Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan for 25 Townsend Street Subdivisioin

City of Beacon, NY

Prepared for: AK Property Holding LLC 730 Columbus Avenue – Apt 3D New York, NY 10025

February 27, 2018





Prepared by: Hudson Land Design Professional Engineering, P.C. 174 Main Street Beacon, NY 12508

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
1.1	Overview	1
1.1	Overview	1
1.2	Land Disturbance	2
2.0	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	2
2 1	Project Location	- 2
2.1 2.2	Project Scope and Description	2
2.2	Surface Water Bodies	2
2.5	2.3.1 Wetlands	2
2	2.3.2 Streams	3
2	2.3.3 Floodplains	3
3.0	NOTICE OF INTENT	3
0.0		
4.0	SOILS	3
50	DAINEALI	1
5.0		+
5.1	Overview	4
6.0	STORMWATER ANALYSIS AND MANAGEMENT	4
6.1	Methodology	4
6	5.1.1 Hydrologic Analysis	4
6	5.1.2 Stormwater Design Points	4
6.2	Pre-Development Watershed Conditions	5
6.3	Post-Development Watershed Conditions	5
6.4	Hydrologic Review	7
6.5	Stormwater Management System	7
7.0	CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING SCHEDULE	7
8.0	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	8
8.1	Overview	8
8.2	Temporary Erosion and Sediment Control Measures	8
8	3.2.1 Silt Fence	8
8	S.2.2 Check Dams	9
8	3.2.3 Temporary Channels	9
8		
	S.2.4 Straw Bale Barriers	9
8	3.2.4 Straw Bale Barriers 3.2.5 Temporary Soil Stockpiles	9 9
8 8	3.2.4 Straw Bale Barriers 3.2.5 Temporary Soil Stockpiles 3.2.6 Dust Control 1	9 9 0
8 8 8	3.2.4 Straw Bale Barriers 3.2.5 Temporary Soil Stockpiles 3.2.6 Dust Control 1 3.2.7 Temporary Soil Stabilization Practices 1	9 9 0 0

8.3.1 Outlet Protection	
8.3.2 Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices.	
8.4 Erosion and Sediment Control Sequencing S	Schedule
8.5 Maintenance Schedules	
8.6 Construction Staging Areas	
8.7 Site Assessments, Inspections and Reporting	g
8.7.1 Prior to Construction	
8.7.2 During Construction	
8.7.3 Quarterly Report	
8.7.4 End of Term	
8.8 Long Term Maintenance of Stormwater Stru	15 nctures
8.8.1 Piping and Outlets	
8.8.2 Vegetated Swales	
8.9 Construction Log Book	

9.0 GOOD HOUSEKEEPING AND MATERIAL MANAGEMENT

PRAC	TICES	16
9.1	Waste Materials	
9.2	Chemical	
9.3	Fuels and Oil	16
9.4	Fertilizers	16
9.5	Paint	17
9.6	Sanitary Waste Facilities	17
9.7	Container Disposal	17
9.8	Concrete and Asphalt Trucks	17
9.9	Site Supervisor	17
10.0	SWPPP AMENDMENT	17
11.0	CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATIONS	18
12.0	OWNER/OPERATOR CERTIFICATION	18
13.0	CONCLUSIONS	

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A:	NOTICE OF INTENT
APPENDIX B:	SOILS DATA
APPENDIX C:	RAINFALL DATA
APPENDIX D:	PRE-DEVELOPMENT HYDROCAD MODEL
APPENDIX E:	POST-DEVELOPMENT HYDROCAD MODEL
APPENDIX F:	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DESIGN
APPENDIX G:	PRE-CONSTRUCTION SITE ASSESSMENT
	CHECKLIST
APPENDIX H:	INFILTRATION CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION
	CHECKLIST
APPENDIX I:	CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR
	CERTIFICATIONS
APPENDIX J:	QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL'S CERTIFICATION
APPENDIX K:	OWNER/OPERATOR CERTIFICATION
APPENDIX L:	POST-DEVELOPMENT MAINTENANCE AND
	INSPECTION CHECKLIST
APPENDIX M:	CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION REPORT
APPENDIX N:	NOTICE OF TERMINATION
APPENDIX O:	DRAINAGE MAPS

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Overview

1.1 Overview

This Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been developed in accordance with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activity Permit No. GP-0-15-002, dated May 1, 2015 which authorizes stormwater discharges to surface waters of the State from the following construction activities identified within 40 CFR Parts 122.26(b)(14)(x), 122.26(b)(15)(i) and 122.26(b)(15)(ii), provided all of the eligibility provisions of this permit are met:

- 1. Construction activities involving soil disturbances of one (1) or more acres; including disturbances of less than one acre that are part of a larger common plan of development or sale that will ultimately disturb one or more acres of land; excluding routine maintenance activity that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity or original purpose of a facility.
- 2. Construction activities involving soil disturbances of less than one (1) acre where the Department has determined that a SPDES permit is required for stormwater discharges based on the potential for contribution to a violation of a water quality standard or for significant contribution of pollutants to surface waters of the State.
- 3. Construction activities located in the New York City, East of Hudson watershed, that involve soil disturbances between five thousand (5,000) square feet and one (1) acre of land.

This project qualifies for SPDES coverage under provision 1 as stated above as there will be more than an acre of disturbance, but less than 5 acres and will result in less than 25% of impervious at total site build out.

The objectives of this SWPPP are as follows:

• To develop a sediment and erosion control plan post construction storm water treatment practices in accordance with the most current version of the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, which implements best management practices to stabilize disturbed areas, protect off site areas and sensitive areas, and minimize the transport of sediment.

Construction activities are not permitted to begin until such time that authorization is obtained under the General Permit. This project is located within the limits of a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) area. Authorization to commence construction activities may commence five (5) days after the NYSDEC receives the NOI and MS4 SWPPP acceptance form.

A copy of the General Permit, SWPPP, NOI, NOI acknowledgment letter, MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form, inspection reports and accompanying plans shall be maintained on site from the date of initiation of construction activities until final stabilization of all disturbed areas has been achieved and the Notice of Termination (NOT) has been submitted.

1.2 Land Disturbance

Per the General Permit, no more than five (5) acres of land disturbance may occur at any one time without written approval from the NYSDEC. At a minimum, the owner or operator must comply with the following requirements in order to be authorized to disturb greater than five (5) acres of soil at any one time:

- a. The owner or operator shall have a qualified inspector conduct at least two (2) site inspections every seven (7) calendar days, for as long as greater than five (5) acres of soil remain disturbed. The two (2) inspections shall be separated by a minimum of two (2) full calendar days.
- b. In areas where soil disturbance activity has been temporarily or permanently ceased, temporary and/or permanent soil stabilization measures shall be installed and/or implemented within seven (7) days from the date the soil disturbance activity ceased. The soil stabilization measures selected shall be in conformance with the most current version of the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control.
- c. The owner or operator shall prepare a phasing plan that defines maximum disturbed area per phase and shows required cuts and fills.
- d. The owner or operator shall install any additional site specific practices needed to protect water quality.

Disturbance of more than five (5) acres at any one time is not anticipated for this project, as the total proposed disturbance is estimated to be ± 4.6 acres.

2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

2.1 **Project Location**

The project site is comprised of one parcel located in the City of Beacon, Dutchess County, New York, and is located at the end of Townsend Street. The site contains the former Knight of Columbus building as well as some outbuildings, and is a mix of open lawn/field and wooded with areas. The project area is approximately 5.0 acres.

2.2 **Project Scope and Description**

The project is a 13-lot subdivision of the parcel, which will include removal of the existing building and outbuildings on the site. The proposed project will disturb approximately 4.6 acres.

2.3 Surface Water Bodies

2.3.1 Wetlands

There are no New York Department of Environmental Conservation wetlands or Federal wetlands present on the site according to the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) mapper.

2.3.2 Streams

There are no streams located on the site.

2.3.3 Floodplains

Based upon a review of the National Flood Insurance Program Flood Insurance Rate Map panel 36027C0464E information for the project area, no portion of the site is identified as area within the 100-year flood.

3.0 NOTICE OF INTENT

Prior to commencement of construction activities, the Owner/Operator shall submit a Notice of Intent (NOI) to the NYSDEC for authorization. The NYSDEC authorization schedule is as follows:

For construction activities that are not subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4:

- Five (5) business days from the date the NYSDEC receives a complete NOI for construction activities with a SWPPP that has been prepared in conformance with the technical standards, or
- Sixty (60) business days from the date the NYSDEC receives a complete NOI for construction activities with a SWPPP that has not been prepared in conformance with the technical standards.

For construction activities that are subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4:

• Five (5) business days from the date the NYSDEC receives a complete NOI and signed "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form.

The project area is under the control of a regulated MS4, therefore the NOI shall be submitted to the City of Beacon prior to being forwarded to the NYSDEC. The NOI has been included in Appendix A.

4.0 SOILS

The hydrologic soil characteristics of the watershed areas were obtained from Soil Survey Mapping of Dutchess County, New York, and available Geographical Information Systems (GIS) and are as follows:

Symbol	Description	Hydrologic Soil Group
NwC	Nassau-Cardigan complex, undulating, rocky	D
BeB	Bernardston silt loam, 3 to 8% slopes	D

Symbol	Water Table	Restrictive Layer	Erosion Hazard (k)
NwC	>80"	10-20" - Lithic bedrock	0.24 - Moderate
BeB	18-24"	15-30" – densic material	0.28 - Moderate

SOIL PROPERTIES

Supporting information has been provided in Appendix B.

5.0 RAINFALL

5.1 Overview

The rainfall data utilized in the analysis of the watershed was obtained from Northeast Regional Climate Center's Extreme Precipitation Tables. Supporting information has been provided in Appendix C. The storm events are as follows:

Storm Event	24-Hour Rainfall (in)
1 - year	2.68
10 - year	4.68
100 - year	8.23

6.0 STORMWATER ANALYSIS AND MANAGEMENT

6.1 Methodology

6.1.1 Hydrologic Analysis

The HydroCAD stormwater modeling system computer program by Applied Microcomputer Systems was used to analyze, design and document the complete drainage system. The program uses standard hydrograph generation and routing techniques based on the USDA-NRCS Technical Releases TR-20 and TR-55 to develop stormwater runoff rates and volumes.

The program determines the rate and volume of runoff based on inputs of the watershed area, and characteristics of the land including vegetative coverage, slope, soil type, and impervious area.

6.1.2 Stormwater Design Points

Design Points represent the location where the majority of runoff from an area exits the site. The same design points are identified in post-development conditions so that a comparison can be made between the pre-development and post-development conditions. One design point for the main project area was selected, as follows:

	Stormwater Discharge Points												
SDP	Description												
1	Discharge to existing catch basin within Townsend Street												
2	Discharge to adjacent property southwest of site												
3	Discharge to adjacent property to the south of site												

6.2 **Pre-Development Watershed Conditions**

All existing watershed areas are modeled in HydroCAD as 'subcatchment' areas. The predevelopment area is as follows:

Subcatchment 1 is comprised of approximately 1.7 acres of on and off site area. The onsite area is mostly undeveloped; however, the onsite area does contain impervious rooftops and asphalt parking areas and some grass. The offsite area is undeveloped and consists of wooded and grassed areas. The subcatchment area contains soils in hydrologic soil group D. Runoff from the subcatchment travels overland via sheet flow and shallow concentrated flow to SDP 1.

Subcatchment 2 is comprised of approximately 7.6 acres of on and off site area. The onsite area is mostly undeveloped; however, the onsite area does contain impervious rooftops and asphalt parking areas and some grass. The offsite area is undeveloped and consists of wooded and grassed areas. The subcatchment area contains soils in hydrologic soil group D. Runoff from the subcatchment travels overland via sheet flow and shallow concentrated flow to SDP 2.

Subcatchment 3 is a small 0.08 acre wooded area that sheet flows to the adjacent property to the south.

Detailed stormwater calculations and routing have been included in Appendix D.

Pre	Pre-Development Watershed Conditions														
Subcatchment	Area (ac)	Average Curve #	Hydrologic Soil Group(s)	Time of Concentration											
1	1.7	84	D	17.1 minutes											
2	7.6	79	D	16.4 minutes											
3	0.08	77	D	6.0 minutes											

The following table summarizes the pre-development watershed conditions:

6.3 **Post-Development Watershed Conditions**

The proposed development will result in a disturbance of approximately 4.6 acres for the construction of the subdivision. Existing trees will be removed and grubbed where necessary and graded back to existing grade. Some areas will remain undisturbed.

The post-developed subcatchment numbers listed below correspond to the pre-developed watershed areas with the same number. Sub-areas have been broken out of the overall areas to model the portion of the watershed that drains toward a treatment practice. These areas are denoted numerically.

Subcatchment 10 is comprised of approximately 1.69 acres of on and off site area. The onsite area is will be developed with single family building lots. The offsite area is undeveloped and consists of wooded and grassed areas. The subcatchment area contains soils in hydrologic soil group D. Runoff from the subcatchment travels overland via sheet flow and shallow concentrated flow to SDP 1.

Subcatchment 20 is comprised of 4.26 acres of offsite area. The offsite area is undeveloped and consists of wooded and grassed areas. The subcatchment area contains soils in hydrologic soil group D. Runoff from the subcatchment travels overland via sheet flow, open channel flow and shallow concentrated flow to SDP 2.

Subcatchment 21 is comprised of 3.35 acres of onsite area. The area will be developed with single family building lots and stormwater management area. The subcatchment area contains soils in hydrologic soil group D. Runoff travels via sheet flow, shallow concentrated flow, and piped flow to a infiltration basin, and ultimately towards SDP 2.

Subcatchment 30 is a slightly smaller 0.07 acre wooded area that sheet flows to the adjacent property to the south. This area will essentially remain the same in the pre and post development condition.

Detailed stormwater calculations and routing have been included in Appendix E.

The following table summarizes the post-development watershed conditions:

Post	-Develop	oment Wa	tershed Condi	tions
Subcatchment	Area (ac)	Average Curve #	Time of Concentration	
10	1.69	83	D	17.2 minutes
20	4.26	78	D	11.1 minutes
21	3.35	84	D	6.8 minutes
30	0.07	77	D	6.0 minutes

6.4 Hydrologic Review

The stormwater runoff volumes at each discharge point under pre-development and postdevelopment conditions are summarized below.

SDP	1 - Y	lear	100 - Year						
	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post			
1	2.46	2.31	6.06	5.83	12.48	12.20			
2	8.34	6.77	23.65	22.93	52.61	49.09			
3	0.11	0.10	0.32	0.29	0.73	0.66			

As shown above, post-development peak flow rates are less than pre-development rates for the storm events modeled for all design points; therefore, the post-developed storm water management controls (infiltration basin) mitigate the increased runoff.

Supporting hydrologic analyses for pre-development and post-development conditions are included in Appendices D and E.

6.5 Stormwater Management System

The final stormwater management system will consist of conveyance systems which will include culverts, and grass-lined swales/dikes where required.

7.0 CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING SCHEDULE

Construction activities will be scheduled in such a manner as to minimize the impacts that runoff encountering the construction areas will have on receiving waters both on and off-site. The disturbed-construction area should be kept to a minimum at all times to minimize the potential for impacts during construction.

In order to minimize the impacts of stormwater to receiving water bodies and wetlands, a construction sequencing schedule is as follows:

1. Schedule a pre-construction meeting which shall include the owner or owner's representative, project engineer, contractor and subcontractors (if necessary) who are to perform the construction.

2. Establish the limit of disturbance for proposed clearing and grading associated with the proposed work.

3. Install all silt fence as shown on the plan. Within 10 days after installation of all erosion control plan measures, the applicant shall submit to the Building Inspector a letter from the qualified professional who designed the plan for the applicant/landowner stating that all erosion control measures have been constructed and installed in compliance with the approved plan(s).

4. Prior to further construction activities, contractor shall contact the project engineer or designated SWPPP inspector to conduct a pre-construction site assessment to verify that the

appropriate erosion and sediment controls shown on the plan have been adequately installed ensuring overall preparedness of this site for the commencement of construction.

5. Commence work on areas to be improved. Stockpile removed materials and surround stockpile with silt fence. Immediately seed disturbed areas that are to remain idle for more than 14 days.

6. Erosion control measures shall be inspected and repaired as needed during construction activities. Additional erosion control measures based on site conditions shall be provided.

7. When entire site is 80% stabilized, schedule a post-construction meeting with the engineer or SWPPP inspector, as well as a representative from the Town, as the MS4 must sign off on the Notice of Termination.

8. Remove erosion and sediment controls when disturbed areas have become stabilized as directed by the engineer or SWPPP inspector.

8.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

8.1 Overview

The most sensitive stage of the development cycle is the period when vegetation is cleared and a site is graded. The potential impacts to on-site and off-site receiving waters and adjoining properties are particularly high at this stage. For example, trees and topsoil are removed, soils are exposed to erosion, and natural topography and drainage patterns are altered. Control of erosion and sediment during these periods is an essential function of this SWPPP and accompanying plans.

Effective and practical measures employed to minimize the erosion potential and prevent sediment from leaving the construction site and reaching streams or other water bodies have been recommended in accordance with:

• New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, July 2016 (or latest version)

In order to ensure the effectiveness of the measures recommended herein, routine inspections and documentation, along with procedures for monitoring the findings, maintenance, and corrective actions resulting from each inspection, are outlined within this section of the SWPPP.

8.2 Temporary Erosion and Sediment Control Measures

The following temporary measures have been incorporated into the erosion and sediment control plans for the site construction activities. These measures are also detailed on the site plans.

8.2.1 Silt Fence

A silt fence is a temporary sediment barrier consisting of a filter fabric stretched across and attached to supporting posts, entrenched, and supported with woven wire fence. Silt fences are installed on the contours across a slope and used to trap sediment by intercepting and detaining sediment laden runoff from disturbed areas in order to promote sedimentation on the uphill side of the fence.

Silt fences are suitable for perimeter and interior control, placed below areas where runoff may occur in the form of sheet flow. It should not be placed in channels or areas where flow is

concentrated. In addition to interior and perimeter control a silt fence can be applied in the following applications:

- Below the toe or down slope of exposed and erodible slopes.
- Along streams and channels banks.
- Around temporary spoil area and stockpiles.

8.2.2 Check Dams

Check dams shall be placed in channels to reduce scour and erosion by reducing flow velocity and promoting sediment settlement. Check dams shall be spaced in the channel so that the crest of the downstream dam is at the elevation of the toe of the upstream dam. Check dams, consisting of a well-graded stone two (2) – nine (9) inches in size (NYSDOT – Light Stone) shall maintain a height of two (2) feet with side slopes of 2:1 extending beyond the bank of the channel by a minimum of one and a half (1.5) feet. Check dams shall be anchored in the channel by a cutoff trench of one and a half (1.5) feet in width by a half (0.5) foot in depth.

8.2.3 Temporary Channels

Temporary channels in the form of diversion swales or berms may be used to intercept and direct runoff under the following applications:

- Above disturbed areas in order to direct and prevent clean runoff from flowing over disturbed areas until the area is permanently stabilized.
- Below disturbed areas to convey sediment laden runoff to sediment traps.
- Across disturbed slopes to reduce slope lengths.

Where used to convey sediment laden runoff, temporary channels shall be equipped with check dams.

8.2.4 Straw Bale Barriers

Straw bale barriers are used to intercept and contain sediment from disturbed areas of limited size in order to prevent sediment from exiting the site. Bales should be placed in a single row lengthwise along the contour, with ends abutting one another. Straw bales shall be bound and installed so that the bindings are oriented around the sides. Straw bales shall be entrenched a minimum of four (4) inches, backfilled, and anchored using either two stakes or rebar driven through the straw bales to a depth of one and a half (1.5) to two (2) feet below grade.

Straw bales shall be used where no other measure is feasible. They shall not be used where there is a concentration of flow within a channel or other area.

The useful life of a straw bale barrier is three (3) months.

8.2.5 Temporary Soil Stockpiles

Stockpiling of soil is a method of preserving soil and topsoil for regrading and vegetating disturbed areas. Stockpiles shall be located away from environmentally sensitive areas (i.e. wetlands and associated buffers, streams, water bodies) and shall be protected with a peripheral silt fence.

Slopes of stockpiles shall not exceed 2:1. Temporary stabilization measures shall be completed within fourteen (14) days of stockpile formation.

8.2.6 Dust Control

Dust control measures reduce the surface and air transport of dust, thereby preventing pollutants from mixing into stormwater. Dust control measures for the construction activities associated within this project consist of windbreaks, minimization of soil disturbance (preserving buffer areas of vegetation where practical), mulching, temporary and permanent vegetation cover, barriers (e.g., geotextile on driving surfaces) and water spraying.

Construction activities shall be scheduled to minimize the amount of area disturbed at any one time.

8.2.7 Temporary Soil Stabilization Practices

Stabilization practices reduce the potential for soil detachment by shielding the soil surface from the impact of rainfall and reducing overland flow velocity.

The Contractor shall initiate stabilization measures as soon as possible in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased. This requirement does not apply where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by snow cover or frozen ground conditions.

Temporary stabilization practices may include:

8.2.7.1 Mulching

Mulching is a temporary soil stabilization practice. Mulching prevents erosion by protecting soil from raindrop impact and by reducing the velocity of overland flow. Mulching also retains moisture within the soil surface and promotes germination. Where mulching consists of wood chips or shavings, it shall be applied at a rate of 500-900 lbs per 1000 s.f. Where mulching consists of straw, it shall be applied at a rate of 90-100 lbs. per 1000 s.f. All temporary grass areas shall receive a standard application of mulch consisting of straw, unless the area is hydro-seeded.

8.2.7.2 Temporary Seeding

Temporary seeding provides additional benefits over other stabilization practices by creating a vegetation system that holds soil particles in place with root systems, and maintains the soil's capacity to absorb runoff. Temporary vegetation shall be placed in accordance with project plans. Irrigation shall be used when the soil is dry or when summer plantings are done.

8.2.7.3 Temporary Erosion Control Blanket

A temporary erosion control blanket is a degradable erosion control blanket used to hold seed and soil in place until vegetation is established in disturbed areas. Temporary erosion control blankets insulate and conserve seed moisture thus reducing evaporation and increasing germination rates, and protect seeds from birds. Temporary erosion control blankets may consist of straw blankets, excelsior blankets (curled wood excelsior), coconut fiber blankets, or wood fiber blankets (reprocessed wood fibers which do not possess or contain any growth or germination inhibiting factors).

8.3 Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control Measures

The following permanent measures have been incorporated into the erosion and sediment control plans for the site construction activities.

8.3.1 Outlet Protection

Outlet protection is used to reduce stormwater velocity and dissipate the energy of flow exiting a culvert before discharging into receiving channels. Rip-rap treatment extends between the point where flows exit the culvert and where the velocity and/or energy from runoff are dissipated to a degree where there is minimal erosion downstream of the discharge point.

A geotextile fabric shall be placed beneath the rip-rap to prevent soil movement into and through the rip-rap.

8.3.2 Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Stabilization practices reduce the potential for soil detachment by shielding the soil surface from the impact of rainfall and reducing overland flow velocity.

The Contractor shall initiate stabilization measures as soon as possible in portions of the site where construction activities have permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has permanently ceased.

Permanent stabilization practices may include:

8.3.2.1 Sod

Where exposed soils have the potential to generate off-site sediment loading, sod can provide an immediate form of stabilization and extra protection to a disturbed area. Where applied, sod shall be blue grass or a bluegrass/red fescue mixture or a perennial ryegrass and machine cut with a uniform soil thickness of ³/₄ inch, plus or minus ¹/₄ inch. Sod shall be used at the discretion of the Owner, unless specifically required by the plans.

8.3.2.2 Permanent Vegetation

Permanent vegetation shall be used to provide a protective cover for exposed areas that have received final grading. Permanent stabilization shall be applied where topsoil has been placed or returned and incorporated into the soil surface. When used, this process shall be followed with the application of straw mulch to protect soil from erosion and seed from drying out. Irrigation shall be used when the soil is dry or when summer plantings are done. Permanent vegetation shall be placed in accordance with project plans.

8.3.2.3 Hydroseeding

Hydroseeding is the hydraulic application of seed and fertilizer onto prepared seed beds. When used, this process shall be followed with the application of straw mulch to protect soil from erosion and seed from drying out. Irrigation shall be used when the soil is dry or when summer plantings are done. Hydroseeding shall be used at the discretion of the Contractor, unless specifically required by the plans.

8.3.2.4 Permanent Erosion Control Blankets

Permanent erosion control blankets are comprised of synthetic materials that form a high strength mat that helps prevent soil erosion in channels and on steep slopes. Stems and roots become intertwined within the matrix, thus reinforcing the vegetation and anchoring the mat. Permanent erosion control blankets insulate and conserve seed moisture thus reducing evaporation and increasing germination rates, and protect seeds from birds. When used within channels, permanent erosion control blankets can aid in the establishment of vegetation and increase the maximum permissible velocity of the given channel by reinforcing the soil and vegetation to resist the forces of erosion during runoff events.

8.4 Erosion and Sediment Control Sequencing Schedule

Implementation schedules for the installation of erosion and sediment control measures prior to and during the course of construction will depend greatly on the actual construction schedule and the varying field conditions that may warrant temporary construction stops and/or work commencing in other locations. The plans include an anticipated construction sequence schedule, of which temporary and permanent erosion and sediment control practices will be required and inspected.

8.5 Maintenance Schedules

Maintenance of the erosion and sediment controls incorporated into this project shall be performed on a regular basis to assure continued effectiveness. This includes repairs and replacement to all erosion and sediment control practices, including cleanout of all sediment retaining measures. Those measures found to be ineffective during routine inspections shall be repaired or replaced and cleaned out (where applicable) before the next anticipated storm event or within 24-hours of being notified, whichever comes first. A more detailed description of the maintenance procedures for the site specific erosion and sediment control practices has been provided on the plan set.

8.6 Construction Staging Areas

Construction staging areas are areas designated within construction sites where most equipment and materials are stored. The locations of the construction staging areas for this project have been shown on the plan set.

8.7 Site Assessments, Inspections and Reporting

Regular inspections of the construction site shall be performed by a qualified professional who is familiar with all aspects of the SWPPP and the implemented control practices. Inspections are intended to identify areas where the pollutant control measures at the site are ineffective and have the potential to allow pollutants to enter water bodies or adjoining properties.

8.7.1 Prior to Construction

Prior to the commencement of construction, a qualified professional shall conduct an inspection of the site and certify in an inspection report that the appropriate erosion and sediment control measures have been installed as indicated by the project plan set and SWPPP. This certification shall be forwarded to the Owner's Representative and Contractor for filing in the construction log book, as well as the Town Building Inspector.

A copy of the "Pre-Construction Site Assessment Checklist" has been provided in Appendix D.

8.7.2 During Construction

Following the commencement of construction, a qualified professional shall perform inspections of site construction activities in accordance with the SPDES General Permit. Inspections shall occur every seven (7) calendar days.

For project areas where soil disturbance activities have been temporarily suspended (e.g. winter shutdown) and temporary stabilization measures have been applied to all disturbed areas, the qualified inspector shall conduct a site inspection at least once every thirty (30) calendar days. The owner or operator shall notify the MS4 in writing prior to reducing the frequency of inspections.

For project areas where soil disturbance activities have been shut down with partial project completion, the qualified inspector can stop conducting inspections if all areas disturbed as of the project shutdown date have achieved final stabilization and all post-construction stormwater management practices required for the completed portion of the project have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP and are operational. The owner or operator shall notify the MS4 contact person in writing prior to the shutdown.

The inspections shall include observation of installed and maintained erosion and sediment control measures for consistency with project specifications and documentation of items to be corrected and recommendations for mitigating concerns. The following information, at minimum, shall be recorded during each inspection:

- Date and time of inspection;
- Name and title of person(s) performing inspection;
- A description of the weather and soil conditions (e.g. dry, wet, saturated) at the time of the inspection;
- A description of the condition of the runoff at all points of discharge from the construction site. This shall include identification of any discharges of sediment from the construction site. Include discharges from conveyance systems (i.e. pipes, culverts, ditches, etc.) and overland flow;
- A description of the condition of all natural surface waterbodies located within, or immediately adjacent to, the property boundaries of the construction site which receive runoff from disturbed areas. This shall include identification of any discharges of sediment to the surface waterbody;
- Identification of all erosion and sediment control practices that need repair or maintenance;
- Identification of all erosion and sediment control practices that were not installed properly or are not functioning as designed and need to be reinstalled or replaced;
- Description and sketch of areas that are disturbed at the time of the inspection and areas that have been stabilized (temporary and/or final) since the last inspection;

- Current phase of construction of all post-construction stormwater management practices and identification of all construction that is not in conformance with the SWPPP and technical standards;
- Inspect all erosion and sediment control practices and record all maintenance requirements such as verifying the integrity of barrier or diversion systems (earthen berms or silt fencing) and containment systems (sediment basins and sediment traps). Identify any evidence of rill or gully erosion occurring on slopes and any loss of stabilizing vegetation or seeding/mulching. Document any excessive deposition of sediment or ponding water along barrier or diversion systems. Record the depth of sediment within containment structures, any erosion near outlet and overflow structures, and verify the ability of rock filters around perforated riser pipes to pass water (where applicable);
- Inspect all sediment control practices and record the approximate degree of sediment accumulation as a percentage of the sediment storage volume;
- Corrective action(s) that must be taken to install, repair, replace or maintain erosion and sediment control practices; and to correct deficiencies identified with the construction of the post-construction stormwater management practice(s);
- Digital photographs, with date stamp, that clearly show the condition of all practices that have been identified as needing corrective actions. The qualified inspector shall attach paper color copies of the digital photographs to the inspection report being maintained on site within seven (7) calendar days of the date of the inspection. The qualified inspector shall also take digital photographs, with date stamp, that clearly show the condition of the practice(s) after the corrective action has been completed. The qualified inspector shall attach paper color copies of the digital photographs to the inspection report that documents the completion of the corrective action work within seven (7) calendar days of that inspection;
- A brief description of any erosion and sediment control practice repairs, maintenance or installations made as a result of previous inspection; and
- All deficiencies that are identified with the implementation of the SWPPP.

Summary reports shall be forwarded to the Owner's Representative and Contractor. Reports shall be incorporated into the construction log book. Within one business day of the completion of an inspection, the qualified inspector shall notify the owner or operator and appropriate contractor or subcontractor of any corrective actions that need to be taken. The contractor or subcontractor shall begin implementing the corrective actions within one business day of this notification and shall complete the corrective actions in a reasonable time frame.

A copy of the "Construction" inspection report has been provided in Appendix J.

8.7.3 Quarterly Report

Though not required by GP-0-15-002, at the Owner's discretion, the Owner's representative shall prepare a written summary of its status with respect to compliance with the SPDES General Permit

at a minimum frequency of every three months during which coverage under the permit exists. The summary should address the status of achieving each component of the SWPPP. The report shall include the overall performance of the stormwater facilities, average, minimum and maximum depths of sediment within the stormwater facilities, the physical condition of all drainage structures, maintenance reports from the previous year, and any recommendations for any repairs, modifications or adjustments to the stormwater facilities.

8.7.4 End of Term

Termination of coverage under the SPDES General Permit is accomplished by filing a Notice of Termination (NOT) with the NYSDEC, which first must receive sign-off from the MS4. Prior to the filing of the NOT, the Owner shall have a qualified professional perform a final site inspection. The qualified professional shall certify that the site has undergone final stabilization using either vegetative or structural stabilization methods, that all temporary erosion and sediment control structures have been removed, and that all permanent erosion control and stormwater facilities have been installed and are operational in conformance with the SWPPP by signing the "Final Stabilization" and "Post-Construction Stormwater Management Practice" certification statements on the NOT. The owner or operator shall then submit the completed NOT form to the NYSDEC, once sign-off is received from the MS4. "Final Stabilization" means that all soil disturbing activities at the site have been completed and a uniform, perennial vegetative cover with a density of eighty (80) percent has been established or equivalent stabilization measures (such as the use of mulches or geotextile) have been employed on all unpaved areas and areas not covered by permanent structures.

A NOT is provided in Appendix K.

8.8 Long Term Maintenance of Stormwater Structures

After construction is completed and an NOT has been filed, it is the responsibility of the owner to inspect and maintain all stormwater structures on-site.

8.8.1 Piping and Outlets

Piping and outlets shall be inspected after every storm event and remove trash and debris that may be blocking the flow capability of the structure. The owner should pay close attention during the fall months where leave debris will be heavy. The piping and outlets shall be inspected for sediment accumulation at least once a year, and utilize vacuum trucks as necessary to remove the accumulated sediment.

8.8.2 Vegetated Swales

Swales shall be inspected after every storm event and remove trash and debris that may be blocking the flow capability of the structure. The owner should pay close attention during the fall months where leave debris will be heavy. The swales shall be inspected for sediment accumulation at least once a year. Sediment shall be removed as necessary.

8.9 Construction Log Book

The construction log book shall be maintained on site from the date of initiation of construction activities to the date of final stabilization and shall be made available to the permitting authority upon request. The construction log book shall contain a record of all inspections; all certifications

from the preparer(s), qualified professional(s), owner(s)/operator(s), contractor(s), and subcontractor(s) as applicable; and all weekly and quarterly reports.

9.0 GOOD HOUSEKEEPING AND MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

The following good housekeeping and material management practices shall be followed to reduce the risk of spills or exposure of materials to stormwater runoff.

9.1 Waste Materials

All waste material, including but not limited to trash and construction debris, generated during construction shall be collected and stored in a proper receptacle in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations. No waste material shall be buried on-site. All collected waste material shall be hauled to an approved waste disposal facility.

9.2 Chemical

Chemicals used on-site shall be kept in small quantities, stored undercover in closed, water tight containers in a neat and orderly manner, and kept out of direct contact with stormwater. Chemical products shall not be mixed with one another unless recommended by the manufacturer.

All on-site personnel shall have access to material safety data sheets (MSDS) and National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) Guide to Chemical Hazards (latest edition) for all chemicals stored and used on-site.

Manufacturer's and/or Federal, State, County and Local guidelines for proper use and disposal shall be followed. Any spills or contamination of runoff with chemicals shall be contained, collected, cleaned up immediately and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations.

9.3 Fuels and Oil

All on-site vehicles, tools, and construction equipment shall be monitored for leaks and receive regular preventative maintenance to reduce the chance of leakage. On-site vehicle and equipment refueling shall be conducted at a location away from access to surface waters and runoff. Any on-site storage tanks shall have a means of secondary containment. Oil products shall be kept in their original containers with original manufacturer's label. In the event of a spill, it shall be contained, cleaned up immediately and the material, including any contaminated soil, shall be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations.

Fuel and oil spills in excess of reportable quantities shall be reported to the NYSDEC as soon as the discharge is discovered.

9.4 Fertilizers

Fertilizers used on site shall be stored undercover in closed, water tight containers in a neat orderly manner, and shall be kept out of direct contact with stormwater. Manufacturer's and/or Federal, State, County and Local guidelines for proper use and disposal shall be followed. Any spills or contamination of runoff with fertilizers shall be contained, collected, cleaned up immediately, and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations.

9.5 Paint

Paints used on-site shall be stored undercover in closed, water tight containers in a neat and orderly manner, and shall be kept out of direct contact with stormwater. Manufacturer's and/or Federal, State, County and Local guidelines for proper use and disposal shall be followed. Any spills or contamination of runoff with paint shall be contained, collected, cleaned up immediately, and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations.

9.6 Sanitary Waste Facilities

Should portable sanitary units be located on-site, they shall be placed in upland areas away from direct contact with surface waters. They shall be serviced and cleaned on a weekly basis by a licensed portable toilet and septic disposal service. Any spills occurring during service shall be cleaned up immediately and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County, and Local regulations.

9.7 Container Disposal

Products shall be used up entirely before disposal of their respective containers. Empty containers that may contain chemical residue shall be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations.

9.8 Concrete and Asphalt Trucks

Concrete and asphalt trucks shall not be allowed to wash out or discharge surplus material on-site.

9.9 Site Supervisor

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor's Site Supervisor to inspect daily and ensure the proper use, storage and disposal of all on-site materials.

10.0 SWPPP AMENDMENT

The SWPPP shall be updated by a licensed professional engineer whenever any of the following apply:

- 1) There is a major change in design, construction, operation or maintenance which may have a significant effect on the potential for the discharge of pollutants to the waters of the United States and which has not otherwise been addressed in the SWPPP.
- 2) The SWPPP proves to be ineffective in:
 - Eliminating or significantly minimizing pollutants from sources identified in the SWPPP required by the SPDES Permit; or
 - Achieving the general objective of controlling pollutants in stormwater discharges from permitted construction activity.
- 3) Identify any new contractor or subcontractor that will implement any measure of the SWPPP.
- 4) NYSDEC notifies the Permittee that the SWPPP does not meet one or more of the minimum requirements of the SPDES Permit. Within seven (7) days of such notification or as provided for by the NYSDEC, the Permittee shall make amendments to the SWPPP

and submit to the NYSDEC a written certification that the requested changes have been made.

Since this project is subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4, the owner or operator shall notify the MS4 in writing of any planned amendments or modifications to the post-construction stormwater management practice component of the SWPPP.

11.0 CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATIONS

All contractors and subcontractors that have any responsibility to install, inspect or maintain erosion or sediment control measures shall sign a copy of the certification statement included in Appendix F before undertaking any construction activity at the site identified in the SWPPP. Contractor Certifications are to include the training requirements for a "Trained Contractor" per GP-0-15-002 Part III.A.6. Contractor Certifications must be provided to the MS4 prior to the start of construction.

12.0 OWNER/OPERATOR CERTIFICATION

The Owner/Operator must review and sign the owner/operator certification statement included in Appendix H.

13.0 CONCLUSIONS

This SWPPP demonstrates that the proposed project generally meets the requirements of SPDES GP-0-15-002, as follows:

• An erosion and sediment control plan in accordance with the latest revision to the New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, July 2016, has been developed for the project and is included in the site plan set.

APPENDIX A

NOTICE OF INTENT

NOTICE OF INTENT



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

Division of Water

625 Broadway, 4th Floor



Albany, New York 12233-3505

Stormwater Discharges Associated with <u>Construction Activity</u> Under State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) General Permit # GP-0-15-002 All sections must be completed unless otherwise noted. Failure to complete all items may result in this form being returned to you, thereby delaying your coverage under this General Permit. Applicants must read and understand the conditions of the permit and prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan prior to submitting this NOI. Applicants are responsible for identifying and obtaining other DEC permits that may be required.

-IMPORTANT-

RETURN THIS FORM TO THE ADDRESS ABOVE

OWNER/OPERATOR MUST SIGN FORM

	Owner/Operator Information															\searrow																			
Owner/(Opera	tor	(Coi	mpa	any	7 N	am	e/F	ri	va	te	Ov	me	r i	Nar	ne/	Mu	nic	rip	al	it	y :	Nar	ne))		_								
AK	P r	op	e	r	t	У		Η	0	1	d	i	n	g		L	L	С																	
Owner/(Opera	tor	Con	tac	ct	Pe	rs	on	La	st	Na	ame	e (NO	T (CON	ISU	LTZ	ANT])	1	1		1		-	-	1	1	T		1	1		
Bar	e s																																		
Owner/(Owner/Operator Contact Person First Name																																		
A 1 1	a																																		
Owner/0	Owner/Operator Mailing Address																																		
7 3 0	C	01	. u	m	b	u	S		A	V	е		-		A	р	t		3	D															
City						1								1	1	1	-				1	1			1	-	1	1	1			1	1		
N e w	Y	or	k																																
State N Y		Z	ip 1 C) 0	2	2 5	;] _]																							
	1.0	L				_				_			10-			0			\																
9 1 7	(Owne] = 3	53	era	l 1	3	2	1]			Fa	x			er/	Ope	era		r)																
Email ((Owne:	r/Op	era	tor	<u>)</u>																											_			
a 1 1	a b	a r	e	s	@	h	0	t	m	a	i	1	•	С	0	m																			
																							Γ	Γ		Γ					Γ				
FED TAX	X ID					1																													
-						(r	not	. re	eqı	uir	ed	f	or	in	ndi	vid	dua	ls)																
																																		_	

Project Site Information	tion
Project/Site Name25T0wnsendStreetSubd	i v i s i o n
Street Address (NOT P.O. BOX) 2 5 T 0 w n s e n d S t r e e t	
Side of Street North O South O East O West	
City/Town/Village (THAT ISSUES BUILDING PERMIT)	
State Zip County N Y 1 2 5 0 8 - D u t c h e s s	DEC Region
Name of Nearest Cross Street	
Distance to Nearest Cross Street (Feet)	Project In Relation to Cross Street • North O South O East O West
Tax Map Numbers Section-Block-Parcel 6 0 5 5 - 0 3 - 3 8 3 1 4 9	Tax Map Numbers

1. Provide the Geographic Coordinates for the project site in NYTM Units. To do this you **must** go to the NYSDEC Stormwater Interactive Map on the DEC website at:

www.dec.ny.gov/imsmaps/stormwater/viewer.htm

Zoom into your Project Location such that you can accurately click on the centroid of your site. Once you have located your project site, go to the tool boxes on the top and choose "i"(identify). Then click on the center of your site and a new window containing the X, Y coordinates in UTM will pop up. Transcribe these coordinates into the boxes below. For problems with the interactive map use the help function.

Х	Coo	rdi	nate	es ((Eastin										
	5	8	7	2	9	4									

чc	loor	dina	ates	(N	ortł	ning)
4	5	9	6	2	4	4	



3. Select the predominant land use for both p SELECT ONLY ONE CHOICE FOR EACH	pre and post development conditions.
Pre-Development Existing Land Use	Post-Development Future Land Use
\bigcirc FOREST	○ SINGLE FAMILY HOME <u>Number</u> of Lots
\bigcirc pasture/open land	• SINGLE FAMILY SUBDIVISION 1 3
\bigcirc CULTIVATED LAND	○ TOWN HOME RESIDENTIAL
\bigcirc SINGLE FAMILY HOME	○ MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL
\bigcirc SINGLE FAMILY SUBDIVISION	○ INSTITUTIONAL/SCHOOL
\bigcirc TOWN HOME RESIDENTIAL	○ INDUSTRIAL
\bigcirc MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL	○ COMMERCIAL
\bigcirc INSTITUTIONAL/SCHOOL	○ MUNICIPAL
\bigcirc INDUSTRIAL	○ ROAD/HIGHWAY
○ COMMERCIAL	○ RECREATIONAL/SPORTS FIELD
○ ROAD/HIGHWAY	○ BIKE PATH/TRAIL
○ RECREATIONAL/SPORTS FIELD	\bigcirc LINEAR UTILITY (water, sewer, gas, etc.)
⊖ BIKE PATH/TRAIL	○ PARKING LOT
\bigcirc linear utility	○ CLEARING/GRADING ONLY
\bigcirc parking lot	\bigcirc DEMOLITION, NO REDEVELOPMENT
• OTHER	\bigcirc WELL DRILLING ACTIVITY *(Oil, Gas, etc.)
C l u b / M t g H a l l	

*Note: for gas well drilling, non-high volume hydraulic fractured wells only

4.	In accordance with the larger common enter the total project site area; existing impervious area to be dist activities); and the future impervious disturbed area. (Round to the neared	on plan of development or sale the total area to be disturbe turbed (for redevelopment ious area constructed within t est tenth of an acre.)	e, ed; the
	Total Site AreaTotal Area To Be Disturbed5.04.6	Existing Impervious Area To Be Disturbed	Future Impervious Area Within Disturbed Area
5.	Do you plan to disturb more than 5	acres of soil at any one tim	e? 🔿 Yes 🌒 No
6.	Indicate the percentage of each Hyde A B 0 %	drologic Soil Group(HSG) at t C D 0 % 1 0 0	he site.]%
7.	Is this a phased project?		OYes 🖲 No
8.	Enter the planned start and end dates of the disturbance activities.	Start Date En 0 5 / 0 1 / 2 0 1 8 - 1	d Date 1 / 3 0 / 2 0 1 9

14.

area?

9. : c	Identify the nearest surface waterbody(ies) to lischarge.	o which construction site runoff will
Name		
Fi	s h k i l l C r e e k	
9a.	Type of waterbody identified in Question 93	
0	Wetland / State Jurisdiction On Site (Answer	9b)
0	Wetland / State Jurisdiction Off Site	
0	Wetland / Federal Jurisdiction On Site (Answe	er 9b)
0	Wetland / Federal Jurisdiction Off Site	
0	Stream / Creek On Site	
۲	Stream / Creek Off Site	
0	River On Site	he How was the wetland identified?
0	River Off Site	b. now was the wettand identified.
\bigcirc	Lake On Site	○ Regulatory Map
\bigcirc	Lake Off Site	\bigcirc Delineated by Consultant
0	Other Type On Site	\bigcirc Delineated by Army Corps of Engineers
0	Other Type Off Site	Other (identify) N A
10.	Has the surface waterbody(ies) in question 303(d) segment in Appendix E of GP-0-15-002	9 been identified as a 🛛 Yes 🌢 No ??
11.	Is this project located in one of the Water Appendix C of GP-0-15-002?	rsheds identified in O Yes • No
12.	Is the project located in one of the waters areas associated with AA and AA-S classifie waters? If no, skip question 13.	ed O Yes No
13.	Does this construction activity disturb lar	nd with no

 \bigcirc Yes \bigcirc No

○Yes ●No

existing impervious cover and where the Soil Slope Phase is

identified as an E or F on the USDA Soil Survey? If Yes, what is the acreage to be disturbed?

Will the project disturb soils within a State

regulated wetland or the protected 100 foot adjacent

15.	Does the site runoff enter a separate storm sewer system (including roadside drains, swales, ditches, ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	1
16.	What is the name of the municipality/entity that owns the separate storm sewer system?	
Ci	t y o f B e a c o n	
17.	Does any runoff from the site enter a sewer classified O Yes • No O Unknown as a Combined Sewer?	1
18.	Will future use of this site be an agricultural property as defined by the NYS Agriculture and Markets Law?	>
19.	Is this property owned by a state authority, state agency, O Yes • No federal government or local government?	>
20.	Is this a remediation project being done under a Department approved work plan? (i.e. CERCLA, RCRA, Voluntary Cleanup O Yes O No Agreement, etc.)	>
21.	Has the required Erosion and Sediment Control component of the SWPPP been developed in conformance with the current NYS • Yes O No Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control (aka Blue Book)?	>

6403089820

22.	Does this construction activity require the development of a		
	SWPPP that includes the post-construction stormwater management		
	practice component (i.e. Runoff Reduction, Water Quality and	\bigcirc Yes	🕒 No
	Quantity Control practices/techniques)?		
	If No, skip questions 23 and 27-39.		

23.	Has the post-construction stormwater management practice component		
	of the SWPPP been developed in conformance with the current NYS	O Yes	🔾 No
	Stormwater Management Design Manual?		

0251089825														
24. The Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) was prepared by:														
• Professional Engineer (P.E.)														
O Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD)														
O Registered Landscape Architect (R.L.A)														
• Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC)														
O Owner/Operator														
O Other														
SWPPP Preparer														
Bodendorf Jon														
Mailing Address														
174 Main St														
City														
B e a c o n														
State Zip														
N Y 1 2 5 0 8 -														
Phone Fax														
$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 4 & 5 & -4 & 4 & 0 & -6 & 9 & 2 & 6 \\ \hline 8 & 4 & 5 & -4 & 4 & 0 & -6 & 6 & 3 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 5 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 3 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 3 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 3 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 3 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\ \hline 8 & 7 & 7 \\ \hline 8 $														
ibodendorf@hudsonlanddesign.com														
<u></u>														

SWPPP Preparer Certification

I hereby certify that the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for this project has been prepared in accordance with the terms and conditions of the GP-0-15-002. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of this permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.

Fi	rst	= N	am	е											MI
J	0	n													D
La	st	Na	me												
В	0	d	е	n	d	0	r	f							
	Sig	gna	atu	re			-		 	 	 			 ٦	
															Date

- 25. Has a construction sequence schedule for the planned management O Yes O No
- 26. Select **all** of the erosion and sediment control practices that will be employed on the project site:

Temporary Structural

- \bigcirc Check Dams
- Construction Road Stabilization
- Dust Control
- \bigcirc Earth Dike
- \bigcirc Level Spreader
- Perimeter Dike/Swale
- \bigcirc Pipe Slope Drain
- \bigcirc Portable Sediment Tank
- \bigcirc Rock Dam
- \bigcirc Sediment Basin
- \bigcirc Sediment Traps
- Silt Fence
- Stabilized Construction Entrance
- \bigcirc Storm Drain Inlet Protection
- Straw/Hay Bale Dike
- Temporary Access Waterway Crossing
- \bigcirc Temporary Stormdrain Diversion
- \bigcirc Temporary Swale
- \bigcirc Turbidity Curtain
- \bigcirc Water bars

Biotechnical

- \bigcirc Brush Matting
- \bigcirc Wattling

Other

Vegetative Measures

- Brush Matting
- \bigcirc Dune Stabilization
- \bigcirc Grassed Waterway
- Mulching
- Protecting Vegetation
- Recreation Area Improvement
- Seeding
- \bigcirc Sodding
- \bigcirc Straw/Hay Bale Dike
- \bigcirc Streambank Protection
- \bigcirc Temporary Swale
- Topsoiling
- Vegetating Waterways

Permanent Structural

- \bigcirc Debris Basin
- \bigcirc Diversion
- Grade Stabilization Structure
- Land Grading
- Lined Waterway (Rock)
- Paved Channel (Concrete)
- \bigcirc Paved Flume
- \bigcirc Retaining Wall
- Riprap Slope Protection
- Rock Outlet Protection
- \bigcirc Streambank Protection

	_																			
				-	-				-										-	

Post-construction Stormwater Management Practice (SMP) Requirements

<u>Important</u>: Completion of Questions 27-39 is not required if response to Question 22 is No.

- 27. Identify all site planning practices that were used to prepare the final site plan/layout for the project.
 - \bigcirc Preservation of Undisturbed Areas
 - \bigcirc Preservation of Buffers
 - Reduction of Clearing and Grading
 - O Locating Development in Less Sensitive Areas
 - Roadway Reduction
 - \bigcirc Sidewalk Reduction
 - Driveway Reduction
 - Cul-de-sac Reduction
 - Building Footprint Reduction
 - Parking Reduction
- 27a. Indicate which of the following soil restoration criteria was used to address the requirements in Section 5.1.6("Soil Restoration") of the Design Manual (2010 version).
 - All disturbed areas will be restored in accordance with the Soil Restoration requirements in Table 5.3 of the Design Manual (see page 5-22).
 - O Compacted areas were considered as impervious cover when calculating the WQv Required, and the compacted areas were assigned a post-construction Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) designation that is one level less permeable than existing conditions for the hydrology analysis.
- 28. Provide the total Water Quality Volume (WQv) required for this project (based on final site plan/layout).

Total	WQV	Requ	ired	
			a	cre-feet

29. Identify the RR techniques (Area Reduction), RR techniques(Volume Reduction) and Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity in Table 1 (See Page 9) that were used to reduce the Total WQv Required(#28).

Also, provide in Table 1 the total impervious area that contributes runoff to each technique/practice selected. For the Area Reduction Techniques, provide the total contributing area (includes pervious area) and, if applicable, the total impervious area that contributes runoff to the technique/practice.

Note: Redevelopment projects shall use Tables 1 and 2 to identify the SMPs used to treat and/or reduce the WQv required. If runoff reduction techniques will not be used to reduce the required WQv, skip to question 33a after identifying the SMPs.

7738089822

Table	1	-
-------	---	---

Runoff Reduction (RR) Techniques and Standard Stormwater Management Practices (SMPs)

Area (acres) Area (acres) Impervious Area(acres) Conservation of Natural Areas (RR-1) and/or and/or and/or Sheetflow to Riparian Buffers/Filters Strips (RR-2) and/or and/or and/or Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3) and/or and/or and/or Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4) and/or and/or and/or Re Techniques (Volume Reduction) and/or and/or and/or Vegetated Swale (RR-5) and/or and/or and/or Stormwater Planter (RR-7) and/or and/or and/or Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8) and/or and/or and/or Orous Pavement (RR-9) and/or and/or and/or Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity and/or and/or and/or Underground Infiltration System (I-4) and/or and/or and/or Biorestention (P-5) and/or and/or and/or Wet Pond (P-2) and/or and/or and/or Water Rended Detention (P-1) and/or and/or and/or Water Streaked Detention (P-3) and/or and/or		Total Co	ontributing	<u>1</u>	Tot	al Cc	:ri]	ibuting		
Conservation of Natural Areas (RR-1) and/or Shaetflow to Riparian Buffers/Filters Strips (RR-2) and/or Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3) and/or Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4) and/or and/or RE Techniques (Volume Reduction) and/or Vegetated Swale (RR-6) Stormwater Planter (RR-7) Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8) Orous Pavement (RR-9) Green Roof (RR-10) Judgerground Infiltration System (I-4) Underground Infiltration System (I-4) Bioretention (F-5) We ketnede (O-1) Bioretention (F-5) <td< th=""><th>RR Techniques (Area Reduction)</th><th>Area</th><th>(acres)</th><th>Ir</th><th>nper</th><th>vious</th><th>A</th><th>rea</th><th>a(acres</th></td<>	RR Techniques (Area Reduction)	Area	(acres)	Ir	nper	vious	A	rea	a(acres	
Sheetflow to Riparian Buffers/Filters Strips (RR-2) and/or O Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3) and/or Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4) and/or RR Techniques (Volume Reduction) and/or Vegetated Swale (RR-5) and/or Bain Garden (RR-6) and/or Stormwater Planter (RR-7) and/or Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8) and/or Porous Pavement (RR-9) and/or Careen Roof (RR-10) and/or Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity and/or Infiltration Basin (I-2) and/or Dry Wall (I-3) and/or Bioretention (F-5) and/or Dry Swale (0-1) and/or Standard SMPs and/or Mutriple Pond System (P-4) and/or Wet Extended Detention (P-3) and/or Multiple Pond System (P-4) and/or Organic Filter (F-1) and/or Organic Filter (F-4) and/or Derivet Sand Filter (F-2) and/or Derivet Sand Filter (F-3) and/or Organic Filter (F-4) and/or Shallow Wetland (W-1) and/or	O Conservation of Natural Areas (RR-1)		•	and/o	r].			
<pre>C Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3)</pre>	O Sheetflow to Riparian Buffers/Filters Strips (RR-2)			and/o	r].			
Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4)	○ Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3)	•	•	and/o	r].			
RR Techniques (Volume Reduction)	\bigcirc Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4)	••	•	and/o	r		•			
O Vegetated Swale (RR-5)	RR Techniques (Volume Reduction)						٦			
Rain Garden (RR-6)	O Vegetated Swale (RR-5) ·····	•••••	• • • • • • • • • •	••••	•					
Stormwater Planter (RR-7) . Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8) . Porous Pavement (RR-9) . Green Roof (RR-10) . Standard SMPs with RRV Capacity . Infiltration Trench (I-1) . Dry Well (I-3) . Underground Infiltration System (I-4) . Bioretention (F-5) . Dry Swale (0-1) . Standard SMPs . Micropool Extended Detention (P-1) . Wet Pond (P-2) . Wet Extended Detention (P-3) . Surface Sand Filter (F-1) . Underground Sand Filter (F-2) . Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) . Pocket Watland (W-4) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Organic Filter (W-3) . Organic Filter (W-3) . Organic Filter (W-3) . Organic Filter (W-4) . Organic Filter (W-4) . <	\bigcirc Rain Garden (RR-6)			•••••						
Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8) . Porous Pavement (RR-9) . Green Roof (RR-10) . Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity . Infiltration Trench (I-1) . Dry Well (I-3) . Underground Infiltration System (I-4) . Bioretention (F-5) . Dry Swale (0-1) . Standard SMPs . Micropool Extended Detention (P-1) . Wet Pond (P-2) . Wet Extended Detention (P-3) . Multiple Pond System (P-4) . Surface Sand Filter (F-1) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) . Pocket Wetland (W-4) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Organic Filter (F-2) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Organic Filter (F-2) . Organic Filter (F-2) . Organic Filter (F-2) . Organic Filter (F-2) . Organic Filt	○ Stormwater Planter (RR-7)		••••••							
O Porous Pavement (RR-9)	○ Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8)									
O Green Roof (RR-10)	○ Porous Pavement (RR-9)].			
Standard SMPs with RRV Capacity O Infiltration Trench (I-1)	\bigcirc Green Roof (RR-10)	•••••								
<pre>O Infiltration Trench (I-1)</pre>	Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity						_			
O Infiltration Basin (I-2) Image: Constraint of the system of the sy	\bigcirc Infiltration Trench (I-1) ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		•••••							
Ory Well (I-3)	\bigcirc Infiltration Basin (I-2) ·····									
Ounderground Infiltration System (I-4)	○ Dry Well (I-3)									
Bioretention (F-5) Image: Standard SMPs Standard SMPs Image: Standard SMPs Micropool Extended Detention (P-1) Image: Standard SMPs Wet Pond (P-2) Image: Standard SMPs Wet Extended Detention (P-3) Image: Standard SMPs Multiple Pond System (P-4) Image: Standard SMPs Surface Sand Filter (F-1) Image: Standard SMPs Organic Filter (F-1) Image: Standard SMPs Organic Filter (F-4) Image: Standard SMPs Shallow Wetland (W-1) Image: Standard SMPs Pocket Wetland (W-3) Image: Standard SMPs Wet Syzla (O-2) Image: Standard SMPs	O Underground Infiltration System (I-4)									
Ory Swale (0-1) . Standard SMPs . Micropool Extended Detention (P-1) . Wet Pond (P-2) . Wet Extended Detention (P-3) . Multiple Pond System (P-4) . Pocket Pond (P-5) . Surface Sand Filter (F-1) . Underground Sand Filter (F-2) . Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) . Pocket Wetland (W-4) .	○ Bioretention (F-5)									
Standard SMPs Micropool Extended Detention (P-1) Wet Pond (P-2) Wet Extended Detention (P-3) Multiple Pond System (P-4) Pocket Pond (P-5) Surface Sand Filter (F-1) Underground Sand Filter (F-2) Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) Organic Filter (F-4) Shallow Wetland (W-1) Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) Pocket Wetland (W-4) Wet Svale (0-2)	\bigcirc Dry Swale (0-1)			• • • • • •						
Micropool Extended Detention (P-1) - Wet Pond (P-2) - Wet Extended Detention (P-3) - Multiple Pond System (P-4) - Pocket Pond (P-5) - Surface Sand Filter (F-1) - Underground Sand Filter (F-2) - Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) - Organic Filter (F-4) - Shallow Wetland (W-1) - Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) - Pocket Wetland (W-4) - Wet Swale (O-2) -	Standard SMPs						_			
Wet Pond (P-2) . Wet Extended Detention (P-3) . Multiple Pond System (P-4) . Pocket Pond (P-5) . Surface Sand Filter (F-1) . Underground Sand Filter (F-2) . Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Pond/Wetland System (W-3) . Pocket Wetland (W-4) .	\bigcirc Micropool Extended Detention (P-1)									
Wet Extended Detention (P-3) . Multiple Pond System (P-4) . Pocket Pond (P-5) . Surface Sand Filter (F-1) . Underground Sand Filter (F-2) . Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Pond/Wetland System (W-3) . Pocket Wetland (W-4) .	\bigcirc Wet Pond (P-2)	•••••								
Multiple Pond System (P-4) • Pocket Pond (P-5) • Surface Sand Filter (F-1) • Underground Sand Filter (F-2) • Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) • Organic Filter (F-4) • Shallow Wetland (W-1) • Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) • Pocket Wetland (W-4) • Wet Swale (O-2) •	\bigcirc Wet Extended Detention (P-3)		• • • • • • • • • •							
O Pocket Pond (P-5) . Surface Sand Filter (F-1) . Underground Sand Filter (F-2) . Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) . Pond/Wetland System (W-3) . Pocket Wetland (W-4) .	○ Multiple Pond System (P-4) ······									
Surface Sand Filter (F-1) . Underground Sand Filter (F-2) . Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) . Pond/Wetland System (W-3) . Pocket Wetland (W-4) .	\bigcirc Pocket Pond (P-5) ·····			• • • • • •						
Ounderground Sand Filter (F-2) . Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) . Pond/Wetland System (W-3) . Pocket Wetland (W-4) .	\bigcirc Surface Sand Filter (F-1) \cdots].			
<pre> Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3)</pre>	\bigcirc Underground Sand Filter (F-2)	•••••].			
Organic Filter (F-4) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) . Pond/Wetland System (W-3) . Pocket Wetland (W-4) . Wet Swale (O-2) .	○ Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) ·····	•••••].			
O Shallow Wetland (W-1) • O Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) • O Pond/Wetland System (W-3) • O Pocket Wetland (W-4) • O Wet Swale (O-2) •	○ Organic Filter (F-4)						٦.			
<pre>O Extended Detention Wetland (W-2)</pre>	○ Shallow Wetland (W-1)						1.			
<pre> Pond/Wetland System (W-3) Pocket Wetland (W-4) Wet Swale (0-2) </pre>	O Extended Detention Wetland (W-2)						٦.			
O Pocket Wetland (W-4) . O Wet Swale (0-2)	<pre> Pond/Wetland System (W-3) </pre>		• • • • • • • • • •	••••			1.			
\bigcirc Wet Swale (0-2)	<pre> O Pocket Wetland (W-4) </pre>		• • • • • • • • • • •	•••••			٦.			
	\bigcirc Wet Swale (0-2)	• • • • • • • •		•••••			1			

07620	89822	
	Table 2 - Alternative SMPs (DO NOT INCLUDE PRACTICES BEING USED FOR PRETREATMENT ONLY)	IG
Alterna	ative SMP	Total Contributing Impervious Area(acres)
⊖ Hyd:	rodynamic	···
○ Wet	Vault	••
○ Med	ia Filter	••
		••
Provide	the name and manufacturer of the Alternative SMPs (i.e.	
Propriet	Name Name	
Manufa		
Note: Re	development projects which do not use RR techniques, sha	all
us WQ	e questions 28, 29, 33 and 33a to provide SMPs used, tota ov required and total WQv provided for the project.	cal
30. In St	dicate the Total RRv provided by the RR techniques (Area candard SMPs with RRv capacity identified in question 29.	a/Volume Reduction) and
:	Total RRv provided	
	acre-feet	
31. Is	the Total RRv provided (#30) greater than or equal to t	the
	Ner en te mertier 26	\bigcirc Yes \bigcirc No
If	No, go to question 30.	
32. Pr [M	covide the Minimum RRv required based on HSG. Minimum RRv Required = (P)(0.95)(Ai)/12, Ai=(S)(Aic)]	
M	inimum RRv Required	
	acre-feet	
32a. Is Mi	the Total RRv provided (#30) greater than or equal to t nimum RRv Required (#32)?	the O Yes O No
If	Yes, go to question 33. <u>Note</u> : Use the space provided in question #39 to <u>summari</u> specific site limitations and justification for not red 100% of WQv required (#28). A <u>detailed</u> evaluation of t specific site limitations and justification for not red 100% of the WQv required (#28) must also be included in SWPPP.	<u>ize</u> the ducing the ducing n the
If pr cr	No, sizing criteria has not been met, so NOI can not be cocessed. SWPPP preparer must modify design to meet sizin riteria.	e ng

1766089827

33. Identify the Standard SMPs in Table 1 and, if applicable, the Alternative SMPs in Table 2 that were used to treat the remaining total WQv(=Total WQv Required in 28 - Total RRv Provided in 30).

Also, provide in Table 1 and 2 the total <u>impervious</u> area that contributes runoff to each practice selected.

Note: Use Tables 1 and 2 to identify the SMPs used on Redevelopment projects.

33a. Indicate the Total WQv provided (i.e. WQv treated) by the SMPs identified in question #33 and Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity identified in question 29. WQv Provided acre-feet Note: For the standard SMPs with RRv capacity, the WQv provided by each practice = the WQv calculated using the contributing drainage area to the practice - RRv provided by the practice. (See Table 3.5 in Design Manual) Provide the sum of the Total RRv provided (#30) and 34. the WQv provided (#33a). Is the sum of the RRv provided (#30) and the WQv provided 35. (#33a) greater than or equal to the total WQv required (#28)? ○Yes ○No If Yes, go to question 36. If No, sizing criteria has not been met, so NOI can not be processed. SWPPP preparer must modify design to meet sizing criteria. Provide the total Channel Protection Storage Volume (CPv) required and 36. provided or select waiver (36a), if applicable. CPv Required CPv Provided acre-feet acre-feet 36a. The need to provide channel protection has been waived because: O Site discharges directly to tidal waters or a fifth order or larger stream. \bigcirc Reduction of the total CPv is achieved on site through runoff reduction techniques or infiltration systems.

37. Provide the Overbank Flood (Qp) and Extreme Flood (Qf) control criteria or select waiver (37a), if applicable.

Total Overbank Flood Control Criteria (Qp)

Pre-Development	Post-development
Total Extreme Flood Control	Criteria (Qf)
Pre-Development	Post-development
CFS	CFS

37a.	The need to meet the Qp and Qf criteria has been waived because:
	\bigcirc Site discharges directly to tidal waters
	or a fifth order or larger stream.
	\bigcirc Downstream analysis reveals that the Qp and Qf
	controls are not required

38. Has a long term Operation and Maintenance Plan for the post-construction stormwater management practice(s) been O Yes O No developed?

If Yes, Identify the entity responsible for the long term Operation and Maintenance

39. Use this space to summarize the specific site limitations and justification for not reducing 100% of WQv required(#28). (See question 32a) This space can also be used for other pertinent project information.

4285089826

40.	Identify other DEC permits, existing and new, that are required for this project/facility.
	○ Air Pollution Control
	○ Coastal Erosion
	⊖ Hazardous Waste
	\bigcirc Long Island Wells
	\bigcirc Mined Land Reclamation
	○ Solid Waste
	\bigcirc Navigable Waters Protection / Article 15
	\bigcirc Water Quality Certificate
	○ Dam Safety
	○ Water Supply
	○ Freshwater Wetlands/Article 24
	\bigcirc Tidal Wetlands
	\bigcirc Wild, Scenic and Recreational Rivers
	\bigcirc Stream Bed or Bank Protection / Article 15
	○ Endangered or Threatened Species(Incidental Take Permit)
	○ Individual SPDES
	\bigcirc SPDES Multi-Sector GP N Y R
	O Other
	None

41.	Does this project require a US Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Permit? If Yes, Indicate Size of Impact.	⊖ Yes	• No
42.	Is this project subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4? (If No, skip question 43)	• Yes	() No
43.	Has the "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form been signed by the principal executive officer or ranking elected official and submitted along with this NOI?	⊖ Yes	• No
44.	If this NOI is being submitted for the purpose of continuing or trans coverage under a general permit for stormwater runoff from constructi activities, please indicate the former SPDES number assigned. N Y R	ferring on	
Owner/Operator Certification

I have read or been advised of the permit conditions and believe that I understand them. I also understand that, under the terms of the permit, there may be reporting requirements. I hereby certify that this document and the corresponding documents were prepared under my direction or supervision. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. I further understand that coverage under the general permit will be identified in the acknowledgment that I will receive as a result of submitting this NOI and can be as long as sixty (60) business days as provided for in the general permit. I also understand that, by submitting this NOI, I am acknowledging that the SWPPP has been developed and will be implemented as the first element of construction, and agreeing to comply with all the terms and conditions of the general permit for which this NOI is being submitted.

Print First Name	MI
Print Last Name	
Owner/Operator Signature	
	Date

NYS	NEW YORK STATE OF OPPORTUNITYDepartment of Environmental ConservationDepartment of Environmental Conservation Division of Water 625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albany, New York 12233-3505									
MS4 Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Acceptance Form										
for Construction Activities Seeking Authorization Under SPDES General Permit *(NOTE: Attach Completed Form to Notice Of Intent and Submit to Address Above)										
I. Project Owner/Operato	or Information									
1. Owner/Operator Name:	AK Property Holding LLC									
2. Contact Person:	Alla Bares									
3. Street Address:	3. Street Address: 730 Columbus Ave - Apt 3D									
4. City/State/Zip:	New York, NY 10025									
II. Project Site Information	on									
5. Project/Site Name:	25 Townsend Street Subdivision									
6. Street Address:	25 Townsend Street									
7. City/State/Zip:	Beacon, NY 12508									
III. Stormwater Pollution	Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Review and Acceptance Information									
8. SWPPP Reviewed by:	John Russo, P.E.									
9. Title/Position:	City's Engineering Consultant									
10. Date Final SWPPP Rev	iewed and Accepted:									
IV. Regulated MS4 Inform	ation									
11. Name of MS4:	11. Name of MS4: City of Beacon									
12. MS4 SPDES Permit Ide	ntification Number: NYR20A 040									
13. Contact Person:	on: Reuben Simmons, Jr.									
14. Street Address:	1 Municipal Plaza									
15. City/State/Zip:	Beacon, NY 12508									
16. Telephone Number:	845-831-0932									

MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form - continued

V. Certification Statement - MS4 Official (principal executive officer or ranking elected official) or Duly Authorized Representative

I hereby certify that the final Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for the construction project identified in question 5 has been reviewed and meets the substantive requirements in the SPDES General Permit For Stormwater Discharges from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s). Note: The MS4, through the acceptance of the SWPPP, assumes no responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the design included in the SWPPP. In addition, review and acceptance of the SWPPP by the MS4 does not relieve the owner/operator or their SWPPP preparer of responsibility or liability for errors or omissions in the plan.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

Date:

VI. Additional Information

(NYS DEC - MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form - January 2015)

APPENDIX B

SOILS DATA



Conservation Service



Map Unit Legend

Dutchess County, New York (NY027)										
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI							
BeB	Bernardston silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	1.1	21.6%							
NwC	Nassau-Cardigan complex, rolling, very rocky	4.1	78.4%							
Totals for Area of Interest	` 	5.3	100.0%							



Dutchess County, New York

BeB—Bernardston silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9rdm Elevation: 0 to 1,000 feet Mean annual precipitation: 41 to 47 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 115 to 195 days Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Bernardston and similar soils: 75 percent Minor components: 25 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Bernardston

Setting

Landform: Drumlinoid ridges, hills, till plains Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Loamy, acid, dense till derived mainly from phyllite, shale, slate, and schist

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: silt loam H2 - 8 to 27 inches: silt loam

H3 - 27 to 80 inches: silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 15 to 30 inches to densic material
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 18 to 24 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

USDA

Minor Components

Pittstown

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Punsit

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Stockbridge

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Unnamed soils, fine-loamy

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Canandaigua

Percent of map unit: 1 percent *Landform:* Depressions

Sun

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Depressions

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Dutchess County, New York Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 15, 2014

Dutchess County, New York

NwC—Nassau-Cardigan complex, rolling, very rocky

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9rhd Elevation: 600 to 1,800 feet Mean annual precipitation: 41 to 47 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 115 to 195 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Cardigan and similar soils: 40 percent Nassau and similar soils: 40 percent Minor components: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Nassau

Setting

Landform: Till plains, benches, ridges Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Channery loamy till derived mainly from local slate or shale

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 5 inches: channery silt loam

H2 - 5 to 16 inches: very channery silt loam

H3 - 16 to 20 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 15 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock
Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 1.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: D

USDA

Description of Cardigan

Setting

Landform: Ridges, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Loamy till or colluvium derived from phyllite, slate, shale, and schist

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: channery silt loam

H2 - 8 to 20 inches: channery loam

H3 - 20 to 30 inches: channery silt loam

H4 - 30 to 34 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 15 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Minor Components

Dutchess

Percent of map unit: 9 percent

Unnamed soils, very shallow Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Sun

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Depressions

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Dutchess County, New York Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 15, 2014

USDA

APPENDIX C

RAINFALL DATA, PARCEL ACCESS MAP SHOWING FLOODPLAIN AND WETLANDS

Extreme Precipitation Tables

Northeast Regional Climate Center

Data represents point estimates calculated from partial duration series. All precipitation amounts are displayed in inches.

Smoothing	Yes
State	New York
Location	
Longitude	73.824 degrees West
Latitude	41.650 degrees North
Elevation	0 feet
Date/Time	Mon, 27 Nov 2017 12:49:03 -0500

Extreme Precipitation Estimates

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.32	0.49	0.61	0.80	0.99	1.24	1yr	0.86	1.16	1.42	1.75	2.14	2.62	2.95	1yr	2.32	2.83	3.28	3.97	4.57	1yr
2yr	0.38	0.59	0.73	0.96	1.21	1.50	2yr	1.04	1.40	1.73	2.12	2.59	3.16	3.56	2yr	2.79	3.42	3.92	4.64	5.27	2yr
5yr	0.45	0.70	0.88	1.18	1.51	1.90	5yr	1.31	1.73	2.19	2.68	3.26	3.95	4.52	5yr	3.49	4.34	4.99	5.78	6.53	5yr
10yr	0.51	0.81	1.02	1.38	1.80	2.28	10yr	1.55	2.03	2.62	3.22	3.89	<mark>4.68</mark>	5.41	10yr	4.14	5.20	5.99	6.83	7.68	10yr
25yr	0.61	0.97	1.23	1.70	2.26	2.89	25yr	1.95	2.51	3.33	4.08	4.92	5.85	6.88	25yr	5.18	6.61	7.64	8.52	9.52	25yr
50yr	0.70	1.12	1.43	2.01	2.70	3.46	50yr	2.33	2.95	4.00	4.89	5.86	6.94	8.25	50yr	6.14	7.93	9.18	10.07	11.21	50yr
100yr	0.80	1.30	1.67	2.37	3.22	4.15	100yr	2.78	3.47	4.80	5.86	6.99	8.23	9.90	100yr	7.28	9.52	11.04	11.91	13.21	100yr
200yr	0.92	1.50	1.95	2.79	3.85	4.98	200yr	3.32	4.09	5.76	7.01	8.34	9.77	11.88	200yr	8.64	11.42	13.29	14.10	15.56	200yr
500yr	1.13	1.85	2.41	3.49	4.88	6.34	500yr	4.21	5.08	7.34	8.90	10.54	12.25	15.14	500yr	10.84	14.56	17.00	17.62	19.35	500yr

Lower Confidence Limits

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.25	0.39	0.48	0.64	0.79	0.95	1yr	0.68	0.93	1.24	1.50	1.94	2.29	2.56	1yr	2.03	2.46	2.67	3.67	4.18	1yr
2yr	0.37	0.57	0.71	0.96	1.18	1.38	2yr	1.02	1.35	1.57	2.00	2.53	3.07	3.45	2yr	2.71	3.31	3.81	4.51	5.12	2yr
5yr	0.41	0.64	0.79	1.09	1.38	1.61	5yr	1.19	1.58	1.82	2.35	2.92	3.67	4.18	5yr	3.25	4.02	4.62	5.35	6.09	5yr
10yr	0.46	0.71	0.88	1.22	1.58	1.80	10yr	1.37	1.76	2.04	2.62	3.24	4.20	4.80	10yr	3.72	4.62	5.32	6.05	6.93	10yr
25yr	0.53	0.80	0.99	1.42	1.87	2.09	25yr	1.61	2.04	2.31	2.98	3.70	5.03	5.74	25yr	4.45	5.52	6.44	7.11	8.25	25yr
50yr	0.58	0.89	1.10	1.59	2.14	2.32	50yr	1.84	2.27	2.55	3.32	4.10	5.77	6.62	50yr	5.11	6.37	7.46	8.02	9.42	50yr
100yr	0.65	0.98	1.22	1.77	2.43	2.60	100yr	2.09	2.54	2.82	3.69	4.53	6.63	7.64	100yr	5.87	7.34	8.63	9.01	10.78	100yr
200yr	0.72	1.09	1.38	2.00	2.79	2.89	200yr	2.41	2.83	3.11	4.11	4.98	7.60	8.83	200yr	6.73	8.49	10.00	10.17	12.36	200yr
500yr	0.85	1.26	1.62	2.36	3.35	3.36	500yr	2.89	3.28	3.56	4.74	5.65	9.16	10.73	500yr	8.11	10.32	12.17	11.89	14.87	500yr

Upper Confidence Limits

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.36	0.55	0.68	0.91	1.12	1.31	1yr	0.96	1.28	1.48	1.90	2.40	2.85	3.20	1yr	2.53	3.07	3.53	4.24	4.87	1yr
2yr	0.40	0.62	0.76	1.03	1.27	1.50	2yr	1.10	1.47	1.73	2.17	2.74	3.26	3.73	2yr	2.89	3.59	4.17	4.84	5.46	2yr
5yr	0.49	0.76	0.94	1.29	1.64	1.93	5yr	1.41	1.88	2.19	2.85	3.55	4.25	4.89	5yr	3.76	4.71	5.42	6.23	6.98	5yr
10yr	0.59	0.90	1.12	1.56	2.02	2.34	10yr	1.74	2.29	2.66	3.49	4.36	5.18	6.06	10yr	4.59	5.82	6.75	7.60	8.44	10yr
25yr	0.74	1.13	1.41	2.01	2.64	3.05	25yr	2.28	2.99	3.48	4.68	5.73	6.76	8.01	25yr	5.98	7.70	9.04	9.89	10.82	25yr
50yr	0.89	1.35	1.68	2.42	3.26	3.74	50yr	2.81	3.66	4.27	5.81	7.05	8.25	9.92	50yr	7.30	9.54	11.30	12.09	13.04	50yr
100yr	1.07	1.62	2.02	2.92	4.01	4.60	100yr	3.46	4.50	5.25	7.22	8.68	10.09	12.28	100yr	8.93	11.80	14.12	14.78	15.72	100yr
200yr	1.28	1.93	2.45	3.55	4.95	5.61	200yr	4.27	5.49	6.45	8.97	10.69	12.34	15.19	200yr	10.92	14.61	17.67	18.07	18.96	200yr
500yr	1.65	2.46	3.16	4.60	6.54	7.34	500yr	5.64	7.17	8.49	12.00	14.13	16.11	20.11	500yr	14.26	19.34	23.77	23.62	24.25	500yr









User Remarks:

APPENDIX D

PRE-DEVELOPMENT HYDROCAD MODEL



Summary for Subcatchment 1: DA 1

Runoff = 2.46 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.156 af, Depth> 1.10"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 1 YR Rainfall=2.62"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description							
	38,260	77 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG D						
	20,783	98 I	Paved park	ved parking, HSG D						
	14,938	80 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG D					
	73,981	84 \	Neighted A	verage						
	53,198	7	71.91% Per	vious Area						
	20,783		28.09% Imp	pervious Are	ea					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
10.9	100	0.1100	0.15		Sheet Flow, S2					
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.16"					
5.5	407	0.0610	1.23		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
0.2	30	0.0830	2.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3					
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
0.5	136	0.0590	4.93		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S4					
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps					







Summary for Subcatchment 2: DA 2

Runoff = 8.34 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.525 af, Depth> 0.83"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 1 YR Rainfall=2.62"

 A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description								
1	31,018	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D							
	7,630	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG D							
	7,047	96 0	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG D							
	40,630	78 N	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG D								
 1	44,748	80 >	80 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D								
3	31,073	79 V	Veighted A	verage							
3	23,443	9	7.70% Per	vious Area							
	7,630	2	30% Impe	ervious Area	a						
Та	l a ra artha	Clana	Valacity	Conceitur	Description						
IC (min)	Lengin			Capacity	Description						
	(1661)			(015)	Obest Flaw 04						
6.2	100	0.0630	0.27		Sneet Flow, S1 Cross: Short, n= 0.150, D2= 2.16"						
16	160	0.0620	1 7/		Shallow Concontrated Flow S2						
1.0	103	0.0020	1.74		Short Grass Pasture Ky= 7.0 fps						
52	347	0 0490	1 11		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3						
0.2	017	0.0100			Woodland $Kv = 5.0 \text{ fps}$						
0.1	26	0.0480	3.53		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S4						
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps						
2.3	194	0.0390	1.38		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S5						
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps						
1.0	95	0.0960	1.55		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S6						
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps						
16.4	931	Total									



Subcatchment 2: DA 2

Summary for Subcatchment 3: DA 3

Runoff = 0.11 cfs @ 11.98 hrs, Volume= 0.005 af, Depth> 0.74"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 1 YR Rainfall=2.62"



Summary for Subcatchment 1: DA 1

Runoff = 6.06 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.391 af, Depth> 2.76"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10 YR Rainfall=4.68"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description							
	38,260	77 \	Noods, Go	oods, Good, HSG D						
	20,783	98 I	Paved park	ved parking, HSG D						
	14,938	80 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D					
	73,981	84 \	Neighted A	verage						
	53,198	-	71.91% Per	vious Area						
	20,783		28.09% Imp	pervious Are	ea					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
10.9	100	0.1100	0.15		Sheet Flow, S2					
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.16"					
5.5	407	0.0610	1.23		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
0.2	30	0.0830	2.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3					
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
0.5	136	0.0590	4.93		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S4					
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps					







Summary for Subcatchment 2: DA 2

Runoff = 23.65 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1.474 af, Depth> 2.33"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10 YR Rainfall=4.68"

 A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description								
1	31,018	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D							
	7,630	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG D							
	7,047	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG D							
	40,630	78 N	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG D								
 1	44,748	80 >	80 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D								
3	31,073	79 V	Veighted A	verage							
3	23,443	9	7.70% Per	vious Area							
	7,630	2	30% Impe	ervious Area	a						
Та	l e re entre	Clana	Valacity	Conceitur	Description						
IC (min)	Lengin			Capacity	Description						
	(1661)			(015)	Obest Flaw 04						
6.2	100	0.0630	0.27		Sneet Flow, S1 Cross: Short, n= 0.150, D2= 2.16"						
16	160	0.0620	1 7/		Shallow Concontrated Flow S2						
1.0	103	0.0020	1.74		Short Grass Pasture Ky= 7.0 fps						
52	347	0 0490	1 11		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3						
0.2	017	0.0100			Woodland $Kv = 5.0 \text{ fps}$						
0.1	26	0.0480	3.53		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S4						
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps						
2.3	194	0.0390	1.38		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S5						
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps						
1.0	95	0.0960	1.55		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S6						
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps						
16.4	931	Total									



Subcatchment 2: DA 2

Summary for Subcatchment 3: DA 3

Runoff = 0.32 cfs @ 11.97 hrs, Volume= 0.014 af, Depth> 2.17"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10 YR Rainfall=4.68"



Summary for Subcatchment 1: DA 1

Runoff = 12.48 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.836 af, Depth> 5.91"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100 YR Rainfall=8.23"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description							
	38,260	77 \	Voods, Go	od, HSG D						
	20,783	98 F	Paved park	ved parking, HSG D						
	14,938	80 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D					
	73,981	84 \	Veighted A	verage						
	53,198	7	71.91% Per	vious Area						
	20,783	2	28.09% Imp	pervious Ar	ea					
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
10.9	100	0.1100	0.15		Sheet Flow, S2					
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.16"					
5.5	407	0.0610	1.23		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
0.2	30	0.0830	2.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3					
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
0.5	136	0.0590	4.93		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S4					
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps					



Subcatchment 1: DA 1



Summary for Subcatchment 2: DA 2

Runoff = 52.61 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 3.377 af, Depth> 5.33"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100 YR Rainfall=8.23"

	A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
	1	31,018	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D			
7,630 98 Paved parking, HSG D					ing, HSG D			
7,047 96 Gravel surface, HSG D					ace, HSG D			
40,630 78 Meadow, non-grazed,					on-grazed,	HSG D		
144,748 80 >75% Grass cover, Good					s cover, Go	ood, HSG D		
331,073			79 Weighted Average					
323,443		97.70% Pervious Area						
7,630 2.30% Impervious Area					ervious Area	a		
	Та	l e re entre	Clana	Valacity	Conceitur	Description		
	IC (min)	Lengin			Capacity	Description		
					(015)	Obest Flaw 04		
	6.2	100	0.0630	0.27		Sneet Flow, S1 Cross: Short, n= 0.150, D2= 2.16"		
	16	160	0.0620	1 7/		Shallow Concontrated Flow S2		
	1.0	103	0.0020	1.74		Short Grass Pasture Ky= 7.0 fps		
	52	347	0 0490	1 11		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3		
	0.2	017	0.0100			Woodland $Kv = 5.0 \text{ fps}$		
	0.1	26	0.0480	3.53		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S4		
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps		
	2.3	194	0.0390	1.38		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S5		
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps		
	1.0	95	0.0960	1.55		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S6		
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
	16.4	931	Total					



Subcatchment 2: DA 2

Summary for Subcatchment 3: DA 3

Runoff = 0.73 cfs @ 11.97 hrs, Volume= 0.034 af, Depth> 5.12"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100 YR Rainfall=8.23"



APPENDIX G

PRE-CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION FORM



2015-025 Post Conditions_2018-0219

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Subcatchment 10: DA 10

Runoff = 2.31 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.147 af, Depth> 1.05"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 1 YR Rainfall=2.62"

	A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
		23,952	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D	
		15,309	98 P	aved park	ing, HSG D	
34,298 80 >75% Grass cover, Go						bod, HSG D
		73,559	83 V	Veighted A	verage	
58,250 79.19% Pervious Area						
15,309 20.81% Impervious Are					pervious Ar	ea
	_					
	TC	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(teet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cts)	
	10.9	100	0.1100	0.15		Sheet Flow, S2
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.16"
	3.4	249	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2
	0.4	10	0.0400	7 00	07.00	Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.1	49	0.0100	7.80	67.89	Channel Flow, S3
						Area = 8.7 st Perim = 4.4° r = 1.98°
	1 1	454	0.0050	4 70		n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & Winding
	1.4	154	0.0650	1.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, 54
	0.1	20	0 0000	6.06		Shollow Concentrated Flow SE
	0.1	20	0.0690	0.00		Bayed Ky = 20.3 fpc
	13	127	0 0550	1 64		Shallow Concentrated Flow S6
	1.5	121	0.0000	1.04		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
-	17 2	707	Total			
	11.2	101	rotar			

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC



Subcatchment 10: DA 10

2015-025 Post Conditions_2018-0219

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Subcatchment 20: DA 20

Runoff = 5.27 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.277 af, Depth> 0.78"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 1 YR Rainfall=2.62"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription				
		87,785	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D			
57,184			80 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D					
40,630			78 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG D					
	1	85,599	78 Weighted Average					
185,599			1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
	6.2	100	0.0630	0.27		Sheet Flow, S1		
						Grass: Short		
	1.6	169	0.0620	1.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2		
	0.0	0.40	0.0700	4 40		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 tps		
	3.0	249	0.0780	1.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3		
	0.0	267	0.0000	07.75	044 44	Woodland KV= 5.0 fps		
	0.2	307	0.0680	21.15	241.41	Channel Flow, 54 Area = 9.7 of Dorim = 4.4' r = 1.09'		
						Alea 0.7 Si Fellill 4.4 $1 - 1.90$		
	0.1	16	0 1880	3.04		Shallow Concentrated Flow S5		
	0.1	10	0.1000	0.04		Short Grass Pasture Ky= 7.0 fps		
-	11 1	001	Total					
	11.1	301	iulai					

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC



Subcatchment 20: DA 20
Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Subcatchment 21: DA 21

Runoff = 6.92 cfs @ 11.98 hrs, Volume= 0.310 af, Depth> 1.11"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 1 YR Rainfall=2.62"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	Description		
	31,684	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG D	
	1,713	96 0	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG D)
1	12,735	80 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D
1	146,132	84 V	Veighted A	verage	
1	114,448		8.32% Per	vious Area	
	31,684	2	1.68% Imp	pervious Are	ea
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
5.2	80	0.0630	0.26		Sheet Flow, S1
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.16"
0.1	23	0.0430	4.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
1.1	93	0.0430	1.45		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3
	47		0.54		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.0	17	0.0120	6.51	11.51	Pipe Channel, S4
					18.0" Round Area= 1.8 st Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38
0.4	407	0.0040	44.00	05.04	n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth Interior
0.1	127	0.0610	14.68	25.94	Pipe Channel, 55
					10.0 Round Area - 1.0 St Penin - 4.7 1 - 0.30
0.2	50	0.0100	5.04	10 50	II- U.UIS Bing Channel S6
0.2	50	0.0100	5.94	10.50	18.0" Pound Area 1.8 of Porim -4.7 ' r -0.38 '
					n = 0.013
0.1	50	0 0120	6 51	11 51	Pine Channel S7
0.1	50	0.0120	0.01	11.01	18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38'
					n=0.013
	4.40	T : 4 : 1			

6.8 448 Total

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC



Subcatchment 21: DA 21

0.01-0.005-0-

5

6

7

8

ģ

10

11

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Subcatchment 30: DA 30

Runoff = 0.10 cfs @ 11.98 hrs, Volume= 0.004 af, Depth> 0.74"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 1 YR Rainfall=2.62"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription							
	3,146	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D						
	3,146 100.00% Pervious Area									
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Des	cription				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
6.0					Dire	ct Entry, S1				
				Subcatc	hme	nt 30: DA 3	0			
				Hydrog	aranh					
		1		i i julio	graph		1			
0.11	[]				c		·			Runoff
0.105	()				CIS	- -	·		<u>i</u>	
0.1	·	<u>-</u>	- 	· - +		+ -	· - - - y	pe 11-2	24-hr	
0.095	/					-1 -YI	R Rair	nfall=2	2.62"	
0.085		<u>-</u>		·			££ A		10 05	
0.08			+			Runo	TF Area	a=3,14	40-ST	
0.07	<					Runoff V	/olum	e=0.0(04 af	
(g 0.065	·					Dun	off Do	nth>(74"	
≥ 0.06							DII DE	pui<	J-1+4+	
6 0.05		<u>-</u>	 				T	c=6.0	min	
0.045	/					- + + -	·	c I	J=77	
0.04	//		-ii	·				÷¥I	N — I - I	
0.035	/]	-						+	+	
0.025	(+ -		+		
0.02	<pre>//</pre>					$-\frac{1}{1}$ $ -\frac{1}{1}$ $ -\frac{1}{1}$ $-$		$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} = -$		
0.015	1 オーーーー・				VIA			+	+	

12 13 Time (hours) 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

 Type II 24-hr
 1 YR Rainfall=2.62"

 Printed
 2/26/2018

 C
 Page 9

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Reach SDP 2: SDP2

Inflow A	Area	=	7.615 ac,	9.55% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 0	.60" for 1 YR event
Inflow		=	6.77 cfs @	12.05 hrs, Volume	= 0.381 af	:
Outflow	/	=	6.77 cfs @	12.05 hrs, Volume	= 0.381 af	, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



Reach SDP 2: SDP2

Summary for Pond IB-1: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area	=	3.355 ac, 2	1.68% Impe	ervious,	Inflow Depth	h> 1.	11" foi	r 1 YR	event	
Inflow	=	6.92 cfs @	11.98 hrs,	Volume	= 0.3	310 af				
Outflow	=	2.28 cfs @	12.12 hrs,	Volume	= 0.3	301 af,	Atten=	67%,	Lag= 8.3 m	າin
Discarded	=	0.63 cfs @	12.12 hrs,	Volume	= 0.1	197 af				
Primary	=	1.65 cfs @	12.12 hrs,	Volume	= 0.1	104 af				

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 199.09' @ 12.12 hrs Surf.Area= 7,019 sf Storage= 4,873 cf Flood Elev= 202.00' Surf.Area= 10,419 sf Storage= 30,142 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 53.0 min calculated for 0.301 af (97% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 41.8 min (834.6 - 792.7)

Volume	Inver	t Avail.Stor	rage Storage	Description		
#1	198.00	' 30,14	12 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
198.0)0	1.600	0			
199.0	00	6,923	4,262	4,262		
200.0	00	8,022	7,473	11,734		
201.0	00	9,187	8,605	20,339		
202.0	00	10,419	9,803	30,142		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	5		
#1	Primary	197.00'	18.0" Round	Culvert		
			L= 50.0' CPF	, square edge	headwall, Ke= 0.500	
			Inlet / Outlet In	nvert= 197.00' /	196.50' S = 0.0100 '/' Cc = 0.900	
#2	Davias 1	109 501	n= 0.012, Flo	W Area= 1.77 s	\mathbf{N}	
#Z #3		190.50	36 0" W v 6 0	" H Vort Orific	$P_{0} = 0.000$	
#3 #A	Device 1	200.00'	48 0" y 48 0"	Horiz Orifice/	Grate $C = 0.000$	
<i>1</i> 7	Device 1	200.00	Limited to wei	r flow at low he	ads	
#5	Primary	201.00'	10.0' long x 8.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir			
				.20 0.40 0.00 50 4 00 4 50 5	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.00 1.80 2.00 5.00 5.50	
			Coef (English) 243 254 2	70 2 69 2 68 2 68 2 66 2 64 2 64	
			2.64 2.65 2.6	5 2.66 2.66 2	2.68 2.70 2.74	
#6	Discarded	198.00'	5.000 in/hr Ex	filtration over	Surface area above 198.00'	
			Excluded Surf	ace area = 1,60	00 sf	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.63 cfs @ 12.12 hrs HW=199.08' (Free Discharge) -6=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.63 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.64 cfs @ 12.12 hrs HW=199.08' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Culvert** (Passes 1.64 cfs of 9.77 cfs potential flow)

2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 1.64 cfs @ 2.78 fps)

-3=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Hydrograph Inflow
 Outflow
 Discarded
 Primary 6.92 cfs Inflow Area=3.355 ac **Peak Elev=199.09'** 7 Storage=4,873 cf 6-5 Flow (cfs) 4 2.28 cfs 3-1.65 cfs 2 0 sfs 1 0ģ 10 11 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 5 6 7 8 12 Time (hours)

Pond IB-1: Infiltration Basin

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Subcatchment 10: DA 10

Runoff = 5.83 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.376 af, Depth> 2.67"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10 YR Rainfall=4.68"

	A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
		23,952	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D	
		15,309	98 P	aved park	ing, HSG D	
_		34,298	80 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D
		73,559	83 V	Veighted A	verage	
		58,250	7	9.19% Pei	rvious Area	
		15,309	2	0.81% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
	_				-	
	TC	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	10.9	100	0.1100	0.15		Sheet Flow, S2
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.16"
	3.4	249	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2
	0.4	10	0.0400	7 00	07.00	Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.1	49	0.0100	7.80	67.89	Channel Flow, S3
						Area = 8.7 st Perim = 4.4 r = 1.98
	4 4	454	0.0050	4 70		n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding
	1.4	154	0.0650	1.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, 54
	0.1	20	0 0000	6.06		Shollow Concentrated Flow SE
	0.1	20	0.0690	0.00		Payed Ky= 20.3 fps
	13	127	0 0550	1 64		Shallow Concentrated Flow S6
	1.5	121	0.0000	1.04		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
-	17 2	707	Total			
	· / .∠	101	rotar			

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC



Subcatchment 10: DA 10

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Subcatchment 20: DA 20

Runoff = 15.19 cfs @ 12.03 hrs, Volume= 0.798 af, Depth> 2.25"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10 YR Rainfall=4.68"

	A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription				
		87,785	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D			
	57,184 80 >75% 0				ss cover, Good, HSG D			
_		40,630	78 N	78 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG D				
	185,599		78 V	Veighted A	verage			
	1	85,599	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
	6.2	100	0.0630	0.27		Sheet Flow, S1		
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.16"		
	1.6	169	0.0620	1.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2		
	0.0	0.40	0 0700	4.40		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps		
	3.0	249	0.0780	1.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3		
	0.0	267	0.0000	07.75	044 44	Woodland KV= 5.0 fps		
	0.2	307	0.0680	21.15	241.41	Channel Flow, 54 Area = 9.7 of Derim = 4.4' r = 1.09'		
						Alea -0.7 Si Fellill -4.4 -1.90		
	0.1	16	0 1880	3.04		Shallow Concentrated Flow S5		
	0.1	10	0.1000	0.04		Short Grass Pasture Ky= 7.0 fps		
-	11 1	001	Total					
	11.1	301	rotar					

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC



Subcatchment 20: DA 20

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Subcatchment 21: DA 21

Runoff = 16.61 cfs @ 11.98 hrs, Volume= 0.775 af, Depth> 2.77"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10 YR Rainfall=4.68"

31,684 98 Paved parking, HSG D	
1,713 96 Gravel surface, HSG D	
112,735 80 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D	
146,132 84 Weighted Average	
114,448 78.32% Pervious Area	
31,684 21.68% Impervious Area	
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description	
(min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)	
5.2 80 0.0630 0.26 Sheet Flow, S1	
Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.16"	
0.1 23 0.0430 4.21 Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2	
Paved Kv= 20.3 fps	
1.1 93 0.0430 1.45 Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3	
Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps	
0.0 17 0.0120 6.51 11.51 Pipe Channel, S4	
18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7	7' r= 0.38'
n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth inter	rior
0.1 127 0.0610 14.68 25.94 Pipe Channel, S5	
18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7	7' r= 0.38'
n= 0.013	
0.2 58 0.0100 5.94 10.50 Pipe Channel, S6	
18.0" Round Area= 1.8 st Perim= 4.7	/' r= 0.38'
n= 0.013	
0.1 50 0.0120 6.51 11.51 Pipe Channel, S7	
18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7	r= 0.38
n= 0.013	

6.8 448 Total

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC



Subcatchment 21: DA 21

Summary for Subcatchment 30: DA 30

Runoff = 0.29 cfs @ 11.97 hrs, Volume= 0.013 af, Depth> 2.17"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10 YR Rainfall=4.68"



Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Reach SDP 2: SDP2

Inflow A	Area	=	7.615 ac,	9.55% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 1.	94" for 10 YR event
Inflow		=	22.93 cfs @	12.04 hrs, Volume	= 1.232 af	
Outflow	V	=	22.93 cfs @	12.04 hrs, Volume	= 1.232 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



Reach SDP 2: SDP2

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Pond IB-1: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area	1 =	3.355 ac, 2	1.68% Impervious,	Inflow Depth >	2.77"	for 10 YI	R event
Inflow	=	16.61 cfs @	11.98 hrs, Volume	= 0.775	af		
Outflow	=	8.72 cfs @	12.08 hrs, Volume	= 0.751	af, Atter	า= 48%,	Lag= 5.8 min
Discarded	=	0.72 cfs @	12.08 hrs, Volume	= 0.318	af		
Primary	=	8.00 cfs @	12.08 hrs, Volume	= 0.433	af		

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 199.85' @ 12.08 hrs Surf.Area= 7,852 sf Storage= 10,505 cf Flood Elev= 202.00' Surf.Area= 10,419 sf Storage= 30,142 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 40.7 min calculated for 0.751 af (97% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 28.4 min (801.1 - 772.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage Storage	Description			
#1	198.00'	30,14	12 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevatio (fee	n S t)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)			
198.0	0	1.600	0	0			
199.0	0	6,923	4,262	4,262			
200.0	0	8,022	7,473	11,734			
201.0	0	9,187	8,605	20,339			
202.0	0	10,419	9,803	30,142			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	3			
#1	Primary	197.00'	18.0" Round	Culvert			
			L= 50.0' CPF	P, square edge	headwall, Ke= 0.500		
			Inlet / Outlet In	nvert= 197.00' /	196.50' S = 0.0100 '/' Cc = 0.900		
#2	Dovice 1	109 50'	n= 0.012, Flow Area= 1.77 Si 6.0" Vort. Orifico/Grate X 3.00, C= 0.600				
#Z #3		198.50	36 0" W x 6 0	" H Vort Orific	P/Grate C = 0.600		
#3 #4	Device 1	200.00'	48 0" x 48 0"	Horiz Orifice/	Grate $C = 0.600$		
	Device	200.00	Limited to wei	r flow at low hea	ads		
#5	Primary	201.00'	10.0' long x 8 Head (feet) 0 2.50 3.00 3.5 Coef. (English	3.0' breadth Br 20 0.40 0.60 50 4.00 4.50 5) 2.43 2.54 2.	oad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 0.00 5.50 70 2.69 2.68 2.66 2.64 2.64		
#6	Discarded	198.00'	2.64 2.65 2.6 5.000 in/hr Ex Excluded Surf	filtration over ace area = 1,60	Surface area above 198.00' Of sf		

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.72 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=199.83' (Free Discharge) -6=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.72 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=7.93 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=199.83' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Culvert** (Passes 7.93 cfs of 12.29 cfs potential flow)

2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 2.95 cfs @ 5.02 fps)

-3=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 4.97 cfs @ 3.31 fps)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)



Pond IB-1: Infiltration Basin

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Subcatchment 10: DA 10

Runoff = 12.20 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.815 af, Depth> 5.79"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100 YR Rainfall=8.23"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
		23,952	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D	
		3/ 208	90 F	75% Gras	ing, nog L s cover Go	od HSG D
-		73 550	83 M	Voighted A	<u>verade</u>	500, 1100 D
		58 250	7	9 19% Pei	vious Area	
		15.309	2	0.81% Imr	pervious Ar	ea
		,	-	•••••		
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	10.9	100	0.1100	0.15		Sheet Flow, S2
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.16"
	3.4	249	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2
	0.1	40	0.0100	7 00	67.00	Woodland KV= 5.0 fps
	0.1	49	0.0100	7.00	07.09	Channel Flow, 53 Area = 8.7 of Perime 4.4 ' r= 1.08'
						n = 0.030 Farth grassed & winding
	1.4	154	0.0650	1.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S4
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.1	28	0.0890	6.06		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S5
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	1.3	127	0.0550	1.64		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S6
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	17.2	707	Total			

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC



Subcatchment 10: DA 10

 Type II 24-hr
 100 YR Rainfall=8.23"

 Printed
 2/26/2018

 ions LLC
 Page 24

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Subcatchment 20: DA 20

Runoff = 34.07 cfs @ 12.03 hrs, Volume= 1.855 af, Depth> 5.22"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100 YR Rainfall=8.23"

	Area (sf)	CN D	Description		
	87,785	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D	
	57,184	80 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D
	40,630	78 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG D
	185,599	78 V	Veighted A	verage	
	185,599	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
To	: Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)) (feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.2	2 100	0.0630	0.27		Sheet Flow, S1
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.16"
1.6	6 169	0.0620	1.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
3.0) 249	0.0780	1.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.2	367	0.0680	27.75	241.41	Channel Flow, S4
					Area= 8.7 sf Perim= 4.4' r= 1.98'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
0.1	16	0.1880	3.04		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S5
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
11.1	901	Total			

Hydrograph 38 🔲 Runoff 34.07 cfs 36 34 Type II 24-hr 32 100 YR Rainfall=8.23" 30 28 Runoff Area=185,599 sf 26 Runoff Volume=1.855 af 24 22 22⁻ 20⁻ 18⁻ 16⁻ Runoff Depth>5.22" Flow Length=901' 16-Tc=11.1 min 14 12 **CN=78** 10 8 6 4 2 0-6 8 10 11 14 15 16 17 18 19 12 13 20 5 7 ģ Time (hours)

Subcatchment 20: DA 20

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Subcatchment 21: DA 21

Runoff = 33.77 cfs @ 11.98 hrs, Volume= 1.655 af, Depth> 5.92"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100 YR Rainfall=8.23"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	31,684	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG D	
	1,713	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG D	
1	12,735	80 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D
1	46,132	84 V	Veighted A	verage	
1	14,448	7	8.32% Per	rvious Area	
	31,684	2	1.68% Imp	pervious Are	ea
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
5.2	80	0.0630	0.26		Sheet Flow, S1
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.16"
0.1	23	0.0430	4.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S2
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
1.1	93	0.0430	1.45		Shallow Concentrated Flow, S3
0.0	47	0.0400	0.54		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.0	17	0.0120	6.51	11.51	Pipe Channel, S4
					18.0° Round Area= 1.8 st Perim= 4.7° r= 0.38°
0.4	407	0.0040	44.00	05.04	n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth Interior
0.1	127	0.0610	14.68	25.94	Pipe Channel, 55
					10.0 Round Alea- 1.0 SI Penin- 4.7 1- 0.30
0.2	58	0 0100	5.04	10 50	Pine Channel S6
0.2	50	0.0100	5.94	10.50	18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= $4.7'$ r= 0.38'
					n = 0.013
0.1	50	0 0120	6 51	11 51	Pine Channel S7
0.1	00	0.0120	0.01	11.01	18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38'
					n= 0.013

6.8 448 Total

Hydrograph 🔲 Runoff 36 33.77 cfs 34 Type II 24-hr 32 100 YR Rainfall=8.23" 30 28 Runoff Area=146,132 sf 26 Runoff Volume=1.655 af 24 22 (cts) 22-20-18-16-Runoff Depth>5.92" Flow Length=448' 16 Tc=6.8 min 14-12 **CN=84** 10 8 6 4 2 0-6 8 11 14 15 16 17 18 19 10 12 13 20 5 7 ģ Time (hours)

Subcatchment 21: DA 21

Summary for Subcatchment 30: DA 30

Runoff = 0.66 cfs @ 11.97 hrs, Volume= 0.031 af, Depth> 5.12"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100 YR Rainfall=8.23"



 Type II 24-hr
 100 YR Rainfall=8.23"

 Printed
 2/26/2018

 LLC
 Page 29

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Reach SDP 2: SDP2

Inflow /	Area	a =	7.615 ac,	9.55% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 4.	74" for 100 YR event
Inflow		=	49.09 cfs @	12.03 hrs, Volume	= 3.011 af	
Outflov	v	=	49.09 cfs @	12.03 hrs, Volume	= 3.011 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



Reach SDP 2: SDP2

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 04797 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Summary for Pond IB-1: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area	ı =	3.355 ac, 2	1.68% Impervious,	Inflow Depth >	5.92" fo	r 100 YR event
Inflow	=	33.77 cfs @	11.98 hrs, Volume	= 1.655	af	
Outflow	=	16.17 cfs @	12.08 hrs, Volume	= 1.615	af, Atten=	52%, Lag= 6.4 min
Discarded	=	0.88 cfs @	12.08 hrs, Volume	= 0.458	af	
Primary	=	15.29 cfs @	12.08 hrs, Volume	= 1.156	af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 200.98' @ 12.08 hrs Surf.Area= 9,165 sf Storage= 20,162 cf Flood Elev= 202.00' Surf.Area= 10,419 sf Storage= 30,142 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 32.7 min calculated for 1.615 af (98% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 22.5 min (778.0 - 755.5)

Volume	Inver	t Avail.Stor	rage Storage	Description	
#1	198.00	' 30,14	12 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
	0				
Elevatio	on S	urt.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
198.0	00	1,600	0	0	
199.0	00	6,923	4,262	4,262	
200.0	00	8,022	7,473	11,734	
201.0	00	9,187	8,605	20,339	
202.0	00	10,419	9,803	30,142	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	S	
#1	Primary	197.00'	18.0" Round	Culvert	
	-		L= 50.0' CPF	P, square edge	headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet I	nvert= 197.00' /	196.50' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012, Flo	w Area= 1.77 s	f
#2	Device 1	198.50'	6.0" Vert. Ori	fice/Grate X 3.0	00 C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	199.10'	36.0" W x 6.0	" H Vert. Orific	e/Grate C= 0.600
#4	Device 1	200.00'	48.0" x 48.0"	Horiz. Orifice/0	Grate C= 0.600
			Limited to wei	r flow at low hea	ads
#5	Primary	201.00'	10.0' long x	8.0' breadth Br	oad-Crested Rectangular Weir
	,		Head (feet) 0	.20 0.40 0.60	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.5	50 4.00 4.50 5	5.00 5.50
			Coef. (English) 2.43 2.54 2	70 2.69 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.64 2.64
			2.64 2.65 2.6	5 2.66 2.66 2	2.68 2.70 2.74
#6	Discarded	198 00'	5 000 in/hr Ex	filtration over	Surface area above 198 00'
	2100001000		Excluded Sur	face area = 1.60)0 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.87 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=200.96' (Free Discharge) -6=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.87 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=15.25 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=200.96' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Culvert** (Inlet Controls 15.25 cfs @ 8.63 fps)

2=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 4.22 cfs potential flow)

3=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 9.17 cfs potential flow)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 49.54 cfs potential flow)

5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Hydrograph Inflow 33.77 cfs Outflow
 Discarded
 Primary Inflow Area=3.355 ac 36 **Peak Elev=200.98'** 34 32 Storage=20,162 cf 30 28 26 24 16.17 cfs 22 (cts) 22 20 8 18 ■ 16 15.29 cfs 16 14 12-10-8 6 38 4 2 0-14 10 12 13 15 16 17 18 19 20 5 6 7 8 9 11 Time (hours)

Pond IB-1: Infiltration Basin

APPENDIX F

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DESIGN

Figure 3.16

Outlet Protection Design—Minimum Tailwater Condition Chart (Design of Outlet Protection from a Round Pipe Flowing Full, Minimum Tailwater Condition: T_w < 0.5D_o) (USDA - NRCS)



Figure 3.16

Outlet Protection Design—Minimum Tailwater Condition Chart (Design of Outlet Protection from a Round Pipe Flowing Full, Minimum Tailwater Condition: T_w < 0.5D_o) (USDA - NRCS)



Figure 3.16

Outlet Protection Design—Minimum Tailwater Condition Chart (Design of Outlet Protection from a Round Pipe Flowing Full, Minimum Tailwater Condition: T_w < 0.5D_o) (USDA - NRCS)



APPENDIX G

PRE-CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION FORM

I. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETIN	G DOCUMENTS
Project Name	
Permit No.	Date of Authorization
Name of Operator	
Prime Contractor	

a. Preamble to Site Assessment and Inspections

The Following Information To Be Read By All Person's Involved in The Construction of Stormwater Related Activities:

The Operator agrees to have a qualified professional¹ conduct an assessment of the site prior to the commencement of construction² and certify in this inspection report that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP have been adequately installed or implemented to ensure overall preparedness of the site for the commencement of construction.

Prior to the commencement of construction, the Operator shall certify in this site logbook that the SWPPP has been prepared in accordance with the State's standards and meets all Federal, State and local erosion and sediment control requirements.

When construction starts, site inspections shall be conducted by the qualified professional at least every 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of the end of a storm event of 0.5 inches or greater (Construction Duration Inspections). The Operator shall maintain a record of all inspection reports in this site logbook. The site logbook shall be maintained on site and be made available to the permitting authorities upon request. The Operator shall post at the site, in a publicly accessible location, a summary of the site inspection activities on a monthly basis (Monthly Summary Report).

The operator shall also prepare a written summary of compliance with this general permit at a minimum frequency of every three months (Operator's Compliance Response Form), while coverage exists. The summary should address the status of achieving each component of the SWPPP.

Prior to filing the Notice of Termination or the end of permit term, the Operator shall have a qualified professional perform a final site inspection. The qualified professional shall certify that the site has undergone final stabilization³ using either vegetative or structural stabilization methods and that all temporary erosion and sediment controls (such as silt fencing) not needed for long-term erosion control have been removed. In addition, the Operator must identify and certify that all permanent structures described in the SWPPP have been constructed and provide the owner(s) with an operation and maintenance plan that ensures the structure(s) continuously functions as designed.

1 "Qualified Professional means a person knowledgeable in the principles and practice of erosion and sediment controls, such as a Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC), soil scientist, licensed engineer or someone working under the direction and supervision of a licensed engineer (person must have experience in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment control).

2 "Commencement of construction" means the initial removal of vegetation and disturbance of soils associated with clearing, grading or excavating activities or other construction activities.

3 "Final stabilization" means that all soil-disturbing activities at the site have been completed and a uniform, perennial vegetative cover with a density of eighty (80) percent has been established or equivalent stabilization measures (such as the use of mulches or geotextiles) have been employed on all unpaved areas and areas not covered by permanent structures.

b. Operators Certification

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. Further, I hereby certify that the SWPPP meets all Federal, State, and local erosion and sediment control requirements. I am aware that false statements made herein are punishable as a class A misdemeanor pursuant to Section 210.45 of the Penal Law.

Name (please print):					
Title		Date:			
Address:					
Phone:	Email:				
Signature:					

c. Qualified Professional's Credentials & Certification

"I hereby certify that I meet the criteria set forth in the General Permit to conduct site inspections for this project and that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP and as described in the following Pre-construction Site Assessment Checklist have been adequately installed or implemented, ensuring the overall preparedness of this site for the commencement of construction."

Name (please print):					
Title		Date:			
Address:					
Phone:	Email:				
Signature:					

d. Pre-construction Site Assessment Checklist (NOTE: Provide comments below as necessary)

1. Notice of Intent, SWPPP, and Contractors Certification:

Yes No NA

- [] [] Has a Notice of Intent been filed with the NYS Department of Conservation?
- [] [] [] Is the SWPPP on-site? Where?
- [] [] Is the Plan current? What is the latest revision date?_____
- [] [] Is a copy of the NOI (with brief description) onsite? Where?
- [] [] Have all contractors involved with stormwater related activities signed a contractor's certification?

2. Resource Protection

Yes No NA

- [] [] Are construction limits clearly flagged or fenced?
- [] [] Important trees and associated rooting zones, on-site septic system absorption fields, existing vegetated areas suitable for filter strips, especially in perimeter areas, have been flagged for protection.
- [] [] [] Creek crossings installed prior to land-disturbing activity, including clearing and blasting.

3. Surface Water Protection

Yes No NA

- [] [] Clean stormwater runoff has been diverted from areas to be disturbed.
- [] [] Bodies of water located either on site or in the vicinity of the site have been identified and protected.
- [] [] Appropriate practices to protect on-site or downstream surface water are installed.
- [] [] Are clearing and grading operations divided into areas <5 acres?

4. Stabilized Construction Entrance

Yes No NA

- [] [] A temporary construction entrance to capture mud and debris from construction vehicles before they enter the public highway has been installed.
- [] [] Other access areas (entrances, construction routes, equipment parking areas) are stabilized immediately as work takes place with gravel or other cover.
- [] [] Sediment tracked onto public streets is removed or cleaned on a regular basis.

5. Perimeter Sediment Controls

Yes No NA

- [] [] Silt fence material and installation comply with the standard drawing and specifications.
- [] [] Silt fences are installed at appropriate spacing intervals
- [] [] Sediment/detention basin was installed as first land disturbing activity.
- [] [] Sediment traps and barriers are installed.

6. Pollution Prevention for Waste and Hazardous Materials

Yes No NA

- [] [] The Operator or designated representative has been assigned to implement the spill prevention avoidance and response plan.
- [] [] The plan is contained in the SWPPP on page
- [] [] Appropriate materials to control spills are onsite. Where?

APPENDIX H

INFILTRATION AREA CONSTRUCTION CHECKLIST

Maintenance Item	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
1. Embankment and emergency spillway (Annual, After	^r Major Storms)	
1. Vegetation and ground cover adequate		
2. Embankment erosion		
3. Animal burrows		
4. Unauthorized planting		
5. Cracking, bulging, or sliding of dam		
a. Upstream face		
b. Downstream face		
c. At or beyond toe		
downstream		
upstream		
d. Emergency spillway		
6.Pond, toe & chimney drains clear and functioning		
7.Seeps/leaks on downstream face		
8.Slope protection or riprap failure		
9. Vertical/horizontal alignment of top of dam "As-Built"		

Stormwater Pond/Wetland Operation, Maintenance and Management Inspection Checklist
Maintenance Item	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
10. Emergency spillway clear of obstructions and debris		
11. Other (specify)		
2. Riser and principal spillway (Annual)		
Type: Reinforced concrete Corrugated pipe Masonry 1. Low flow orifice obstructed		
 Low flow trash rack. a. Debris removal necessary 		
b. Corrosion control		
3. Weir trash rack maintenance a. Debris removal necessary		
b. corrosion control		
4. Excessive sediment accumulation insider riser		
5. Concrete/masonry condition riser and barrels a. cracks or displacement		
b. Minor spalling (<1")		
c. Major spalling (rebars exposed)		
d. Joint failures		
e. Water tightness		
6. Metal pipe condition		
7. Control valve a. Operational/exercised		
b. Chained and locked		
8. Pond drain valve a. Operational/exercised		
b. Chained and locked		
9. Outfall channels functioning		
10. Other (specify)		

Maintenance Item	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
3. Permanent Pool (Wet Ponds) (monthly)	•
1. Undesirable vegetative growth		
2. Floating or floatable debris removal required		
3. Visible pollution		
4. Shoreline problem		
5. Other (specify)		
4. Sediment Forebays		
1.Sedimentation noted		
2. Sediment cleanout when depth < 50% design depth		
5. Dry Pond Areas		
1. Vegetation adequate		
2. Undesirable vegetative growth		
3. Undesirable woody vegetation		
4. Low flow channels clear of obstructions		
5. Standing water or wet spots		
6. Sediment and / or trash accumulation		
7. Other (specify)		
6. Condition of Outfalls (Annual , After Major Storms)		
1. Riprap failures		
2. Slope erosion		
3. Storm drain pipes		
4.Endwalls / Headwalls		
5. Other (specify)		
7. Other (Monthly)		•
1. Encroachment on pond, wetland or easement area		

Maintenance Item	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
2. Complaints from residents		
3.Aesthetics a. Grass growing required		
b. Graffiti removal needed		
c. Other (specify)		
4. Conditions of maintenance access routes.		
5. Signs of hydrocarbon build-up		
6. Any public hazards (specify)		
8. Wetland Vegetation (Annual)		
 Vegetation healthy and growing Wetland maintaining 50% surface area coverage of wetland plants after the second growing season. (If unsatisfactory, reinforcement plantings needed) 		
 2. Dominant wetland plants: Survival of desired wetland plant species Distribution according to landscaping plan? 3. Evidence of invasive species 		
4. Maintenance of adequate water depths for desired wetland plant species		
5. Harvesting of emergent plantings needed		
6. Have sediment accumulations reduced pool volume significantly or are plants "choked" with sediment		
7. Eutrophication level of the wetland.		
8. Other (specify)		

Comments:

Actions to be Taken:

Project:

Infiltration Trench Operation, Maintenance, and Management Inspection Checklist

Location: Site Status:		
Date:		
Time:		
Inspector:		
Maintenance Item	Satisfactory / Unsatisfactory	Comments
1. Debris Cleanout (Monthly	()	
Trench surface clear of debris		
Inflow pipes clear of debris		
Overflow spillway clear of debris		
Inlet area clear of debris		
2. Sediment Traps or Forebays (A	nnual)	
Obviously trapping sediment		
Greater than 50% of storage volume remaining		
3. Dewatering (Monthly)		
Trench dewaters between storms		
4. Sediment Cleanout of Trench	(Annual)	
No evidence of sedimentation in trench		
Sediment accumulation doesn't yet require cleanout		
5. Inlets (Annual)		

Maintenance Item	Satisfactory / Unsatisfactory	Comments
Good condition		
No evidence of erosion		
6. Outlet/Overflow Spillway (Annua	ll)	
Good condition, no need for repair		
No evidence of erosion		
7. Aggregate Repairs (Annual)		
Surface of aggregate clean		
Top layer of stone does not need replacement		
Trench does not need rehabilitation		

Comments:

Actions to be Taken:

APPENDIX I

CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFICATIONS

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

"I hereby certify under penalty of law that I understand and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of the SWPPP and agree to implement any corrective actions identified by the qualified inspector during a site inspection. I also understand that the owner or operator must comply with the terms and conditions of the most current version of the New York State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("SPDES") general permit for stormwater discharges from construction activities and that it is unlawful for any person to cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards. Furthermore, I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, that I do not believe to be true, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations"

Contractor:
Name:
Signature:
Title:
Company Name:
Company Address:
·
Company Phone Number:
Site Address:
Specific SWPPP Responsibilities:
Date of Certification:
Name and Title of Trained Contractor for SWPPP Implementation:

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

"I hereby certify under penalty of law that I understand and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of the SWPPP and agree to implement any corrective actions identified by the qualified inspector during a site inspection. I also understand that the owner or operator must comply with the terms and conditions of the most current version of the New York State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("SPDES") general permit for stormwater discharges from construction activities and that it is unlawful for any person to cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards. Furthermore, I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, that I do not believe to be true, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations"

Sub-Contractor:
Name:
Signature:
Title:
Company Name:
Company Address:
Company Phone Number:
Site Address:
Specific SWPPP Responsibilities:
Date of Certification:
Name and Title of Trained Contractor for SWPPP Implementation:

APPENDIX J

QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL'S CERTIFICATION

" I hereby certify that I meet the criteria set forth in the General Permit to conduct site inspections for this project and that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP and as described in the Pre-Construction Site Assessment Checklist have been adequately installed or implemented, ensuring the overall preparedness of this site for the commencement of construction."

Name (Print):	
Title:	
Date:	
Company Name:	
Company Address:	
Company Phone Number:	······
Company Email:	
Signature:	

APPENDIX K

OWNER/OPERATOR CERTIFICATION

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

" I have read or been advised of the permit conditions and believe that I understand them. I also understand that, under the terms of the permit, there may be reporting requirements. I also certify under penalty of law that that this document and the corresponding documents were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. Further, I am acknowledging that this SWPPP has been developed and will be implemented as the first element of construction and agree to comply with all the terms and conditions of the general permit for which the NOI is being submitted."

Name (Print):	
Title:	
Date:	
Company Name:	
Company Address:	;
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Company Phone Number:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Company Email:	
Signature:	

APPENDIX L POST-DEVELOPMENT MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION CHECKLIST

Open Channel Operation, Maintenance, and Management Inspection Checklist

Project: Location: Site Status:		
Date:		
Time:		
Inspector:		
MAINTENANCE ITEM	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
1. Debris Cleanout (Monthly)	·
Contributing areas clean of debris		
2. Check Dams or Energy Dissipator	s (Annual, After M	lajor Storms)
No evidence of flow going around structures		
No evidence of erosion at downstream toe		
Soil permeability		
Groundwater / bedrock		
3. Vegetation (Monthly)		
Mowing done when needed		
Minimum mowing depth not exceeded		
No evidence of erosion		
Fertilized per specification		
4. Dewatering (Monthly)		
Dewaters between storms		

MAINTENANCE ITEM	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
5. Sediment deposition (Annual)		
Clean of sediment		
6. Outlet/Overflow Spillway (Annual)		
Good condition, no need for repairs		
No evidence of erosion		

Comments:

Actions to be Taken:

APPENDIX M CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION REPORT

II. CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

a. Directions:

Inspection Forms will be filled out during the entire construction phase of the project. Required Elements:

(1) On a site map, indicate the extent of all disturbed site areas and drainage pathways. Indicate site areas that are expected to undergo initial disturbance or significant site work within the next 14-day period;

(2) Indicate on a site map all areas of the site that have undergone temporary or permanent stabilization;

(3) Indicate all disturbed site areas that have not undergone active site work during the previous 14-day period;

(4) Inspect all sediment control practices and record the approximate degree of sediment accumulation as a percentage of sediment storage volume (for example, 10 percent, 20 percent, 50 percent);

(5) Inspect all erosion and sediment control practices and record all maintenance requirements such as verifying the integrity of barrier or diversion systems (earthen berms or silt fencing) and containment systems (sediment basins and sediment traps). Identify any evidence of rill or gully erosion occurring on slopes and any loss of stabilizing vegetation or seeding/mulching. Document any excessive deposition of sediment or ponding water along barrier or diversion systems. Record the depth of sediment within containment structures, any erosion near outlet and overflow structures, and verify the ability of rock filters around perforated riser pipes to pass water; and

(6) Immediately report to the Operator any deficiencies that are identified with the implementation of the SWPPP.

SITE PLAN/SKETCH

Inspector (print name)

Date of Inspection

Qualified Professional (print name)Qualified Professional SignatureThe above signed acknowledges that, to the best of his/her knowledge, all information provided on the forms is accurate and complete.

Maintaining Water Quality

Yes No NA

- [] [] Is there an increase in turbidity causing a substantial visible contrast to natural conditions?
- [] [] Is there residue from oil and floating substances, visible oil film, or globules or grease?
- [] [] All disturbance is within the limits of the approved plans.
- [] [] Have receiving lake/bay, stream, and/or wetland been impacted by silt from project?

Housekeeping

1. General Site Conditions

Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Is construction site litter and debris appropriately managed?
- [] [] Are facilities and equipment necessary for implementation of erosion and sediment control in working order and/or properly maintained?
- [] [] [] Is construction impacting the adjacent property?
- [] [] [] Is dust adequately controlled?

2. Temporary Stream Crossing

Yes No NA

- [] [] Maximum diameter pipes necessary to span creek without dredging are installed.
- [] [] Installed non-woven geotextile fabric beneath approaches.
- [] [] Is fill composed of aggregate (no earth or soil)?
- [] [] Rock on approaches is clean enough to remove mud from vehicles & prevent sediment from entering stream during high flow.

Runoff Control Practices

1. Excavation Dewatering

Yes No NA

- [] [] Upstream and downstream berms (sandbags, inflatable dams, etc.) are installed per plan.
- [] [] Clean water from upstream pool is being pumped to the downstream pool.
- [] [] Sediment laden water from work area is being discharged to a silt-trapping device.
- [] [] Constructed upstream berm with one-foot minimum freeboard.

2. Level Spreader

Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Installed per plan.
- [] [] Constructed on undisturbed soil, not on fill, receiving only clear, non-sediment laden flow.
- [] [] Flow sheets out of level spreader without erosion on downstream edge.

3. Interceptor Dikes and Swales

Yes No NA

- [] [] Installed per plan with minimum side slopes 2H:1V or flatter.
- [] [] Stabilized by geotextile fabric, seed, or mulch with no erosion occurring.
- [] [] [] Sediment-laden runoff directed to sediment trapping structure

CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS Runoff Control Practices (continued)

4. Stone Check Dam

Yes No NA

[] [] Is channel stable? (flow is not eroding soil underneath or around the structure).

[] [] [] Check is in good condition (rocks in place and no permanent pools behind the structure).

[] [] Has accumulated sediment been removed?.

5. Rock Outlet Protection

Yes No NA

[] [] [] Installed per plan.

[] [] Installed concurrently with pipe installation.

Soil Stabilization

1. Topsoil and Spoil Stockpiles

Yes No NA

[] [] [] Stockpiles are stabilized with vegetation and/or mulch.

[] [] Sediment control is installed at the toe of the slope.

2. Revegetation

Yes No NA

[] [] [] Temporary seedings and mulch have been applied to idle areas.

[] [] 4 inches minimum of topsoil has been applied under permanent seedings

Sediment Control Practices

1. Stabilized Construction Entrance

Yes No NA

- [] [] Stone is clean enough to effectively remove mud from vehicles.
- [] [] [] Installed per standards and specifications?
- [] [] Does all traffic use the stabilized entrance to enter and leave site?
- [] [] Is adequate drainage provided to prevent ponding at entrance?

2. Silt Fence

Yes No NA

- [] [] Installed on Contour, 10 feet from toe of slope (not across conveyance channels).
- [] [] Joints constructed by wrapping the two ends together for continuous support.
- [] [] [] Fabric buried 6 inches minimum.
- [] [] Posts are stable, fabric is tight and without rips or frayed areas.

Sediment accumulation is ___% of design capacity.

CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

Sediment Control Practices (continued)

3. Storm Drain Inlet Protection (Use for Stone & Block; Filter Fabric; Curb; or, Excavated practices) Yes No NA

- [] [] Installed concrete blocks lengthwise so open ends face outward, not upward.
- [] [] Placed wire screen between No. 3 crushed stone and concrete blocks.
- [] [] Drainage area is 1acre or less.
- [] [] [] Excavated area is 900 cubic feet.
- [] [] Excavated side slopes should be 2:1.
- [] [] [] 2" x 4" frame is constructed and structurally sound.
- [] [] Posts 3-foot maximum spacing between posts.
- [] [] Fabric is embedded 1 to 1.5 feet below ground and secured to frame/posts with staples at max 8-inch spacing.
- [] [] Posts are stable, fabric is tight and without rips or frayed areas.
- Sediment accumulation ____% of design capacity.

4. Temporary Sediment Trap

Yes No NA

- [] [] Outlet structure is constructed per the approved plan or drawing.
- [] [] [] Geotextile fabric has been placed beneath rock fill.

Sediment accumulation is ___% of design capacity.

5. Temporary Sediment Basin

Yes No NA

[] [] Basin and outlet structure constructed per the approved plan.

[] [] Basin side slopes are stabilized with seed/mulch.

[] [] Drainage structure flushed and basin surface restored upon removal of sediment basin facility. Sediment accumulation is ____% of design capacity.

<u>Note</u>: Not all erosion and sediment control practices are included in this listing. Add additional pages to this list as required by site specific design.

Construction inspection checklists for post-development stormwater management practices can be found in Appendix F of the New York Stormwater Management Design Manual.

CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

b. Modifications to the SWPPP (To be completed as described below)

The Operator shall amend the SWPPP whenever:

1. There is a significant change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance which may have a significant effect on the potential for the discharge of pollutants to the waters of the United States and which has not otherwise been addressed in the SWPPP; or

2. The SWPPP proves to be ineffective in:

- a. Eliminating or significantly minimizing pollutants from sources identified in the SWPPP and as required by this permit; or
- b. Achieving the general objectives of controlling pollutants in stormwater discharges from permitted construction activity; and

3. Additionally, the SWPPP shall be amended to identify any new contractor or subcontractor that will implement any measure of the SWPPP.

Modification & Reason:

III. Monthly Summary of Site Inspection Activities

Name of Permitted Facility:	Today's Date:	Reporting Month:
Location:	Permit Identification #:	
Name and Telephone Number of Site Inspector:		

Date of Inspection	Regular / Rainfall based Inspection	Name of Inspector	Items of Concern

Owner/Operator Certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that false statements made herein are punishable as a class A misdemeanor pursuant to Section 210.45 of the Penal Law."

Signature of Permittee or Duly Authorized Representative

Name of Permittee or Duly Authorized Representative Date

Duly authorized representatives <u>must have written authorization</u>, submitted to DEC, to sign any permit documents.

APPENDIX N

NOTICE OF TERMINATION

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water 625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albany, New York 12233-3505 *(NOTE: Submit completed form to address above)*

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity

Please indicate your permit identification number: NYR		
I. Owner or Operator Information		
1. Owner/Operator Name:		
2. Street Address:		
3. City/State/Zip:		
4. Contact Person:	4a.Telephone:	
5. Contact Person E-Mail:		
II. Project Site Information		
5. Project/Site Name:		
6. Street Address:		
7. City/Zip:		
8. County:		
III. Reason for Termination		
 9a. □ All disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization in accordanc *Date final stabilization completed (month/year): 	e with the general permit and SWPPP.	
9b. □ Permit coverage has been transferred to new owner/operator. Indicate new owner/operator's permit identification number: NYR (Note: Permit coverage can not be terminated by owner identified in I.1. above until new owner/operator obtains coverage under the general permit)		
9c. □ Other (Explain on Page 2)		
IV. Final Site Information:		
 10a. Did this construction activity require the development of a SWPPP that includes post-construction stormwater management practices? □ yes □ no (If no, go to question 10f.) 		
10b. Have all post-construction stormwater management practices included in the final SWPPP been constructed? □ yes □ no (If no, explain on Page 2)		
10c. Identify the entity responsible for long-term operation and maintenance of practice(s)?		

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued

10d. Has the entity responsible for long-term operation and maintenance been given a copy of the operation and maintenance plan required by the general permit? □ yes □ no

10e. Indicate the method used to ensure	ong-term operation and maintenance of the post-construction stormwater
management practice(s):	

- □ Post-construction stormwater management practice(s) and any right-of-way(s) needed to maintain practice(s) have been deeded to the municipality.
- Executed maintenance agreement is in place with the municipality that will maintain the post-construction stormwater management practice(s).
- □ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are privately owned, the deed of record has been modified to include a deed covenant that requires operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan.
- □ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are owned by a public or private institution (e.g. school, college, university), or government agency or authority, policy and procedures are in place that ensures operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan.
- 10f. Provide the total area of impervious surface (i.e. roof, pavement, concrete, gravel, etc.) constructed within the disturbance area? ______ (acres)
- 11. Is this project subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4? \Box yes \Box no (If Yes, complete section VI "MS4 Acceptance" statement
- V. Additional Information/Explanation: (Use this section to answer questions 9c. and 10b., if applicable)

VI. MS4 Acceptance - MS4 Official (principal executive officer or ranking elected official) or Duly Authorized Representative (Note: Not required when 9b. is checked -transfer of coverage)

I have determined that it is acceptable for the owner or operator of the construction project identified in question 5 to submit the Notice of Termination at this time.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

Date:

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued

VII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Final Stabilization:

I hereby certify that all disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization as defined in the current version of the general permit, and that all temporary, structural erosion and sediment control measures have been removed. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

Date:

Date:

Date:

VIII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Post-construction Stormwater Management Practice(s):

I hereby certify that all post-construction stormwater management practices have been constructed in conformance
with the SWPPP. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation
of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or
administrative proceedings.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

IX. Owner or Operator Certification

I hereby certify that this document was prepared by me or under my direction or supervision. My determination, based upon my inquiry of the person(s) who managed the construction activity, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, is that the information provided in this document is true, accurate and complete. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

(NYS DEC Notice of Termination - January 2010)

APPENDIX O

DRAINAGE MAPS



DRAINAGE AREA 1	DRAINAGE AREA 2	
Total area = 73,981 SQFT	TOTAL AREA = 331	
WOODS D, GOOD = $38,260$ SQFT	WOODS D, GOOD =	
IMPERVIOUS = $20,783$ SQFT	IMPERVIOUS = 7,63	
GRASS D, GOOD = $14,938$ SQFT	GRAVEL D = 7,047	
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (Tc)	MEADOW D, GOOD = GRASS D, GOOD =	
1.100' SHEET FLOW @ 11.0% — WOODS D	TIME OF CONCENTRA	
2. 407' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED	1. 100' SHEET FLO	
FLOW @ 6.1% — WOODS D	MEADOW D	
3. 30' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED	2.169'SHALLOW (
FLOW @ 8.3% — MEADOW D	FLOW @ 6.2% —	
4. 136' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED	3. 347' SHALLOW (
FLOW @ 5.9% — IMPERVIOUS	FLOW @ 4.9% —	
	4.26'SHALLOW CO FLOW @ 4.8% —	
	5.194'SHALLOW (FLOW @ 3.9% —	

Dig Safel New York	y.
800-962-796 www.digsafelynewyork	52 .orę
Call Before You Dig Wait The Required Time Confirm Utility Respons Respect the Marks Dig With Care	e se

DRAW	N BY: JDE	B CHECKED BY: MAB
		REVISIONS:
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTI

PRE DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE MAP 25 TOWNSEND STREET

> CITY OF BEACON DUTCHESS COUNTY, NEW YORK TAX ID: 6055-03-383149SCALE: 1" = 60' DECEMBER 18, 2015



HUDSON LAND DESIGN PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING P.C. 174 MAIN STREET BEACON, NEW YORK 12508 PH: 845-440-6926 F: 845-440-6637

JON D. BODENDORF, P.E. NYS LICENSE NO. 076245 DANIEL G. KOEHLER, P.E. NYS LICENSE NO. 082716

SEAL

SHEET: 1 OF 2

JOB NO.: 2015:025

BY

ION

TAL AREA = 331,073 SQFT DODS D, GOOD = 131,018 SQFT

PERVIOUS = 7,630 SQFTRAVEL D = 7,047 SQFT EADOW D, GOOD = 40,630 SQFT RASS D, GOOD = 144,748

ME OF CONCENTRATION (Tc)

. 100' SHEET FLOW @ 6.3% -MEADOW D

. 169' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED FLOW @ 6.2% - MEADOW D

. 347' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED FLOW @ 4.9% - WOODS D

. 26' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED FLOW @ 4.8% - GRAVEL D

. 194' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED FLOW @ 3.9% - MEADOW D

6. 95' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED FLOW @ 9.6% - WOODS D

DRAINAGE AREA 3 TOTAL AREA = 3,451 SQFT WOODS D, GOOD = 3,451 SQFT TIME OF CONCENTRATION (Tc) 1. DIRECT ENTRY = 6 MINUTES

DESIGN POINT

LEGEND:

SOIL BOUNDARY DRAINAGE BOUNDARY TIME OF CONCENTRATION

SUBCATCHMENT ID





DRAINAGE AREA 10 TOTAL AREA = 73,560 SQFT

IMPERVIOUS = 15,309 SQFT

GRASS D, GOOD = 34,298 SQFT WOODS D, GOOD = 23,952 SQFT

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (Tc)

WOODS D

FLOW @ 6.0% - WOODS D

FLOW @ 6.5% - GRASS D

FLOW @ 8.9% - PAVED

FLOW @ 5.5% - GRASS D

1.0% – GRASS D

WOODS D, GOOD = 87,785 SQFT

MEADOW D

– GRASS D

DRAINAGE AREA 20

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (Tc)

1. 100' SHEET FLOW @ 6.3% -

2. 169' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED

FLOW @ 6.2% - MEADOW D

3. 249' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED

4. 367' OPEN CHANNEL FLOW @ 6.8%

5. 16' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED FLOW

REVISIONS:

DESCRIPTION

NO. DATE

Dig Safely. New York

800-962-7962

www.digsafelynewyork.org

Confirm Utility Response Respect the Marks

Call Before You Dig Uwait The Required Time

Dig With Care

FLOW @ 7.8% - WOODS D

@ 18.8% - GRASS D

TOTAL AREA = 185,599 SQFT

GRASS D, GOOD = 57,184 SQFT

MEADOW D, GOOD = 40,630 SQFT



POST DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE MAP

7.50' PIPE FLOW @ 12.0% - 18" CORRUGATED HDPE

CORRUGATED HDPE 6. 58' PIPE FLOW @ 1.0% – 18" CORRUGATED HDPE

CORRUGATED HDPE 5. 127' PIPE FLOW @ 6.1% - 18"

4.3% – GRASS D 4. 17' PIPE FLOW @ 1.19% - 18"

4.3% – PAVED 3. 93' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED FLOW @

2. 23' SHALLOW CONCENTRATED FLOW @

1. 80' SHEET FLOW @ 6.3% - GRASS D

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (Tc)

GRASS D = 112,735 SQFT

IMPERVIOUS = 31,684 SQFTGRAVEL D = 1,713 SQFT

DRAINAGE AREA 21 TOTAL AREA = 146,132 SQFT

DRAINAGE AREA 3 TOTAL AREA = 3,146 SQFT

WOODS D, GOOD = 3,146 SQFT

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (Tc)

1. DIRECT ENTRY = 6 MINUTES

DESIGN POINT

SUBCATCHMENT ID

LEGEND: SOIL BOUNDARY DRAINAGE BOUNDARY TIME OF CONCENTRATION