 335/270 degrees on the horizontal plane at a centerline of 50' above ground level and no mechanical downtilt. Transmitting from these antennas will be (1) 1900 MHz LTE wideband channel per face. The proposed Verizon Wireless antennas will be mounted at the top of the proposed pole at a centerline of 2' below the top of the pole and 20' above the proposed parking lot light.

In Dutchess County, Verizon Wireless is licensed by the FCC to transmit in the 1900 MHz (PCS) "C4/C5 Block" transmit frequencies (1980-1990 MHz) and the 2100 MHz (AWS) "B Block", "C Block" and "D Block" transmit frequencies (2120-2130, 2130-2135, 2135-2140 MHz).

Verizon Wireless, other commercial wireless communications licensees, broadcast facilities, public safety communications systems, and utility companies collocate routinely with some basic precautions and there will be no interference issues with the proposed antennas. The licensees that collocate on these types of structures all must operate within their licensed operating parameters. A commercial wireless communications antenna system operates at a frequency and power level authorized by the FCC and, with proper precautions, will not interfere with antenna systems of other commercial wireless services, public safety telecommunications, airport navigation, broadcast radio and television, cordless phones, computers, etc., or other community office or

residential household appliances. The different operating frequencies and relatively low power that commercial wireless communications antenna systems operate allow these systems to co-exist in close proximity.

When two or more wireless communications systems co-exist on the same structure or in very close proximity, there is the potential for many forms of interference between systems, such as intermodulation distortion. For the proposed facility subject to this application, no other base station antennas are in close proximity for which to model for intermodulation.

There is nothing commercial wireless communications licensees could gain by operating (intentionally or inadvertently) outside of their licensed operating parameters. The network equipment used by the licensees is designed to operate at certain frequencies and power levels and sharp filtering is designed into the transmit/receive paths to ensure a clean radio system. The technicians who visit the facility for routine maintenance generally perform FCC testing to ensure proper operation of the facility and the systems are monitored remotely twenty-four hours a day, seven days per week. Furthermore, radios are designed so that virtually any type of radio equipment malfunction would cause the radio to shut down.

The FCC has remediation processes to help protect the community. If a complaint is filed with the FCC, the FCC would investigate the complaint and notify the licensee to resolve any issues whether actual or perceived. Failure to comply or negligence on the part of the licensee may result in stiff fines.

In summary, the proposed communications facility will not cause any disruptive interference with any transmitter or receiver that will co-exist at, on or near the same communications structure.

Respectfully,

Paul Dugan, P.E. Registered Professional Engineer New York License Number 79144



DECLARATION OF ENGINEER

Paul Dugan, P.E., declares and states that he is a graduate telecommunications consulting engineer (BSE/ME Widener University 1984/1988), whose qualifications are a matter of record with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). His firm, Millennium Engineering, P.C., has been retained by Verizon Wireless to perform a collocation interference analysis for an existing or proposed communications facility.

Mr. Dugan also states that the calculations or measurements made in the evaluation were made by himself or his technical associates under his direct supervision, and the summary letter certification of FCC compliance associated with the foregoing document was made or prepared by him personally. Mr. Dugan is a registered professional engineer in the Jurisdictions of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, New York, Connecticut, District of Columbia, West Virginia and Puerto Rico with over 30 years of engineering experience. Mr. Dugan is also an active member of the Association of Federal Communications Consulting Engineers, the National Council of Examiners for Engineering, the National Society of Professionals Engineers, the Pennsylvania Society of Professional Engineers, and the Radio Club of America. Mr. Dugan further states that all facts and statements contained herein are true and accurate to the best of his own knowledge, except where stated to be in information or belief, and, as to those facts, he believes them to be true. He believes under penalty of perjury the foregoing is true and correct.

Paul Dugan, P.E.

Executed this the 6^{th} day of November, 2018.

PAUL DUGAN, P.E. 132 Jaffrey Road Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355

Cell: 610-220-3820 Fax: 610-644-4355 Email: <u>pauldugan@comcast.net</u> Web Page: <u>www.millenniumeng.com</u>

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	Maryland, License Number 24211
	Delaware, License Number 11797
	Virginia, License Number 36239
	Connecticut, License Number 22566
	New York, License Number 079144
	District of Columbia, License Number PE-900355
	West Virginia, License Number 20258
	Puerto Rico, License Number 18946
	Full member of The Association of Federal Communications Consulting Engineers
	(www.afcce.org) January 1999 to Present
	Elected to serve on the Board of Directors for 2006-2007
	Full member of The National Society of Professional Engineers (<u>www.nspe.org</u>) and the
	Pennsylvania Society of Professional Engineers (www.pspe.org) June 2003 to Present
	Currently serving on the Board of Directors of the Valley Forge Chapter and as South East Region Vice
	Chair for the "Professional Engineers in Private Practice" Executive Committee
	Actively participate in Chester County ARES/RACES (CCAR <u>www.w3eoc.org</u>) which prepares and
	provides emergency backup communications for Chester County Department of Emergency Services,
	March 2005 to Present
	E. II
	Full member of The National Council of Examiners for Engineering
	(www.ncees.org) May 2001 to Present
	Full Member of The Radio Club of America
	(www.radio-club-of-america.org) December 2003 to present
DDOFECCIONAL	Millennium Engineering, P.C., Malvern, Pennsylvania
PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE:	Position: President , August 1999 to Present (<u>www.millenniumeng.com</u>)
EAPERIENCE;	Fostion. Trestient, August 1999 to Tresent (<u>www.amiteinteing.tem</u>)
	Verizon Wireless, Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania
	Position: Cellular RF System Design/Performance Engineer, April 1990 to August 1999
	Communications Test Design Inc. West Chester Pennsylvania
	<u>Communications Test Design, Inc.</u> , West Chester, Pennsylvania Position: Electrical Engineer, May 1984 to April 1990
	rosmon. Encurical Engineer, may 1904 to April 1990

Short Environmental Assessment Form Part 1 - Project Information

Instructions for Completing

Part 1 - Project Information. The applicant or project sponsor is responsible for the completion of Part 1. Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification. Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information.

Complete all items in Part 1. You may also provide any additional information which you believe will be needed by or useful to the lead agency; attach additional pages as necessary to supplement any item.

Part 1 Project and Spansor Information							
Part 1 - Project and Sponsor Information Orange County-Poughkeepsie Limited Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless							
Name of Action or Project:							
Howland Micro							
Project Location (describe, and attach a location map):							
110 Howland Avenue, Beacon, Duchess County, NY							
Brief Description of Proposed Action:							
Construct a proposed 52 foot wooden pole with two proposed antennas within a 102 square foot lease area for telecommunications equipment. Verizon Wireless proposes to utilize the existing paved access road. Utility conduits are to extend underground along the perimeter of the paved parking area for approximately 250 feet to an existing utility pole.							
Name of Applicant or Sponsor:	Telepho	one:					
Verizon Wireless	E-Mail	E-Mail: kathy.pomponio@verizonwireless.com					
Address:	1						
1275 John Street, Suite 100							
City/PO:		State:	Zip	Code:			
Nest Henrietta NY		NY	1458	6			
 Does the proposed action only involve the legislative adoption of a plan, local law, ordinance, administrative rule, or regulation? If Yes, attach a narrative description of the intent of the proposed action and the environmental resources that may be affected in the municipality and proceed to Part 2. If no, continue to question 2. 					YES		
2. Does the proposed action require a permit, approval or funding from any other governmental Agency?			-	NO	YES		
If Yes, list agency(s) name and permit or approval:				~			
3.a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action? 6 acres				-			
b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed?	<'	1_acres					
c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor?	<	1_acres					
 4. Check all land uses that occur on, adjoining and near the proposed action ☐ Urban ☐ Rural (non-agriculture) ☐ Industrial ☑ Comm ☑ Forest ☐ Agriculture ☐ Aquatic ☐ Other ☐ Parkland 	nercial	Residential (suburt	oan)				

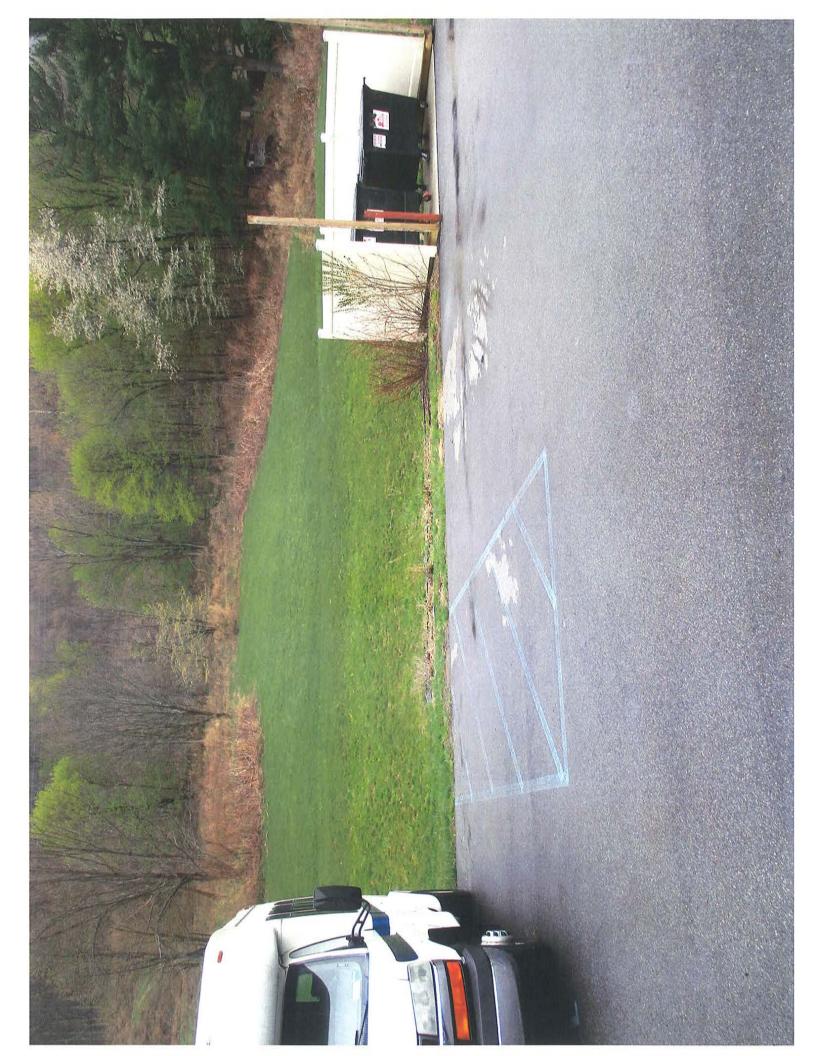
 5. Is the proposed action, a. A permitted use under the zoning regulations? b. Consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan? 6. Is the proposed action consistent with the predominant character of the existing built or natural landscape? 	NO		
b. Consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan?6. Is the proposed action consistent with the predominant character of the existing built or natural		YES	N/A
6. Is the proposed action consistent with the predominant character of the existing built or natural		~	
		~	
landssenal		NO	YES
-			~
7. Is the site of the proposed action located in, or does it adjoin, a state listed Critical Environmental A	rea?	NO	YES
If Yes, identify:		~	
8. a. Will the proposed action result in a substantial increase in traffic above present levels?		NO	YES
		~	
b. Are public transportation service(s) available at or near the site of the proposed action?			V
c. Are any pedestrian accommodations or bicycle routes available on or near site of the proposed ac	tion?		
9. Does the proposed action meet or exceed the state energy code requirements?		NO	YES
If the proposed action will exceed requirements, describe design features and technologies:			~
Minimal increase of energy			
10. Will the proposed action connect to an existing public/private water supply?		NO	YES
If No, describe method for providing potable water:			
11. Will the proposed action connect to existing wastewater utilities?		NO	YES
If No, describe method for providing wastewater treatment:			
12. a. Does the site contain a structure that is listed on either the State or National Register of Historic		NO	YES
Places?		v	
b. Is the proposed action located in an archeological sensitive area?		~	
13. a. Does any portion of the site of the proposed action, or lands adjoining the proposed action, conta wetlands or other waterbodies regulated by a federal, state or local agency?	in	NO	YE
b. Would the proposed action physically alter, or encroach into, any existing wetland or waterbody	?		
If Yes, identify the wetland or waterbody and extent of alterations in square feet or acres:			
14. Identify the typical habitat types that occur on, or are likely to be found on the project site. Check	all that	apply.	
$\Box Shoreline \Box Forest \Box A gricultural/grasslands \Box Early mid-success$	ional	FFJ ·	
□ Wetland □ Urban 🗹 Suburban			
15. Does the site of the proposed action contain any species of animal, or associated habitats, listed		NO	YE
		~	
by the State or Federal government as threatened or endangered?		NO	YE
by the State or Federal government as threatened or endangered? 16. Is the project site located in the 100 year flood plain?			
16. Is the project site located in the 100 year flood plain?		NO	YE
16. Is the project site located in the 100 year flood plain?17. Will the proposed action create storm water discharge, either from point or non-point sources?			
16. Is the project site located in the 100 year flood plain?			
 16. Is the project site located in the 100 year flood plain? 17. Will the proposed action create storm water discharge, either from point or non-point sources? If Yes, a. Will storm water discharges flow to adjacent properties? In NO YES 	ns)?		
16. Is the project site located in the 100 year flood plain?17. Will the proposed action create storm water discharge, either from point or non-point sources? If Yes,	ins)?		

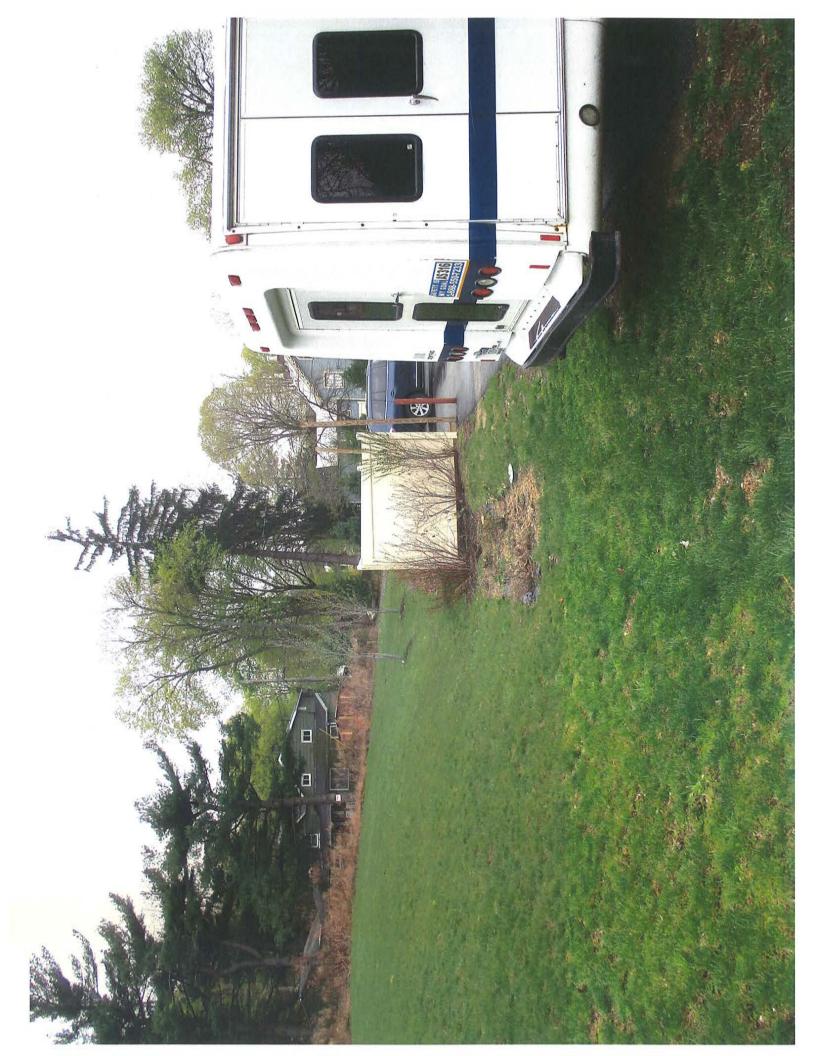
18. Does the proposed action include construction or other activities that result in the impoundment of		YES
water or other liquids (e.g. retention pond, waste lagoon, dam)?		
If Yes, explain purpose and size:		
19. Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the location of an active or closed	NO	YES
solid waste management facility?		
If Yes, describe:		
20. Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the subject of remediation (ongoing or		YES
completed) for hazardous waste?		
If Yes, describe:		
	DECTO	
I AFFIRM THAT THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE IS TRUE AND ACCURATE TO THE I	BESTU	F IVI Y
KNOWLEDGE		
Applicant/sponsor name: Verizon Wireless Date: November 13, 2018		
Signature: Elaine Langer		





















SITE NAME: Howland Micro SITE NUMBER: NY 20161509173 ATTY/DATE: YS / Sept. 5, 2018

LEASE AGREEMENT

This Lease Agreement (the "Agreement") made this 29^{th} day of <u>October</u>, 2018, between Ability Beyond Disability, a New York Non-Stock Corporation with a mailing address at 4 Berkshire Boulevard, Bethel, Connecticut 06801 hereinafter designated LESSOR and Orange County-Poughkeepsie Limited Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless with its principal offices at One Verizon Way, Mail Stop 4AW100, Basking Ridge, New Jersey 07920 (telephone number 866-862-4404), hereinafter designated LESSEE. LESSOR and LESSEE are at times collectively referred to hereinafter as the "Parties" or individually as the "Party."

WITNESSETH

In consideration of the mutual covenants contained herein and intending to be legally bound hereby, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

PREMISES. LESSOR hereby leases to LESSEE approximately one hundred two (102) square 1. feet of space (the "Ground Space") located at 110 Howland Avenue, City of Beacon, County of Dutchess, State of New York, (the existing Building and such real property are hereinafter sometimes collectively referred to as the "Property"), for the installation, operation and maintenance of communications equipment; together with such additional space for the installation, operation and maintenance of wires, cables, conduits and pipes (the "Cabling Space") running between and among the Ground Space to all necessary electrical and telephone utility sources located on the Property; together with the non-exclusive right of ingress and egress from a public right-of-way, seven (7) days a week, twenty four (24) hours a day provided the Lessor is provided at least 24 hours prior written notice except for in the case of an emergency, over the Property and to and from the Premises (as hereinafter defined) for the purpose of installation, operation and maintenance of LESSEE's communications facility. The Ground Space and Cabling Space are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Premises" and are as shown on Exhibit "A" attached hereto and made a part hereof. In the event there are not sufficient electric and telephone, cable or fiber utility sources located or on the Property, LESSOR agrees to grant LESSEE or the local utility provider the right to install such utilities on, over and/or under the Property necessary for LESSEE to operate its communications facility, provided the location of such utilities shall be as reasonably designated by LESSOR. LESSOR agrees to grant LESSEE, Verizon New York, Inc., or any other local utility or fiber provider the right to install such utilities or fiber in, on, over and/or under the Premises necessary for LESSEE to operate the Communication Facilities, as amended herein.

2. <u>CONDITION OF PROPERTY</u>. LESSOR shall deliver the Premises to LESSEE in a condition ready for LESSEE's construction of its improvements and clean and free of debris.

3. TERM; RENTAL.

This Agreement shall be effective as of the date of execution by both Parties (the "Effective Date"), provided, however, the initial term shall be for five (5) years and shall commence on the earlier of the first day of the month following: (i) the day that LESSEE commences installation of the equipment on the Premises or (ii) two (2) years from the date of full execution of this Agreement (the "Commencement Date") at which time rental payments shall commence and be due at a total annual rental of to be paid in advance annually on the Commencement Date and on each anniversary of it in advance, to Lessor or to such other person, firm or place as LESSOR may, from time to time, designate in writing at least thirty (30) days in advance of any rental payment date by notice given in accordance

with Paragraph 17 below. LESSOR and LESSEE acknowledge and agree that initial rental payment shall not actually be sent by LESSEE until ninety (90) days after the Commencement Date. LESSOR and LESSEE agree that they shall acknowledge in writing the Commencement Date.

Upon agreement of the Parties, LESSEE may pay rent by electronic funds transfer and in such event, LESSOR agrees to provide to LESSEE bank routing information for such purpose upon request of LESSEE.

LESSOR hereby agrees to provide to LESSEE certain documentation (the "Rental Documentation") including without limitation: (i) documentation evidencing LESSOR's good and sufficient title to and/or interest in the Property and right to receive rental payments and other benefits hereunder; (ii) a completed Internal Revenue Service Form W-9, or equivalent for any party to whom rental payments are to be made pursuant to this Agreement; and (iii) other documentation requested by LESSEE and within fifteen (15) days of obtaining an interest in the Property or this Agreement, any assignee(s), transferee(s) or other successor(s) in interest of LESSOR shall provide to LESSEE such Rental Documentation. All documentation to LESSEE shall be a prerequisite for the payment of any rent by LESSEE and notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, LESSEE shall have no obligation to make any rental payments until Rental Documentation has been supplied to LESSEE as provided herein.

Within thirty (30) days of a written request from LESSEE, LESSOR or any assignee(s) or transferee(s) of LESSOR agrees to provide updated Rental Documentation. Delivery of Rental Documentation to LESSEE shall be a prerequisite for the payment of any rent by LESSEE to such party and notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, LESSEE shall have no obligation to make any rental payments until Rental Documentation has been supplied to LESSEE as provided herein.

4. <u>ELECTRICAL</u>. LESSEE shall furnish and install an electrical meter at the Premises for the measurement of electrical power used by LESSEE's installation. LESSEE shall be permitted at any time during the Term, to install, maintain and/or provide access to and use of, as necessary (during any power interruption at the Premises), a temporary power source, and all related equipment and appurtenances within the Premises, or elsewhere on the Property in such locations as reasonably approved by LESSOR. LESSEE shall have the right to install conduits connecting the temporary power source and related appurtenances to the Premises.

5. <u>EXTENSIONS</u>.

a. Provided the Lessee is not in default of its obligations hereunder, this Agreement shall automatically be extended for four (4) additional five (5) year terms unless LESSEE terminates it at the end of the then current term by giving LESSOR written notice of the intent to terminate at least three (3) months prior to the end of the then current term. The initial term and all extensions shall be collectively referred to herein as the "Term".

b. <u>EXTENSION RENTALS</u>. Beginning on the annual anniversary of the Commencement Date, and continuing each year thereafter that this Agreement is in effect, the annual rental shall be equal to **Compared to Compare the Second Se**

6. <u>USE; GOVERNMENTAL APPROVALS.</u> LESSEE shall use the Premises for the sole purpose of constructing, maintaining, repairing and operating a communications facility and uses incidental thereto.

LESSEE shall have the right to replace, repair, add or otherwise modify its utilities, equipment, antennas and/or conduits or any portion thereof and the frequencies over which the equipment operates, whether the equipment, antennas, conduits or frequencies are specified or not on any exhibit attached hereto, during the Term. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the LESSEE shall not be able to increase the size of the equipment, or the number of antennas and/or conduits shown in Exhibit A without the written consent of the LESSOR, which consent may be withheld at the LESSOR's sole and absolute discretion. It is understood and agreed that LESSEE's ability to use the Premises is contingent upon its obtaining after the execution date of this Agreement all of the certificates, permits and other approvals (collectively the "Governmental Approvals") that may be required by any Federal, State or Local authorities' structural analysis which will permit LESSEE use of the Premises as set forth above. LESSOR shall cooperate with LESSEE in its effort to obtain such approvals and shall take no action which would adversely affect the status of the Property with respect to the proposed use thereof by LESSEE. In the event that (i) any of such applications for such Governmental Approvals should be finally rejected; (ii) any Governmental Approval issued to LESSEE is canceled, expires, lapses, or is otherwise withdrawn or terminated by governmental authority; and (iii) LESSEE determines that such Governmental Approvals may not be obtained in a timely manner, LESSEE shall have the right to terminate this Agreement. Notice of LESSEE's exercise of its right to terminate shall be given to LESSOR in accordance with the notice provisions set forth in Paragraph 17 and shall be effective upon the mailing of such notice by LESSEE, or upon such later date as designated by LESSEE. All rentals paid to said termination date shall be retained by LESSOR. Upon such termination, this Agreement shall be of no further force or effect except to the extent of the representations, warranties and indemnities made by each Party to the other hereunder. Otherwise, the LESSEE shall have no further obligations for the payment of rent to LESSOR.

7. <u>INDEMNIFICATION</u>. Subject to Paragraph 8, below, each Party shall indemnify and hold the other harmless against any claim of liability or loss from personal injury or property damage resulting from or arising out of the negligence or willful misconduct of the indemnifying Party, its employees, contractors or agents, except to the extent such claims or damages may be due to or caused by the negligence or willful misconduct of the other Party, or its employees, contractors or agents.

8. <u>INSURANCE</u>.

a. The Parties hereby waive and release any and all rights of action for negligence against the other which may hereafter arise on account of damage to the Premises or to the Property, resulting from any fire, or other casualty of the kind covered by standard fire insurance policies with extended coverage, regardless of whether or not, or in what amounts, such insurance is now or hereafter carried by the Parties, or either of them. These waivers and releases shall apply between the Parties and they shall also apply to any claims under or through either Party as a result of any asserted right of subrogation. All such policies of insurance obtained by either Party concerning the Premises or the Property shall waive the insurer's right of subrogation against the other Party.

b. LESSOR and LESSEE each agree that at its own cost and expense, each will maintain commercial general liability insurance with limits not less than for injury to or death of one or more persons in any one occurrence and for damage or destruction to property in any one occurrence. LESSOR and LESSEE each agree that it will include the other Party as an additional insured.

9. <u>LIMITATION OF LIABILITY</u>. Except for indemnification pursuant to Paragraphs 7 and 21, neither Party shall be liable to the other, or any of their respective agents, representatives, employees for

any lost revenue, lost profits, loss of technology, rights or services, incidental, punitive, indirect, special or consequential damages, loss of data, or interruption or loss of use of service, even if advised of the possibility of such damages, whether under theory of contract, tort (including negligence), strict liability or otherwise.

10. <u>ANNUAL TERMINATION</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, provided LESSEE is not in default hereunder beyond applicable notice and cure periods, LESSEE shall have the right to terminate this Agreement upon the annual anniversary of the Commencement Date provided that three (3) months prior notice is given to LESSOR.

INTERFERENCE, LESSEE agrees to install equipment of the type and frequency which will 11. not cause harmful interference which is measurable in accordance with then existing industry standards to any equipment of LESSOR or other lessees of the Property which existed on the Property prior to the date this Agreement is executed by the Parties. In the event any after-installed LESSEE's equipment causes such interference, and after LESSOR has notified LESSEE in writing of such interference, LESSEE will take all commercially reasonable steps necessary to correct and eliminate the interference, including but not limited to, at LESSEE's option, powering down such equipment and later powering up such equipment for intermittent testing. In no event will LESSOR be entitled to terminate this Agreement or relocate the equipment as long as LESSEE is making a good faith effort to remedy the interference issue. LESSOR agrees that LESSOR and/or any other tenants of the Property who currently have or in the future take possession of the Property will be permitted to install only such equipment that is of the type and frequency which will not cause harmful interference which is measurable in accordance with then existing industry standards to the then existing equipment of LESSEE. The Parties acknowledge that there will not be an adequate remedy at law for noncompliance with the provisions of this Paragraph and therefore, either Party shall have the right to equitable remedies, such as, without limitation, injunctive relief and specific performance.

12. <u>REMOVAL AT END OF TERM</u>. LESSEE shall, upon expiration of the Term, or within ninety (90) days after any earlier termination of the Agreement, remove its equipment, conduits, fixtures and all personal property and restore the Premises to its original condition, reasonable wear and tear and casualty damage excepted. LESSOR agrees and acknowledges that all of the equipment, conduits, fixtures and personal property of LESSEE shall remain the personal property of LESSEE and LESSEE shall have the right to remove the same at any time during the Term, whether or not said items are considered fixtures and attachments to real property under applicable laws. If such time for removal causes LESSEE to remain on the Premises after termination of this Agreement, LESSEE shall pay rent at the then existing monthly rate or on the existing monthly pro-rata basis if based upon a longer payment term, until such time as the removal of the antenna structure, fixtures and all personal property are completed.

13. <u>RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL (COMMUNICATIONS EASEMENT)</u>. If LESSOR elects, during the Term to grant to a third party by easement or other legal instrument an interest in and to that portion of the Property occupied by LESSEE, or a larger portion thereof, for the purpose of operating and maintaining communications facilities or the management thereof, with or without an assignment of this Agreement to such third party, LESSEE shall have the right of first refusal to meet any bona fide offer of transfer on the same terms and conditions of such offer. If LESSEE fails to meet such bona fide offer within thirty (30) days after written notice thereof from LESSOR, LESSOR may grant the easement or interest in the Property or portion thereof to such third person in accordance with the terms and conditions of such third-party offer.

14. <u>RIGHTS UPON SALE</u>. Should LESSOR, at any time during the Term decide (i) to sell or transfer all or any part of the Property or the Building thereon to a purchaser other than LESSEE, or (ii) to grant to a third party by easement or other legal instrument an interest in and to that portion of the Building and/or Property occupied by LESSEE, or a larger portion thereof, for the purpose of operating and maintaining communications facilities or the management thereof, such sale or grant of an easement or interest therein shall be under and subject to this Agreement and any such purchaser or transferee shall recognize LESSEE's rights hereunder under the terms of this Agreement. In the event that LESSOR completes any such sale, transfer, or grant described in this paragraph without executing an assignment of this Agreement, then LESSOR shall not be released from its obligations to LESSEE under this Agreement, and LESSEE shall have the right to look to LESSOR and the third party for the full performance of this Agreement.

15. <u>QUIET ENJOYMENT AND REPRESENTATIONS</u>. LESSOR covenants that LESSEE, on paying the rent and performing the covenants herein, shall peaceably and quietly have, hold and enjoy the Premises. LESSOR represents and warrants to LESSEE as of the execution date of this Agreement, and covenants during the Term that LESSOR is seized of good and sufficient title and interest to the Property and has full authority to enter into and execute this Agreement. LESSOR further covenants during the Term that there are no liens, judgments or impediments of title on the Property, or affecting LESSOR's title to the same and that there are no covenants, easements or restrictions which prevent or adversely affect the use or occupancy of the Premises by LESSEE as set forth above.

16. <u>ASSIGNMENT</u>. This Agreement may be sold, assigned or transferred by the LESSEE without any approval or consent of the LESSOR to the LESSEE's principal, affiliates, subsidiaries of its principal or to any entity which acquires all or substantially all of LESSEE's assets in the market defined by the Federal Communications Commission in which the Property is located by reason of a merger, acquisition or other business reorganization. As to all other parties, this Agreement may not be sold, assigned or transferred without the prior written consent of the LESSOR, which such written consent will not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned. No change of stock ownership, partnership interest or control of LESSEE or transfer upon partnership or corporate dissolution of LESSEE shall constitute an assignment hereunder.

17. <u>NOTICES</u>. All notices hereunder must be in writing and shall be deemed validly given if sent by email, certified mail, return receipt requested or by commercial courier, provided the courier's regular business is delivery service and provided further that it guarantees delivery to the addressee by the end of the next business day following the courier's receipt from the sender, addressed as follows (or any other address that the Party to be notified may have designated to the sender by like notice):

LESSOR:

Ability Beyond Disability c/o David Slater or Pam Creaturo 4 Berkshire Boulevard Bethel, Connecticut 06801 Email: David.Slater@abilitybeyond.org or Pam.Creaturo@abilitybeyond.org

LESSEE: Orange County-Poughkeepsie Limited Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless 180 Washington Valley Road Bedminster, New Jersey 07921 Attention: Network Real Estate Email: Barbara.clark@verizonwireless.com

Notice shall be effective upon actual receipt or refusal as shown on the receipt obtained pursuant to the foregoing.

18. <u>RECORDING</u>. LESSOR agrees to execute a Memorandum of this Agreement which LESSEE may record with the appropriate recording officer. The date set forth in the Memorandum of Lease is for recording purposes only and bears no reference to commencement of either the Term or rent payments.

DEFAULT. In the event there is a breach by a Party with respect to any of the provisions 19. of this Agreement or its obligations under it, the non-breaching Party shall give the breaching Party written notice of such breach. After receipt of such written notice, the breaching Party shall have thirty (30) days in which to cure any breach, provided the breaching Party shall have such extended period as may be required beyond the thirty (30) days if the breaching Party commences the cure within the thirty (30) day period and thereafter continuously and diligently pursues the cure to completion. The non-breaching Party may not maintain any action or effect any remedies for default against the breaching Party unless and until the breaching Party has failed to cure the breach within the time periods provided in this Paragraph. Notwithstanding the foregoing to the contrary, it shall be a default under this Agreement if LESSOR fails, within five (5) days after receipt of written notice of such breach, to perform an obligation required to be performed by LESSOR if the failure to perform such an obligation interferes with LESSEE's ability to conduct its business; provided, however, that if the nature of LESSOR's obligation is such that more than five (5) days after such notice is reasonably required for its performance, then it shall not be a default under this Agreement if performance is commenced within such five (5) day period and thereafter diligently pursued to completion.

20. <u>REMEDIES</u>. In the event of a default by either Party with respect to a material provision of this Agreement, without limiting the non-defaulting Party in the exercise of any right or remedy which the non-defaulting Party may have by reason of such default, the non-defaulting Party may terminate the Agreement and/or pursue any remedy now or hereafter available to the non-defaulting Party under the Laws or judicial decisions of the state in which the Premises are located. Further, upon a default, the non-defaulting Party may at its option (but without obligation to do so), perform the defaulting Party's duty or obligation on the defaulting Party's behalf, including but not limited to the obtaining of reasonably required insurance policies. The costs and expenses of any such performance by the non-defaulting Party shall be due and payable by the defaulting Party upon invoice therefor. If LESSEE undertakes any such performance on LESSOR's behalf and LESSOR does not pay LESSEE the full undisputed amount within thirty (30) days of its receipt of an invoice setting forth the amount due, LESSEE may offset the full undisputed amount is fully reimbursed to LESSEE.

21. ENVIRONMENTAL.

a. LESSOR will be responsible for all obligations of compliance with any and all environmental and industrial hygiene laws, including any regulations, guidelines, standards, or policies of

any governmental authorities regulating or imposing standards of liability or standards of conduct with regard to any environmental or industrial hygiene conditions or concerns as may now or at any time hereafter be in effect, that are or were in any way related to activity now conducted in, on, or in any way related to the Building or Property, unless such conditions or concerns are caused by the LESSEE.

b. LESSOR shall hold LESSEE harmless and indemnify LESSEE from and assume all duties, responsibility and liability at LESSOR's sole cost and expense, for all duties, responsibilities, and liability (for payment of penalties, sanctions, forfeitures, losses, costs, or damages) and for responding to any action, notice, claim, order, summons, citation, directive, litigation, investigation or proceeding which is in any way related to: a) failure to comply with any environmental or industrial hygiene law, including without limitation any regulations, guidelines, standards, or policies of any governmental authorities regulating or imposing standards of liability or standards of conduct with regard to any environmental or industrial hygiene concerns or conditions as may now or at any time hereafter be in effect, unless such non-compliance results from conditions caused by LESSEE; and b) any environmental or industrial hygiene conducted thereon, unless such environmental conditions are caused by LESSEE.

c. LESSEE shall hold LESSOR harmless and indemnify LESSOR from and assume all duties, responsibility and liability at LESSEE's sole cost and expense, for all duties, responsibilities, and liability (for payment of penalties, sanctions, forfeitures, losses, costs, or damages) and for responding to any action, notice, claim, order, summons, citation, directive, litigation, investigation or proceeding which is in any way related to: a) failure to comply with any environmental or industrial hygiene law, including without limitation any regulations, guidelines, standards, or policies of any governmental authorities regulating or imposing standards of liability or standards of conduct with regard to any environmental or industrial hygiene concerns or conditions as may now or at any time hereafter be in effect, to the extent that such non-compliance results from conditions caused by LESSEE; and b) any environmental or industrial hygiene conditions arising out of or in any way related to the condition of the Property or activities conducted thereon, to the extent that such environmental conditions are caused by LESSEE.

22. <u>CASUALTY</u>. In the event of damage by fire or other casualty to the Building or Premises that cannot reasonably be expected to be repaired within forty-five (45) days following same or, if the Property is damaged by fire or other casualty so that such damage may reasonably be expected to disrupt LESSEE's operations at the Premises for more than forty-five (45) days, then LESSEE may, at any time following such fire or other casualty, provided LESSOR has not completed the restoration required to permit LESSEE to resume its operation at the Premises, terminate this Agreement upon fifteen (15) days prior written notice to LESSOR. Any such notice of termination shall cause this Agreement to expire with the same force and effect as though the date set forth in such notice were the date originally set as the expiration date of this Agreement and the Parties shall make an appropriate adjustment, as of such termination date, with respect to payments due to the other under this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the rent shall abate during the period of repair following such fire or other casualty in proportion to the degree to which LESSEE's use of the Premises is impaired.

23. <u>APPLICABLE LAWS</u>. During the Term, LESSOR shall maintain the Property, the Building, Building systems, common areas of the Building, and all structural elements of the Premises in compliance with all applicable laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, directives, covenants, easements, zoning and land use regulations, and restrictions of record, permits, building codes, and the requirements of any applicable fire insurance underwriter or rating bureau, now in effect or which may hereafter come into effect (including, without limitation, the Americans with Disabilities Act and laws regulating hazardous

substances) (collectively "Laws"). LESSEE shall, in respect to the condition of the Premises and at LESSEE's sole cost and expense, comply with (a) all Laws relating solely to LESSEE's specific and unique nature of use of the Premises; and (b) all building codes requiring modifications to the Premises due to the improvements being made by LESSEE in the Premises. It shall be LESSOR's obligation to comply with all Laws relating to the Building in general, without regard to specific use (including, without limitation, modifications required to enable LESSEE to obtain all necessary building permits).

24. <u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>. This Agreement contains all agreements, promises and understandings between the LESSOR and the LESSEE regarding this transaction, and no oral agreement, promises or understandings shall be binding upon either the LESSOR or the LESSEE in any dispute, controversy or proceeding. This Agreement may not be amended or varied except in a writing signed by all parties. This Agreement shall extend to and bind the heirs, personal representatives, successors and assigns hereto. The failure of either party to insist upon strict performance of any of the terms or conditions of this Agreement or to exercise any of its rights hereunder shall not waive such rights and such party shall have the right to enforce such rights at any time. This Agreement and the performance thereof shall be governed interpreted, construed and regulated by the laws of the state in which the Premises is located without reference to its choice of law rules.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have set their hands and affixed their respective seals the day and year first above written.

WITNESS Pam Creating

LESSOR: Ability Beyond Disability

Bv: OR: I. PASQUALINI Name:

Its: Date:

LESSEE: Orange County-Poughkeepsie Limited Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless By: Verizon Wireless of the East LP, its general partner

By: Cellco Partnership, its general partner

ichard Chatas) By:

Name: Richard Polatas

Its: Director Network Field Engineering

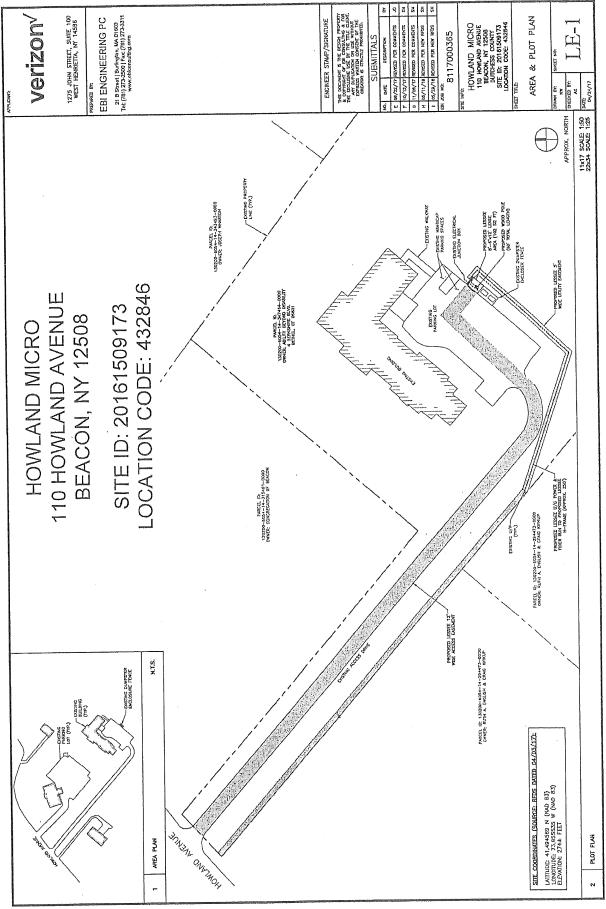
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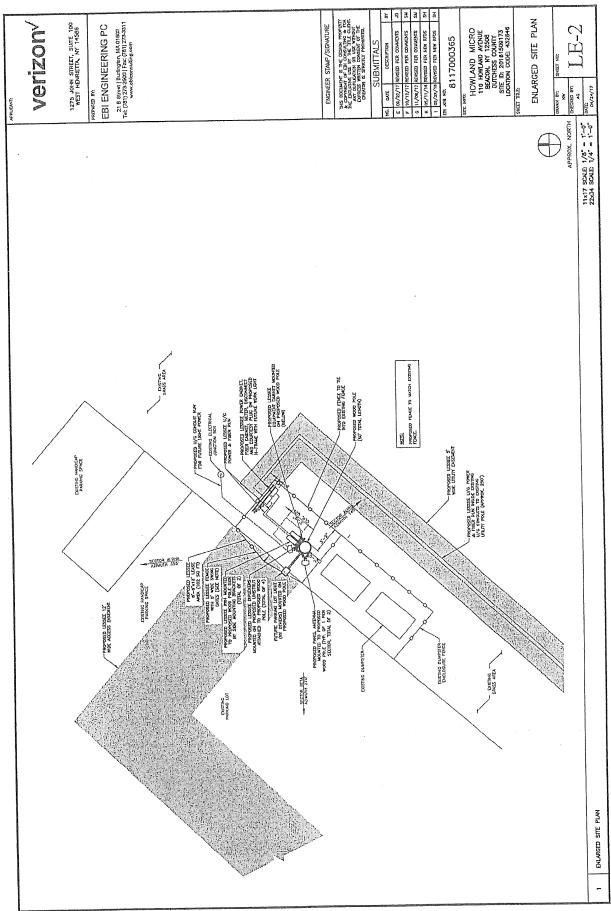
WITNESS

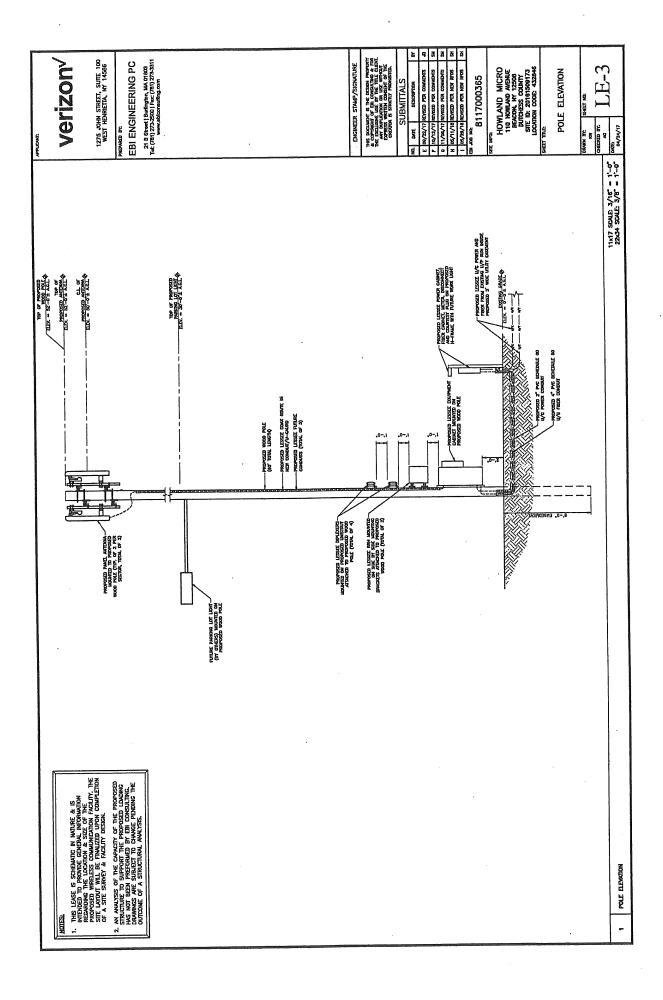
Bonbarg Clark

EXHIBIT "A"

SITE PLAN OF GROUND SPACE AND CABLING SPACE







CITY COUNCIL of the CITY of BEACON, DUTCHESS COUNTY, NEW YORK

In the Matter of the Special Use Permit and Site Plan Review Application of

ORANGE COUNTY-POUGHKEEPSIE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP d/b/a Verizon Wireless

Premises: 110 Howland Avenue Beacon, Dutchess County, New York

STATEMENT OF INTENT and APPLICATION FOR SPECIAL USE PERMIT and ROSENBERG WAIVER RELIEF

I. <u>Introduction</u>

ORANGE COUNTY-POUGHKEEPSIE LIMTIED PARTNERSHIP d/b/a Verizon Wireless ("Verizon Wireless" or the "Applicant") proposes to install a new fifty-two foot (52') wooden utility pole, two antennae and related equipment located at the above-referenced address ("Project").

Verizon Wireless is considered a public utility under New York decisional law (*Cellular Telephone Company v. Rosenberg*, 82 N.Y.2d 364 (1993)) [Exhibit 1], and a provider of "personal wireless services" under the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "TCA") [Exhibit 2]. Verizon Wireless' equipment will be in operation twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week, three hundred sixty-five (365) days a year. A copy of the applicable Verizon Wireless FCC licenses is included herewith Exhibit 3.

In *Rosenberg*, this State's highest Court determined that the ordinary variance standard is inapplicable and a cellular telephone company applying for a variance need only show that (1) the variance is "required to render safe and adequate service," and (2) there are "compelling reasons, economic or otherwise," for needing the variance. *Cellular Telephone Company v. Rosenberg*, 82 N.Y.2d 364, 372 (1993). Verizon Wireless respectfully submits this Statement of Intent in support of its application for Special Use Permit approval, and all necessary Town Board waivers under the *Rosenberg* standard.

The proposed Project involves installation and operation of two (2) small antennae and related equipment on a new wooden utility pole. The specific improvements proposed are detailed on the Zoning/Site Plans prepared by EBI Consulting included herewith as <u>Exhibit 4</u>.

II. Purpose of Howland Micro Communications Facility

The purpose of the Project is to provide "hotspot" coverage for its advanced 4th Generation Long Term Evolution (4G LTE) services to an area in the City of Beacon that is currently experiencing network capacity issues. Enclosed in <u>Exhibit 5</u> is a RF Analysis prepared by a qualified radio frequency consultant which analysis describes in detail the need for this new site at this location. This_analysis also includes a discussion concerning the methodology of identifying the proposed location for the Project and how it complies with the siting priorities in the newly enacted small cell local law.

III. Additional Supporting Materials

1. <u>Public Necessity of Facility.</u> The Applicant has provided expert proof in the form of a report from its Radio Frequency (RF) Design Engineer depicting the area within which Verizon Wireless' communications facility needs to be located (the "search area") in order to provide adequate and safe service to certain areas in the City of beacon. This report clearly demonstrates that (i) there is an inadequate and unsafe level of service in the targeted area of the City of Beacon, and (ii) a new communications facility is necessary to provide an adequate and safe level of hand-held wireless service to this area. <u>See, Exhibit 5</u>.

As noted above and in <u>Exhibits 2 and 3</u>, Verizon Wireless is recognized as a public utility under New York law and a provider of personal wireless services under the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996. This project is a public necessity in that it is required to render adequate and safe coverage (mobile and in-building) to a significant portion of the City of Beacon. This, combined with the federal mandate to expeditiously deploy advanced wireless services across the nation and Verizon Wireless' FCC licenses to provide such services in the City of Beacon, demonstrates that Verizon Wireless' facility is a public necessity. Without the construction of the communications facility proposed, the public would be deprived of an essential means of communication, which, in turn, would jeopardize the safety and welfare of the community and traveling public.

- 2. The Application conforms with all applicable regulations promulgated by the Federal Communications Commission, the Federal Aviation Administration and other federal agencies. The proposed facility will not increase the height of the existing utility pole and will not require FAA lighting.
- **3.** As set forth above, Verizon Wireless and the proposed facility are considered public utilities for purposes of zoning under existing New York decisional law.
- **4.** Operation of the facility will not involve any objectionable noise, fumes, vibration or other characteristics.
- 5. The facility will be operated on a 24/7 basis 365 days a year with minimal maintenance required. Adequate access and parking have been incorporated into the facility design.

- 6. The facility will not increase or otherwise impact any existing traffic patterns, nor will it impair pedestrian or vehicular safety or overload existing roads. Additionally, the facility will be fully accessible to fire, police and other emergency vehicles.
- 7. Because the facility will be unmanned, it will not involve the use of any public water, drainage or sewer system, or any other municipal facility, or degrade any act or for, natural resource or ecosystem.
- 8. No tower marking and/or lighting will be required under Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) regulations.
- 9. A copy of Verizon Wireless' tower maintenance plan for this site is attached in <u>Exhibit 6</u>.
- 10. A certification from a New York licensed professional engineer (Paul Dugan, P.E. of Millennium Engineering, P.C.) entitled "RF Safety FCC Compliance of Proposed Communications Facility" is included at <u>Exhibit 7</u>, to document that Verizon Wireless' proposed transmissions will be: (a) in full compliance with the current FCC RF emissions guidelines (NIER); and (b) categorically excluded from local regulation under applicable federal law.
- **11.** <u>Exhibit 8</u> includes a Non-Interference report prepared by Millennium Engineering, which confirms that the proposed installation will not result in interference with existing uses, including radio, television and other broadcast signals.
- **12.** To assist the city fulfill its obligations under the NYS Environmental Quality Review Act ("SEQRA"), a Short Environmental Assessment Form ("EAF") has been prepared by Tectonic Engineering and is provided in <u>Exhibit 9</u>.
- **13.** Photographs of the existing property, including the specific location where the proposed facility will be located are provided in <u>Exhibit 10</u>.

IV. Conclusion

Approval of the Project will enable Verizon Wireless to provide an adequate and safe level of wireless telephone service to the area of the City of Beacon and surrounding environs, within the confines of applicable technological and land use limitations. Such approval will also be in the public interest, in that it will allow Verizon Wireless to comply with its statutory mandate to build out its network and provide local businesses, residents and public service entities with safe and reliable wireless communications services. Based upon the foregoing, Verizon Wireless respectfully submits that this project complies in all material respects with the Special Use Permit and Site Plan Review requirements of the City of Beacon's Zoning Code, and any potential impact on the community created by this approval may properly be considered to be minimal and of no significant adverse effect. If you should have any questions or require any additional information, I can be reached at (518) 438-9907, Ext. 258.

Thank you for your consideration.

Respectfully submitted, ORANGE / COUNTY-POUGHKEESPIE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP d/b/a Verizon Wireless

Scott P, Olson, Esq. Regional Local Counsel

Dated: November 21, 2018

City of Beacon Workshop Agenda 7/8/2019

Title:

Local Law Regarding City of Beacon Noise Ordinance

Subject:

Background:

ATTACHMENTS:

Description	Туре
Resolution Setting Public Hearing Regarding City of Beacon Noise Ordinance for August 19, 2019	Resolution
Local Law Regarding City of Beacon Noise Ordinance	Local Law



Resolution No. _____ of 2019

RESOLUTION SETTING A PUBLIC HEARING TO DISCUSS PROPOSED LOCAL LAW TO AMEND CHAPTER 149 AND CHAPTER 223 OF THE CODE OF THE CITY OF BEACON FOR AUGUST 19, 2019

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the City Council sets a Public Hearing to discuss Proposed Local Law to Amend Chapter 149 and Chapter 223 of the Code of the City of Beacon for August 19, 2019.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City Councils shall send Proposed Local Law to Amend Chapter 149 and Chapter 223 of the Code of the City of Beacon to the City of Beacon Planning Board and Dutchess County Planning and Development for comment.

Reso	lution 1	No of 2019	Date: N	lay 1	5,20	19		
Am	endment	s					\Box 2/3 Required	
□Not	on roll c	call.	On re	oll cal	1		□ 3/4 Required	
Motion	Second	Council Member		Yes	No	Abstain	Reason	Absent
		Terry Nelson						
		Jodi McCredo						
		George Mansfield						
		Lee Kyriacou						
		John Rembert						
		Amber Grant						
		Mayor Randy Casale						
	•	Motion Carried						

DRAFT LOCAL LAW NO. ____ OF 2019

CITY COUNCIL CITY OF BEACON

PROPOSED LOCAL LAW TO AMEND CHAPTER 149 AND CHAPTER 223 SECTION 29 OF THE CODE OF THE CITY OF BEACON

A LOCAL LAW to amend Chapter 149 and Chapter 223 Section 29 of Code of the City of Beacon, concerning noise regulations.

BE IT ENACTED by the City Council of the City of Beacon as follows:

Section 1. Chapter 149 of the Code of the City of Beacon entitled "Noise" is hereby amended as follows:

§ 149-1 Title.

This Chapter shall be known and cited as the "City of Beacon Noise Control Law."

§ 149-2 Legislative Intent.

The intent of this Chapter is to supersede the present Noise Control Law of the City of Beacon by the enactment of the following provisions, definitions and standards for noise elimination or abatement in the City of Beacon.

§ 149-3 Findings and declarations.

It is hereby found and declared that:

- A. The making, creation or maintenance of loud, unnatural or unusual noises, which are prolonged and unnatural in their time, place and use, affect and are a detriment to the public health, comfort, convenience, safety and welfare of the residents of the City of Beacon.
- B. The necessity in the public interest for the provisions and prohibitions hereinafter contained and enacted is declared as a matter of legislative determination and public policy, and it is further declared that the provisions and prohibitions hereinafter contained and enacted are for the purpose of securing and promoting the public health, comfort, convenience, safety and welfare, and the peace and quiet of the City of Beacon and its inhabitants.

§ 149-4 Definitions.

As used in this Chapter, the following terms shall have the meanings as indicated:

AFFECTED PERSON

Any person who has lodged a Noise complaint with the Building Department or Police Department that he or she is the receptor of Noise on property within the City, and said Affected Person has an interest in the property as an owner, tenant, or employee.

5102/11/674527v6 7/1/19

AMBIENT SOUND

The sound level at a given location that exists as a result of the combined contribution in that location of all sound sources, excluding the contribution of the source or sources under investigation for potential violation of this Chapter and excluding the contribution of extraneous sound sources. Ambient sounds are differentiated from extraneous sounds by the fact that ambient sounds are being emitted the majority of the time although they may not be continuous. Examples of ambient sounds may include steady traffic of properly muffled vehicles, summer insects in the distance, pedestrians talking, and adjacent commercial/industrial operations or mechanical equipment.

COMMERCIAL DISTRICT

All commercial districts as defined § 223-2 of the Code of the City of Beacon.

COMMON WALL BUILDING

Any building wherein there are two or more dwelling units.

COMMERCIAL FACILITY

Any premises, property or facility involving traffic in goods or furnishing of services for sale or profit, including but not limited to:

- A. Banking or other financial institutions.
- B. Dining establishments.
- C. Establishments providing retail services.
- D. Establishments providing wholesale services.
- E. Establishments for recreation and entertainment, including the serving of alcohol.
- F. Office buildings.
- G. Transportation.
- H. Warehouses.
- I. Establishments providing commercial living accommodations and commercial property used for human habitation, when such is the source of the sound under investigation.

CONSTRUCTION

Any site preparation, assembly, erection, repair, alteration or similar action, but excluding demolition of buildings or structures.

CONTINUOUS SOUND

Sound with a duration of one second or longer measured by the slow response of a sound level meter. Impulsive sounds that are rapidly repetitive and occur over a period of time with a duration of one second or longer shall be measured as continuous sound.

CORRECTED SOURCE SOUND LEVEL

The sound level attributable to the source or sources under investigation for potential violation of this Chapter, which is calculated by subtracting the measured ambient sound level from the measured *5102/11/674527v6 7/1/19*

Draft July 1, 2019

total sound level.

DAYTIME HOURS

The hours between 7:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, the hours between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. on Saturday and the hours 9:00 a.m. through 8:00 p.m. on Sundays and federal and state holidays.

dBA

The sound level as measured using the "A" weighting network with a sound level meter meeting the standards set forth in ANSI S1.4-1983 or its successors. The unit of reporting is dB(A). The "A" weighting network discriminates against the lower frequencies according to a relationship approximating the auditory sensitivity of the human ear.

DECIBEL

The practical unit of measurement for sound pressure level. The number of decibels of a measured sound is equal to 20 times the logarithm to the base of 10 of the ratio of the sound pressure of the measured sound to the sound pressure of a standard sound (20 micropascals); abbreviated as "dB."

DEMOLITION

Any dismantling, intentional destruction or removal of buildings or structures.

EMERGENCY WORK

Any work or action necessary to deliver essential services, including but not limited to repairing water, gas, electricity, telephone or sewer facilities or public transportation facilities, removing fallen trees on public rights-of-way or abating life-threatening conditions.

EXTRANEOUS SOUND

Any sound that is intense and intermittent, and is neither ambient sound nor sound attributable to a source or sources under investigation for a potential violation of this chapter. Such sound includes but is not limited to sirens of emergency vehicles, unusually loud motor vehicle exhaust or braking, people shouting or talking next to the sound level meter, animal vocalizations, aircraft or trains passing, car door slams, etc. When conducting compliance measurements, such extraneous sound sources may be noted but their sound levels are excluded.

INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT

All industrial districts as defined in § 223-2 of the Code of the City of Beacon.

IMPULSE SOUND

Any sound with a rapid onset and rapid decay with either a single pressure peak or a single burst (multiple pressure peaks) having a duration of less than one second.

LEGAL HOLIDAYS

New Year's Day, Lincoln's Birthday, Washington's Birthday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Columbus Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.

MOTORIZED EQUIPMENT

Any power equipment utilizing an electric or internal-combustion engine.

MOTOR VEHICLE

Any vehicle that is propelled or drawn on land by an engine or motor.

MUFFLER

A sound-dissipative device or system for abating the sounds of escaping gasses of an internalcombustion engine.

5102/11/674527v6 7/1/19

Any building wherein there are two or more dwelling units.

MULTI-USE PROPERTY

Any distinct parcel of land that is used for more than one category of activity. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- A. A commercial, residential, industrial or public service property having boilers, incinerators, elevators, automatic garage doors, air conditioners, laundry rooms, utility provisions, or health and recreational facilities, or other similar devices or areas, either in the interior or on the exterior of the building, which may be a source of elevated sound levels at another category on the same distinct parcel of land; or
- B. A building which is both commercial (usually on the ground floor) and residential property located above, behind, below or adjacent thereto.

NIGHTTIME HOURS

The hours between 8:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m., Sunday evening through Friday morning, Friday evening 8:00 p.m. through 8:00 a.m. Saturday morning and Saturday evening 8:00 p.m. through 9:00 a.m. Sunday morning. Saturday nighttime hours apply to state and federal holidays.

NOISE CONTROL ADMINISTRATOR

The Code Enforcement Officer, the Building Inspector of the City of Beacon or the City of Beacon Police Department.

NOISE DISTURBANCE

Any sound that:

- A. Endangers the safety or health of any person.
- B. Disturbs a reasonable person of normal sensitivities, or
- C. Endangers personal or real property.

PERSON

Any individual, corporation, company, association, society, firm, partnership or joint-stock company.

PLAINLY AUDIBLE

Any sound that can be detected by an investigator using his or her unaided hearing faculties of normal acuity. As an example, if the sound source under investigation is a sound production device, the detection of the rhythmic bass component of the music is sufficient to verify plainly audible sound. The investigator need not determine the title, specific words, or the artist performing the song.

PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY

Any street, avenue, boulevard, road, highway, sidewalk, alley or parking lot used by members of the general public.

PUBLIC SPACE

Any real property or structures therein that are either owned, leased or controlled by a governmental entity. Public space includes but is not limited to parks, sports fields or lots.

Draft July 1, 2019

REAL PROPERTY LINE

Either (a) the vertical boundary that separates one parcel of property (i.e., lot and block) from another residential or commercial property; (b) the vertical and horizontal boundaries of a dwelling unit that is part of a common wall building; or (c) on a multi-use property as defined herein, the vertical or horizontal boundaries between the two portions of the property on which different categories of activity are being performed (e.g., if the multi-use property is a building which is residential upstairs and commercial downstairs, then the real property line would be the interface between the residential area and the commercial area, or if there is an outdoor sound source such as an HVAC unit on the same parcel of property, the boundary line is the exterior wall of the receiving unit).

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY

Property used for human habitation, including but not limited to:

- A. Private property used for human habitation.
- B. Commercial living accommodations and commercial property used for human habitation.
- C. Recreational and entertainment property used for human habitation.
- D. Community service property used for human habitation.
- E. Hospitals, long-term medical or residential care facilities.

SOUND LEVEL

Unless otherwise stated, the sound pressure level measured in decibels with a sound level meter set for A-weighing; sound level is expressed in dBA.

SOUND-LEVEL METER

An instrument used to measure sound level which conforms to Type 1 or Type 2 standards specified by the American National Standards Institute "Specifications for Sound Level Meters" S1.4-1984 (or subsequent revisions).

SOUND LEVEL METER CALIBRATOR

An instrument used to conduct field calibration checks of a sound level meter, and which conforms to the American National Standards Institute "Specifications and Verification Procedures for Sound Calibrator" S1.40-2006 (or subsequent revisions).

SOUND PRODUCTION DEVICE

Any device whose primary function is the production of sound, including, but not limited to any musical instrument, loudspeaker, radio, television, digital or analog music player, public address system or sound-amplifying equipment.

TOTAL SOUND LEVEL

The measured level which represents the sum of sound from the source or sources under investigation for potential violation of this code and the ambient sound sources, excluding any extraneous sound, when measured on the property of an affected person or at another specified location.

WEEKDAY

Any day that is not a legal holiday, beginning on Monday at 7:00 a.m. and ending on the following Friday at 6:00 p.m.

Draft July 1, 2019

WEEKDAY NIGHT

Sunday night through Thursday night, excluding nights preceding legal holidays.

WEEKEND

Begins on Friday at 6:00 p.m. and ends on the following Monday at 7:00 a.m.

WEEKEND NIGHT

Friday and Saturday nights and the nights preceding legal holidays

§ 149-5 Noise disturbance prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person to make, continue, cause or allow, orally or mechanically, any noise disturbance affecting persons in the City of Beacon.

- A. The general standards to be considered in determining whether such noise disturbance exists include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (1) The intensity of the noise under investigation for violation of this Chapter.
 - (2) Whether the nature of the noise is usual or unusual.
 - (3) Whether the origin of the noise is natural or unnatural.
 - (4) The volume and intensity of the ambient noise, if any.
 - (5) The proximity of the noise to parks or other public places, hospitals, nursing homes, daycare centers or schools, and houses of worship.
 - (6) The nature and the zoning district of the area within which the noise emanates.
 - (7) Whether the noise trespasses into a residential dwelling and infringes on the ability of an affected person to repose or sleep, or trespasses into a commercial establishment and infringes on the ability of an affected person to conduct normal business activities.
 - (8) The time of day or night the noise occurs.
 - (9) The duration of the noise.
 - (10) Whether the sound source is temporary.
 - (11) Whether the noise is continuous or impulsive.
 - (12) The presence of discrete tones
 - (13) Whether the emission of the noise is purposeful or unnecessary and serves no legitimate purpose.

§ 149-6 Sound level limits.

- A. No person shall operate or cause to be operated any source of sound from any use occupancy in such a manner as to create a sound level which exceeds the limits set forth in the use occupancy category in Table 1, when measured at or within the property line of an affected person.
 - (1) Continuous Sound. The limit in Table 1 may not be exceeded in three or more measurement periods within any one-hour period. Each measurement period must be no less than one half

minute. If the total duration of the sound under investigation is less than one and one half minute, the requirement for a minimum of three measurements shall be waived.

TABLE 1 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE SOUND LEVEL LIMITS BY RECEIVING LAND USE dB(A)

Residential ¹ 7:00 AM – 10:00 PM	Residential 10:00 PM – 7 AM	Commercial 24 hours	Industrial 24 hours
	OUTDOORS		
60	50	65	70
INDOORS ²			
50	40	55	60

1. If the residential receptor is within a commercial or industrial district, or within 200 feet of such a district, the permissible sound level limits in Table 1 are increased by 5 dB(A) during daytime hours. This increase in limit shall not apply to the sound emissions of a Sound Production Device operated by a commercial facility after 8:00 PM on nights before days that the Beacon City School District is in session (i.e., "a school night").

- 2. Indoor measurements for compliance with Table 1 shall only be taken if the sound source is on or within the same property as the receiving property, as in the case of a common wall building or a multi-use property (e.g., sound generated within a commercial unit of a multi-use property building and received within a residential unit of the same building). In addition, indoor measurements shall be taken if the property line between the receiving property and the source property is a common wall, floor or ceiling
- (2) Impulsive Sound:
 - (a) No person shall make, cause, allow or permit the operation of any impulsive source of sound that has a maximum sound level in excess of eighty (80) dBA, when measured at or within the real property line of an affected person. If an impulsive sound occurs more frequently than ten (10) times in any hour the levels set forth in Table_1 shall apply. At nighttime, if an impulsive sound occurs more frequently than four (4) times in any hour the levels set forth in Table_1 shall apply.
 - (b) If measurements of impulsive sound are conducted indoors, the permissible limit is sixty (60) dBA. If an impulsive sound occurs more frequently than ten (10) times in any hour the levels set forth in Table_1 shall apply. At nighttime, if an impulsive sound occurs more frequently than four (4) times in any hour the levels set forth in Table_1 shall apply.

§ 149-7 Specific prohibited acts, restricted uses and activities

In addition to the general prohibitions set out above and the maximum permissible sound levels set out in Table 1, and unless otherwise exempted in this Chapter, the following specific acts are hereby declared to be in violation of this Chapter. This enumeration shall not be deemed to be exclusive.

- A. Sound production devices: operating, playing or permitting the operation or playing of any sound production device, in such a manner as to create a noise disturbance at or within the property line of any affected person.
 - (1) Prima facie evidence of a violation of this section and the creation of a noise disturbance shall

include but not be limited to the operation of such a device between the hours of 10:00 PM and 7:00 AM in such a manner that it is plainly audible inside the dwelling of an affected person.

(2) The limits in Table I shall also apply at all times.

- B. Loudspeakers and public-address systems mounted outdoors or indoors within 10 feet of an open door or window: using or operating any loudspeaker, public-address system or similar device is prohibited between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. of the following day.
- C. Animals : it shall be unlawful for any property owner or tenant to allow any domesticated or caged animal to create a sound across a real property line which creates a noise disturbance or interferes with the peace, comfort, and repose of any resident, or to refuse or intentionally fail to cease the noise disturbance when ordered to do so by a Noise Control Administrator. Prima facie evidence of a violation of this section shall include but not be limited to:
 - (1) Vocalizing (howling, yelping, barking, squawking etc.) for five (5) minutes without interruption, defined as an average of four or more vocalizations per minute in that period; or,
 - (2) Vocalizing for twenty (20) minutes intermittently, defined as an average of two vocalizations or more per minute in that period.
 - (3) It is an affirmative defense under this subsection that the dog or other animal was intentionally provoked to bark or make any other noise.
- D. Loading and unloading: loading, unloading, opening, closing or other handling of boxes, crates, containers, bales, cans, drums, refuse or similar objects or the pumped loading or unloading of materials in liquid, gaseous, powder or pellet form between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. the following day when the sound therefrom creates a noise disturbance across a residential real property line as measured at the property line.
- E. Motor vehicles:
 - (1) Operating or permitting the operation of any motor vehicle, or any auxiliary equipment attached to such a vehicle, for a period longer than five minutes in any sixty-minute period so out of repair or in such a condition as to create a noise disturbance.
 - (2) No motor vehicle may be operated without a properly functioning muffler on a public right-ofway. The operation of a vehicle which is unmuffled or is equipped with straight pipes is a violation of this Chapter.
 - (3) Personal or commercial vehicular music amplification or reproduction equipment shall not be operated in such a manner that it is plainly audible at distance of 25 feet in any direction from the operator between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.
 - (4) Personal or commercial vehicular music amplification or reproduction equipment shall not be operated in such a manner that is plainly audible at a distance of 50 feet in any direction from the operator between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m.
 - (5) The registered owner of the vehicle, if present when the violation occurs, is in violation of this section. If the owner of the vehicle is not present, the violation will be served upon the person in charge or control of the vehicle, or anyone who assists in the production of the sound that is found to be in violation.
 - (6) The horn or signaling device on any motor vehicle may not be operated, except when used as a

danger or traffic warning signal, and such operation must terminate when the danger has passed.

- (7) An exterior alarm of a motor vehicle must not audibly sound for more than five minutes continuously or 10 minutes intermittently. While operating within these parameters, the limits in Table 1 do not apply.
- (8) It shall be unlawful to create a noise or disturbance or operate a motor vehicle in such a manner as to cause excessive squealing or other excessive noise of the tires.
- F. Construction, repair and demolition: excluding emergency work, operating or permitting the operation of any tool or equipment used in construction, repair, demolition or excavation shall not be permitted between the hours of 8:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m. on any day unless it can meet the limits in Table 1. At all other times the limits set forth in Table 1 do not apply. This section shall not apply to road maintenance/ improvement on preexisting roads or preventative maintenance on the sewer mains and pipes, on which daytime construction would prove disruptive to traffic flow. All motorized equipment used in construction and demolition activity shall be operated with a muffler.
- G. Power tools: operating power tools used for landscaping and yard maintenance, excluding emergency work, within 200 feet of a residential property line shall not be permitted between the hours of 7:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m. on weekdays, or between the hours of 7:00 p.m. and 9:00 a.m. on weekdays, or legal holidays, unless such activities can meet the limits set forth in Table I. All motorized equipment used in these activities shall be operated with a muffler. At all other times, the limits in Table 1 do not apply.
- H. Sound devices on public transportation: operating, playing or permitting the operation or playing of any radio, phonograph, tape player, compact disc player, cell phone, television receiver or similar device on or in any method of public transportation in such a manner that the sound from such device is plainly audible to any other person.
- I. Miscellaneous sound producers: creating or emitting a noise which constitutes a noise disturbance by any manner, including but not limited to a horn, siren, whistle, shout, bell, musical instrument, tool or engine. J. The operation of a standby or portable generator is exempt from the limits in this Chapter when there is a power outage. The regular testing/exercising of a generator must be conducted during weekdays between the hours of 8:00 AM and 4:00 PM and for the minimum duration suggested by the manufacturer. During such testing the sound level limit shall be 70 dBA at the property line of any affected person. The permissible limits in Table 1 apply to the operation of generators tested outside of the prescribed hours or operated when there is no power outage. No person shall at any time operate a generator during nighttime hours in a Residential District unless there is a power outage. Generators used on a permitted construction site may not exceed 65 dBA at the property line of any affected person.
- K. Repairing, rebuilding, modifying or testing any motor vehicle, motorcycle or motorboat in such a manner as to cause a frequent, repetitive or continuous noise disturbance across the real property line of an affected person or between the hours of 10:00 PM and 8:00 AM. When these activities are conducted between 8:00 AM and 10:00 PM, and do not cause a noise disturbance, the limits in Table 1 do not apply.

Draft July 1, 2019

- A. Sounds from motorized equipment such as power tools, lawn mowers and garden equipment when operated between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays, or between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. on weekends or legal holidays.
- B. Sound from bells or chimes, which may include electronic devices that imitate the sound of bells or chimes, while being used in conjunction with religious services.
- C. Sound from a snow blower, snow thrower, electric snow shovel or snowplow used for the purpose of snow removal.
- D. Sound from an exterior burglar alarm of any building, provided that such alarm shall terminate within 15 minutes after it has been activated.
- E. Sound used for the purposes of alerting a person of an emergency.
- F. Sound from the performance of emergency work.
- G. Sound from a municipally sponsored event or one for which a permit has been issued by the city. Permitted events are subject to the conditions of the permit, which may include restrictions on the hours of operation and alternative sound level limits.
- H. National warning system (NAWAS); systems used to warn the community of attack or imminent public danger such as flooding, explosion or hurricane.
- I. Sounds from municipal-sponsored projects, work or repairs as ordered by the City Administrator, or his or her designee.
- J. Motor vehicles on public roadways otherwise in compliance with §149-7E
- K. The unamplified human voice is exempt from the sound level limits of this Chapter, however, it may be determined that an individual is creating a noise disturbance pursuant to § 149-5.
- L. Surface carriers engaged in commerce by railroad.
- M. Noise of aircraft flight operations.

§ 149-9 Sound level measurement procedures and calculation of corrected source sound level.

For the purpose of determining sound level as set forth in this Chapter, the following guidelines shall be applicable:

- A. All personnel conducting sound measurements shall be trained in the current techniques and principles of sound measuring equipment and instrumentation. Provisions of this Chapter that do not require sound measurements may be enforced by any officer of the City of Beacon Building Department and Beacon Police Department.
- B. Sound level meters and calibrators used to conduct measurements shall conform to the definitions of this Chapter.
- C. The sound level meter and calibrator shall be recertified annually by the manufacturer or at a laboratory accredited for such calibrations by either the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation or the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
- D. The general steps listed below shall be followed when conducting sound level measurements:

Draft July 1, 2019

- (1) A field calibration check of the sound level meter shall be conducted before and after each set of measurements. If the meter drifts by more than 0.5 dB between calibrations, all measurements taken since the last valid calibration shall be voided.
- (2) When measurements are taken out of doors, a wind screen shall be placed over the microphone of the sound level meter as per the manufacturer's instructions. Wind speed measurements shall be taken at the sound measurement location, and sound measurements shall not be conducted when the wind speed exceeds 12 MPH. Measurements may be taken in a location where the microphone is shielded from excess wind speeds.
- (3) The sound level meter shall be placed at an angle to the sound source as specified by the manufacturer's instructions and at least four feet above the ground.
- (4) Unless otherwise specified in this Cchapter, sound level measurements or observations shall be conducted at or within the property line of an Affected Person, at any location or elevation on their property or within their premises that reasonably represents a location at which they may be exposed to the noise. This may include but is not limited to conducting measurements at an elevated balcony or bedroom window.
- (5) The investigator shall survey the immediate vicinity of the source under investigation, in order to confirm the identity of the source, and to select suitable locations for the measurement of the Total Sound Level and the Ambient Sound Level.
- (6) Total Sound Level measurements shall be conducted at or within the property lines of the affected person, unless otherwise specified in this Chapter. The location of outdoor measurements, at the discretion of the investigator, should represent a location on that property which would see regular use by the affected person during the day, or be within 25 feet of the residential structure at night. The maximum sound level meter reading shall be noted during each period of observation, which is observably resulting from sound emissions of the source under investigation. The reported levels shall exclude extraneous sounds.
- (7) When conducting indoor sound level measurements, the measurements shall be taken at least three feet from any wall, floor or ceiling and all exterior doors and windows may, at the discretion of the investigator, be open or closed. The configuration of the windows and doors shall be the same when measuring Total and Ambient Sound Levels, and all sound sources within the dwelling unit must be shut off (e.g., television, stereo). Measurements shall not be taken in areas that receive only casual use such as hallways, closets and bathrooms.
- (8) Ambient Sound Level measurements shall be conducted in such a manner as to quantify the contribution of the ambient sound sources to the location at which the Total Sound Measurements were conducted. If sound from the source under investigation can reasonably be discontinued, these measurements shall be conducted at the same location at which the Total Sound Level measurements were conducted, while the source under investigation is not operating. If sound from the source under investigation can not reasonably be discontinued (per § 149-10 B) then for purposes of enforcement of this code, the ambient sound level of a given location may be determined based upon measurements taken at a comparable site (which includes but is not limited to comparable physical locations and time of day) in the nearby area. The choice of an alternate location or time for these measurements must take into consideration the primary source(s) of ambient sound (e.g., a major roadway), and remain the same relative distance between the ambient source and the location at which the Total Sound Level measurements were conducted, with traffic patterns relatively the same. The

maximum sound level meter reading shall be noted during the periods of observation, excluding extraneous sounds.

- (9) Measurements of continuous sound are conducted with the meter set for slow response and measurements of impulse sound are conducted with the meter set for fast or impulse response.
- E. The Corrected Source Sound Level shall be calculated by subtracting the Ambient Sound Level from the Total Sound Level, as per Table 2, below. This procedure is utilized to determine compliance with the limits in Table 1.

TABLE 2

CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT SOUND LEVELS dB

Difference between Total Sound Level and Ambient Sound Level (TSL – ASL) in dB	Correction Factor to be Subtracted from Total Sound Level to Calculate Corrected Source Sound Level
0-3	Source Level \leq Ambient Sound Level
4,5	2
6-9	1
10 or more	0

Procedure for Using Table 2

- Step 1: Subtract the Ambient Sound Level from the Total Sound Level.
- Step 2: Refer to Table 2 to determine the correction factor for the difference calculated in Step 1.
- Step 3: Subtract the correction factor from the Total Sound Level. The resultant number is the Corrected Source Sound Level.
- F. Compliance determination shall be based upon the Corrected Source Sound Level.
 - (1) No violation shall be based upon any exceedance that is the result of numerical rounding.
 - (2) A violation shall only be confirmed if the Corrected Source Sound Level exceeds both the permissible sound level limits in Table 1 and the measured Ambient Sound Levels.

§ 149-10 Inspections.

- A. For the purpose of determining compliance with the provisions of this Chapter, the Noise Control Administrator or his or her designated representative is hereby authorized to make inspections of all noise sources and to take measurements and make tests whenever necessary to determine the quantity and character of noise.
- B. No person shall refuse to allow the Noise Control Administrator or his or her designated representative to perform reasonable sound testing on any device or devices, including but not limited to requiring the temporary shutting down of said device or devices for the purposes of

such testing except that upon showing that the inspection would produce a noticeable interruption of services that would cause discomfort to employees or customers or require a building engineer or other professional to work with the equipment, such authorized employee shall reschedule the inspection for a more convenient time.

- C. In the event that any person refuses or restricts entry and free access to any part of a premises or refuses inspection, testing or noise measurement of any activity, device, facility or process where inspection is sought, the Noise Control Administrator and/or designated representative may seek from the appropriate court a warrant without interference, restriction or obstruction, at a reasonable time, for the purpose of inspecting, testing or measuring noise.
- D. No person shall hinder, obstruct, delay, resist, prevent in any way, interfere or attempt to interfere with any authorized person while in the performance of his/her duties under this Chapter.

§ 149-11 Application for noise permits

- A. No person shall own, operate, or create a sound source as described in this section without having first obtained a noise permit from the City of Beacon, covering the specific occurrence. Applications for permits shall be made to the City Clerk and shall be reviewed and approved by the City Administrator, Chief of Police and Building Inspector. The permit shall be issued by the City Clerk. The City shall have the power to impose restrictions and conditions upon any sound source site.
- B. For purposes of this section, the following sound sources shall require permit approval from the City of Beacon:
 - (1) Private or public celebrations. Any person seeking to hold a public or private celebration which may violate provisions of this Chapter shall require a permit from the City of Beacon. The permit shall enumerate the specific date(s) and times for which the permit is valid and may establish specific sound level limits that apply during the period of the permit which may not be exceeded at the nearest affected residential or noise sensitive property. A noise permit shall be required, except where such noise permit is required in connection with any special event permit defined in § 211-13.2, in which case a separate noise permit shall not be required.
 - (2) Construction projects outside of permissible hours. Applications for after-hours construction permits shall include an explanation as to why the construction could not be completed during regular hours, as well as a presentation of adequate proof that compliance with this Chapter would impose an arbitrary or unreasonable hardship upon the applicant without equal or greater benefit to the public.
- C. Applicants for permits shall submit an application at least 30 days prior to the proposed occurrence/event, which shall include the information set forth in § 149-11.C. Additional information may be required in order for the application to be considered complete and ready for review. The City may, in its sole discretion, accept applications on less than 30 days notice upon good cause shown for not timely submitting
- C. In addition to any requirements set forth in § 149-11.B, applications for a noise permit shall set forth the following information:
 - (1) The name and address of the applicant.
 - (2) The name and location of the noise source for which such application is made.

Draft July 1, 2019

- (3) The reason for which the permit is requested, including the hardship that will result to the applicant or the public if the permit is not granted.
- (4) The nature and intensity of noise that will occur during the period of the permit.
- (5) The section or sections of this Chapter to which the permit shall apply.
- D. The applicant's failure to supply the foregoing information shall be cause for rejection of the application.
- E. The following factors shall be taken into consideration when determining said noise permit application:
 - (1) The character and degree of injury to, or interference with, the health and welfare of the reasonable use of property which is caused or threatened to be caused by the sound to result from the permit.
 - (2) The social and economic value of the activity for which the permit is sought.
 - (3) The ability of the applicant to apply best practical noise control measures, if appropriate.
- F. The permit shall enumerate the specific dates and times for which the permit is valid and may establish specific sound level limits which may not be exceeded at the nearest affected residential or noise sensitive property, that apply during the period of the permit.
- G. If the noise permit is denied, the reasons for the denial shall be provided to the applicant in writing.

H. Permit Fee. A permit fee as set forth on the City of Beacon fee schedule shall be required.

§ 149-13 Revocation of permit.

The permit may be revoked by the Building Inspector, Chief of Police and/or City Administrator if:

- A. There is a violation of one or more conditions of the permit, including but not limited to sound level limits specified in the permit; or
- B. There is a material misrepresentation of fact in the permit application; or
- C. There is a material change in any of the circumstances relied upon in granting the permit.

§ 149-14. Enforcement

The Code Enforcement Officer, the Building Inspector of the City of Beacon or the City of Beacon Police Department is hereby empowered and authorized to exercise such powers as may be necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this Chapter.

§ 149-15 Penalties for offenses.

- A. Any violation of this chapter shall be punished as prescribed in § 1-3.
- B. B. If the sound source found to be in violation is a sound production device, each separate hour in which a violation of this Chapter exists shall constitute a separate violation. The owner of the property and/or the owner of the commercial establishment from which sound is emitted and the person causing the generation of the sound are separately liable for a violation of this Chapter.

Draft July 1, 2019

Section 2. Chapter 223, Section 29 of the Code of the City of Beacon entitled "Noise" is hereby deleted in its entirety as follows:

Section 3. Ratification, Readoption and Confirmation

Except as specifically modified by the amendments contained herein, Chapter 149 and Chapter 223 of the Code of the City of Beacon is otherwise to remain in full force and effect and is otherwise ratified, readopted and confirmed.

Section 4. Numbering for Codification

It is the intention of the City of Beacon and it is hereby enacted that the provisions of this Local Law shall be included in the Code of the City of Beacon; that the sections and subsections of this Local Law may be re-numbered or re-lettered by the Codifier to accomplish such intention; that the Codifier shall make no substantive changes to this Local Law; that the word " Local Law" shall be changed to " Chapter," " Section" or other appropriate word as required for codification; and that any such rearranging of the numbering and editing shall not affect the validity of this Local Law or the provisions of the Code affected thereby.

Section 5. Severability

The provisions of this Local Law are separable and if any provision, clause, sentence, subsection, word or part thereof is held illegal, invalid or unconstitutional, or inapplicable to any person or circumstance, such illegality, invalidity or unconstitutionality, or inapplicability shall not affect or impair any of the remaining provisions, clauses, sentences, subsections, words or parts of this Local Law or their petition to other persons or circumstances. It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that this Local law would have been adopted if such illegal, invalid or unconstitutional provision, clause, sentence, subsection, word or part had not been included therein, and if such person or circumstance to which the Local Law or part hereof is held inapplicable had been specifically exempt there from.

Section 6. Effective Date

This local law shall take effect immediately upon filing with the Office of the Secretary of State.

City of Beacon Workshop Agenda 7/8/2019

Title:

Fulton Fowler and Vine Watermain Replacement

Subject:

Background:

ATTACHMENTS:

DescriptionTypeRecommendation of Award Regarding Fulton Fowler and
Vine Watermain ReplacementsBackup Material

LANC & TULLY ENGINEERING AND SURVEYING, P.C.

John J. O'Rourke, P.E., Principal David E. Higgins, P.E., Principal John Queenan, P.E., Principal Rodney C. Knowlton, L.S., Principal Jerry A. Woods, L.S., Principal John D. Russo, P.E., Principal John Lanc, P.E., L.S. Arthur R. Tully, P.E.

June 28, 2019

Mr. Anthony Ruggiero City Administrator City of Beacon City Hall 1 Municipal Plaza Beacon, NY 12508

and

Mr. Ed Balicki Water & Sewer Superintendent City of Beacon City Hall 1 Municipal Plaza Beacon, NY 12508

> RE: Fulton, Fowler & Vine Watermain Replacements City of Beacon Award Recommendation

Dear Mr. Ruggiero & Mr. Balicki:

A total of three (3) bid proposals were submitted and opened on June 20, 2019 for the **Fulton, Fowler & Vine Watermain Replacement** project. The three proposals were carefully reviewed; all multiplication between estimated quantities and unit prices checked; and addition of total prices checked against the total contract amount. All proposals submitted were complete. The bid submitted by Gianfia Corp. was found to have a multiplication error in one of the line items, but the overall contract amount was found to be correct.

The following tabulation shows the order from lowest bidder, the name of the bidder, the total contract amount, and the corrected contract amount if errors were found.

NAME OF BIDDER	TOTAL CONTRACT
	AMOUNT
Sun Up Construction Corp.	\$727,000.00
Wappingers Falls, NY	
Ben Ciccone, Inc.	\$961,055.00
Poughkeepsie, NY	
Gianfia Corp.	\$1,194,800.00
Hawthorne, NY	

The lowest bidder is Sun Up Construction Corp., with the total base bid amount of \$727,000.00. Sun Up Construction has submitted information related to several projects in which they have completed the work as outlined within the proposed project. References supplied were called and checked to verify the work completed by the prospective low bidder and were found to be acceptable. In our opinion, Sun Up Construction Corp. should be considered the lowest responsible bidder based upon the submitted information and Chapter 53 of the City Code. Along with the bid, the contractor has submitted a Non-Collusive Bidding Certificate, and a Bid Bond.

As the project came in \$217,000.00 over the estimated cost for the proposed work, our office contacted the contractors to ascertain why the costs for materials were so high. Based upon these conversations, the contractors explained that prices for steel and other materials are rising rapidly due to the recent tariffs and trade agreements that have been enacted. Typical pricing for the installation of 8" ductile iron pipe on this type of project was previously in the order of \$100 to \$120 per linear foot, whereas the average cost based upon the submitted bids would put the pricing for this work at \$185.00 per linear foot. The price for paving was also found to be \$17 to \$18 higher than normal.

It is our recommendation to the City Council to award the **Fulton, Fowler & Vine Watermain Replacement** project to Sun Up Construction Corp., if additional monies are available to fund the increased cost of the project.

If you have any questions, or need any further information, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Very truly

LANC & TULLY, John Russo, P.E.

Cc: Nick Ward-Willis, City Attorney

Fulton Fowler Vine Watermain Award Recommendation

2

City of Beacon Workshop Agenda 7/8/2019

Title:

Headworks for the Wastewater Treatment Plant Recommendation of Award

Subject:

Background:

ATTACHMENTS:

Description Type Recommendation of Award Headworks for Wastewater Treatment Plant Backu

Backup Material

BIPIN GANDHI, P.C.

Consulting Engineer

P.O. BOX 38 ROUTE 207 GOSHEN, N.Y. 10924

Mr. Anthony Ruggiero City Administrator City of Beacon City Hall 1 Municipal Plaza Beacon, NY 12508 June 27, 2019

(845) 294-5404 n

Re: Headworks for Wastewater Treatment Plant City of Beacon Award Recommendation

Dear Mr. Ruggiero:

Six (6) bid proposals were submitted for Contract 1, general Construction and Three (3) bid proposals were submitted for Contract 2, Electrical for the Headworks for the Beacon Wastewater Treatment Plant. The proposal were reviewed and found to be complete. Along with the bid, the Contractors have submitted a bid bond in the amount of 5% of the bid for bid security.

The following tabulation shows the order from lowest bidder, the name of the bidder and the contract amount.

Contract #1 - General Construction

Name of Bidder	Bid Amount
Tam Enterprises, Inc.	\$3,400,000.00
Eventus Construction, Inc.	\$3,670,000.00
Darlind Associates, Inc.	\$4,085,887.00
OCS Industries, Inc.	\$4,210,265.00
Gianfia Corp.	\$4,496,900.10
DA Collins Construction	\$4,870,000.00
Contract #2 – Electrical	

Name of Bidder	Bid Amount
JJ Sass Electric, Inc.	\$277,000.00
Hudson Valley Electrical	
Construction and Maintenance	\$284,444.00
RLJ Electric Corporation	\$363,000.00

For Contract #1, General Construction, the low bidder is Tam Enterprises, Inc. with a bid amount of \$3,400,000.00. For Contract #2, Electrical, the low bidder is JJ Sass Electric, Inc. with a bid amount of \$277,000.00. Both the bidders have successfully performed a number of projects. In our opinion, Tam Enterprises, Inc., for Contract #1 General Construction and JJ Sass Electric, Inc. for Contract #2 (Electrical) should be considered the lowest responsible bidders, based upon submitted information. The total bid amount of both the contracts are within the budgeted and approved capital improvement cost.

If you have any questions, or need any further information, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Very truly yours,

BIPIN GANDHI, P.C.

Binin German

Bipin Gandhi, P.E.

cc: Ed Balicki, Water and Sewer Superintendent Nick Ward-Willis, City Attorney John Russo, P.E.

City of Beacon Workshop Agenda 7/8/2019

Title:

Wilkes Street Sewer Upgrade

Subject:

Background:

ATTACHMENTS:

Description Recommendation of Award Regarding Wilkes Street Sewer Upgrade Туре

Backup Material

LANC & TULLY ENGINEERING AND SURVEYING, P.C.

John J. O'Rourke, P.E., Principal David E. Higgins, P.E., Principal John Queenan, P.E., Principal Rodney C. Knowlton, L.S., Principal Jerry A. Woods, L.S., Principal John D. Russo, P.E., Principal John Lanc, P.E., L.S. Arthur R. Tully, P.E.

July 2, 2019

Mr. Anthony Ruggiero City Administrator City of Beacon City Hall 1 Municipal Plaza Beacon, NY 12508

and

Mr. Ed Balicki Water & Sewer Superintendent City of Beacon City Hall 1 Municipal Plaza Beacon, NY 12508

> RE: Wilkes Street Sanitary Sewer CIPP Lining City of Beacon Award Recommendation

Dear Mr. Ruggiero & Mr. Balicki:

A total of three (3) bid proposals were submitted and opened on July 2, 2019 for the **Wilkes Street Sanitary Sewer CIPP Lining** project. The three proposals were carefully reviewed; all multiplication between estimated quantities and unit prices checked; and addition of total prices checked against the total contract amount. All proposals submitted were complete.

The following tabulation shows the order from lowest bidder, the name of the bidder, the total contract amount. The engineer's estimate for the project was \$343,670.00.

NAME OF BIDDER	TOTAL CONTRACT AMOUNT
National Water Main Cleaning Company Kearny, NY	\$81,927.00
Arold Construction Co. Kingston, NY	\$95,190.00
Skanex Pipe Services, Inc. Victor, NY	\$104,286.60

The lowest bidder is National Water Main Cleaning Company, with the total base bid amount of \$81,927.00. National Water Main Cleaning Company has submitted information related to several projects in which they have completed the work as outlined within the proposed project. References supplied were called and checked to verify the work completed by the prospective low bidder and were found to be acceptable. In our opinion, National Water Main Cleaning Company should be considered the lowest responsible bidder based upon the submitted information and Chapter 53 of the City Code. Along with the bid, the contractor has submitted a Non-Collusive Bidding Certificate, and a Bid Bond.

2

It is our recommendation to the City Council to award the *Wilkes Street Sanitary Sewer CIPP Lining* project to National Water Main Cleaning Company.

If you have any questions, or need any further information, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Very truly

LANC & TULLY, P.C. /////// In Russo, P.E.

Cc: Nick Ward-Willis, City Attorney

City of Beacon Workshop Agenda 7/8/2019

Title:

Local Law Regarding Parking on Van Nydeck Avenue and Sargent Avenue

Subject:

Background:

ATTACHMENTS:

Description	Туре
Letter from Traffic Safety Committee Regarding Sargent Avenue Parking	Cover Memo/Letter
Local Law Regarding Parking on Van Nydeck Avenue and Sargent Avenue	Local Law



CITY OF BEACON New York

Matthew Dubetsky, Committee Chair

TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

July 8, 2019

Dear City of Beacon City Council,

At the City of Beacon City Council meeting on May 20, 2019 a representative from the Sycamore Drive Home Owners Association, Rob Lanier, spoke during the Public Comment about a dangerous intersection at Sargent Avenue and Sycamore Drive. The safety issue lies in the fact that cars are parking too close to the intersection on the west side of Sargent Avenue making it difficult for cars to pull out from Sycamore Drive onto Sargent Avenue.

The Traffic Safety Commission took this under review at the May 28, 2019 meeting and subsequently at the June 25, 2019 meeting. The Code of the City of Beacon calls for there to be no parking on the east and west side of Sargent Avenue from Education Drive to Wolcott Avenue. However, only the east side of the street has no parking signs. After considering the situation, the Traffic Safety Committee determined that it was only necessary to place no parking signs on the west side of the street in the area of the intersection of Sargent Avenue and Sycamore Drive. Specifically, we are recommending placing no parking here to corner signs on the west side of Sargent Avenue from Sycamore Drive to a point 110 feet north and from Sycamore Drive to a point 50 feet south. Placing additional signs was deemed unnecessary for two reasons. First, there is only one other intersection in the corridor and parking is not a problem at that location. Second, there are a lot of driveways on the west side of the street which already limits on-street parking.

Thank you for considering this request, if you should have any questions please feel free to reach out to the Traffic Safety Committee.

From, Mit Dubetsky

Committee Chair

CITY COUNCIL CITY OF BEACON

LOCAL LAW TO AMEND CHAPTER 211, ARTICLE III, SECTION 15, SUBSECTION B OF THE CODE OF THE CITY OF BEACON

A LOCAL LAW amend Chapter 211, Article III, Section 15, Subsection B of the Code of the City of Beacon concerning parking on Sargent Avenue and Van Nydeck Avenue.

BE IT ENACTED by the City Council of the City of Beacon as follows:

Section 1. Chapter 211, Article III, Section 15, Subsection B of the Code of the City of Beacon is hereby amended to restrict parking on Sargent Avenue and Van Nydeck Avenue as follows:

§ 211-15. Parking, stopping and standing prohibited at all times.

B. Schedule X: Parking, Stopping and Standing Prohibited at All Times. In accordance with the provisions of Subsection A, no person shall park, stop or stand at any time upon any of the following described streets or parts of streets:

. . .

Name of Street	Side	Location
Sargent Avenue	 Both <u>East</u>	From Education Drive north to Wolcott Avenue, except it shall be permissible for the school crossing guard to park at a designated location during school crossing hours

Sargent Avenue	<u>West</u>	<u>From Sycamore Drive to a</u> point 110 feet North
Sargent Avenue	<u>West</u> 	<u>From Sycamore Drive to a</u> point 50 feet south
Van Nydeck Avenue	South	From Hudson Avenue to a point 300 feet west
Van Nydeck Avenue	South	From 30 feet east of the easternmost exit of Madam Brett Homestead
<u>Van Nydeck Avenue</u>	<u>South</u>	<u>From Tioronda Avenue to a</u> point 100 feet west

Added materials

Deleted Material

Section 2. Ratification, Readoption and Confirmation

Except as specifically modified by the amendments contained herein, Chapter 211, Article III, Section 15, Subsection B of the Code of the City of Beacon is otherwise to remain in full force and effect and are otherwise ratified, readopted and confirmed.

Section 3. Numbering for Codification

It is the intention of the City of Beacon and it is hereby enacted that the provisions of this Local Law shall be included in the Code of the City of Beacon; that the sections and subsections of this Local Law may be re-numbered or re-lettered by the Codifier to accomplish such intention; that the Codifier shall make no substantive changes to this Local Law; that the word "Local Law" shall be changed to "Chapter," "Section" or other appropriate word as required for codification; and that any such rearranging of the numbering and editing shall not affect the validity of this Local Law or the provisions of the Code affected thereby.

Section 4. Severability.

If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, or part of this chapter or the application thereof to any person, individual, corporation, firm, partnership, entity, or circumstance shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unconstitutional, such order or judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, or part of this chapter, or in its application to the person, individual, corporation, firm, partnership, entity, or circumstance directly involved in the controversy in which such order or judgment shall be rendered.

Section 5. Effective date.

This chapter shall take effect immediately upon filing with the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of New York.