

Civil & Environmental Engineering Consultants 174 Main Street, Beacon, New York 12508 13 Chambers Street, Newburgh, New York 12550 Phone: 845-440-6926 Fax: 845-440-6637 www.HudsonLandDesign.com

December 31, 2018 Revised: January 29, 2019

Mr. Dave Buckley City of Beacon Building Inspector 1 Municipal Center Beacon, NY 12508

Re: Infiltration and Inflow Investigation

296 Main Street Project

296 Main Street

City of Beacon, New York

Tax ID:  $5954-27-869916 (\pm 0.09 \text{ acres})$ 

Dear Mr. Buckley,

Hudson Land Design (HLD) has completed an infiltration and inflow investigation at the above referenced parcel as required by the City of Beacon. The investigation was conducted on December 20, 2018, and January 28, 2019 at the existing building located at 296 Main Street, which consists of a two-story wood construction building that fronts on Main Street, and single-story brick building behind it that has frontage on North Cedar Street. Both buildings are currently vacant.

The first phase of the study consisted of an exterior inspection of the building to determine the location of roof leader discharge points. There were two roof leaders observed on the southeast corner of the exterior of the building on the Main Street side that are connected to underground piping. The discharge location of these underground pipes could not be determined by visual inspection (see Figure 1 at the end of this report).

On January 28, 2019, a dye test was conducted with Beacon Sewer Department personnel. In addition, an endoscope was lowered into the ground pipe that the roof leaders discharge into. A blockage was discovered in one of the pipes. The other roof leader discharges into a horizontal cast iron pipe that is directed toward main street. It is believed that this pipe is the sewer lateral pipe from the rear building. There is no storm system in Main Street in the vicinity of this pipe. Dye was administered into the drain

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line that discharges from the rear building along the exterior of the east wall of the front building; The results of the dye test confirmed that this pipe discharges to the sewer main within Main Street. It is assumed that since there is no stormwater infrastructure in this location, the two roof leaders located in the southeast corner of the building discharge to this sewer line. Per City of Beacon requirements, these two roof leader pipes will need to be disconnected from the sewer line from the rear building. The Site Plan set currently before the planning board has been updated to show design for re-routing these roof leader pipes to the storm system.

No other exterior roof leader pipes were observed; however, based upon our initial inspection, the building consists of two sections. The front portion of the building is two-story wood-framed construction, and the rear portion is single-story brick construction. It appears that the rear section was added onto the front building. The front building contains a gabled roof that half of which drains toward Main Street and the other half drains toward the rear of the building. The portion of the front building roof that drains toward Main Street is collected by two roof gutters which discharge into the two roof leaders at the southeast corner of the building mentioned earlier in this report.

The rear portion of the gabled roof drains to a lower shed roof that is also pitched toward the rear building. Both of these roofs discharge to the rear building roof which is pitched toward two interior roof leaders located within the rear building. See the attached sketch with Appendix A that shows the locations of the roof leaders and gutters.

The second phase of the investigation consisted of an interior investigation of the front and rear buildings. The rear building is single-story on slab with no basement. There are two roof leaders within the rear building that are piped below the slab – one on the north wall and one on the south wall (Figures 3 & 4). The north roof leader pipe continues below the slab into a 90° elbow where it travels toward the south into a sump with metal cover within the center of the slab floor (Figure 2). The sump has an open bottom to ground where the roof leader discharge is allowed to infiltrate into the subsoils. There is a downward facing 90° elbow overflow outlet on the south side of the sump. It is believed that this overflow pipe is connected to the south roof leader.

Dye was introduced into a sink located adjacent to the south roof leader (Figure 3). The sink drain and the roof leader drain both are directed into a common sewer line. The dye test was conducted to determine where this drain line is directed toward. Manholes were opened on Main Street, and North Cedar Street after the dye was introduced. Dye was observed in a sewer manhole within Main Street; therefore, it has been confirmed that the 4" cast iron sewer line from the rear building discharges toward Main Street along the east exterior wall of the front building into the City sewer system. These roof drains will need to be disconnected from the sewer pipe and re-directed to the storm system. The Site Plan set currently before the planning board has been updated to show design for rerouting these roof leader pipes to the storm system.

The front portion of the building has a basement. The basement was investigated for any interior roof leaders, floor drains or sump pumps that could be connected to the building sewer. A sump pump was observed in the northeast corner of the front building's basement (Figure 5). It was confirmed that the discharge line from the sump pump is connected to the building sewer line. The building sewer line travels along the

westerly wall of the front building and exists the building out of the west wall toward North Cedar Street (Figure 6). There is a sewer manhole within N. Cedar Street that is located just upstream of the sewer lateral coming from the building. The sewer manhole was inspected on January 28, 2019 with the Beacon Sewer Department. It was confirmed that the sewer lateral from the front building is connected to the 8" sewer main within North Cedar Street. The sump pump will need to be disconnected from the sewer pipe and re-routed to the storm system. The Site Plan set currently before the planning board has been updated to show design for re-routing the sump pump to the storm system.

#### **Proposed Mitigation**

All roof leaders and the sump pump discharge line will be disconnected from the sewer and re-routed to the City stormwater system. The two roof leaders shown in Figure 1 at the end of this report will be re-routed to storm system by installing a 6" SDR 35 PVC header pipe from this location and directed toward the rear building along the east building wall of the front building. The sump pump discharge line will exit the east building wall and connect directly to this line within an ADS polyethylene catch basin. The 6" SDR 35 PVC continues into the rear building where it will intercept both roof leaders within the rear building below the concrete slab. The sewer line will increase to 8" SDR 35 PVC after intercepting the two roof leader pipes. From there, the 8" pipe is directed toward North Cedar Street.

North Cedar Street does not contain stormwater infrastructure in this area; however, there is a catch basin located approximately 72 feet to the north within North Cedar Street. Therefore, a new catch basin will be installed in this location with a 12" HDPE pipe directed toward the existing catch basin toward the north. The Site Plan set currently before the planning board has been updated to show design for re-routing the sump pump and roof leader pipes to the storm system.

#### **Hydrologic Calculations**

A hydrologic model has been developed to determine the amount of stormwater removed from the City sewer system as a result of disconnecting the roof leaders and sump pump. The entire roof area is 3,749 square feet. The hydrologic analysis is summarized within Table I below:

TABLE I STORMWATER VOLUME REMOVED FROM SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM

Designation	1-Year 2.61 inches	10-Year 4.69 inches	25-Year 5.89 inches	100-Year 8.32 inches
Volume (acre-feet)	0.016	0.030	0.038	0.053
Volume (gallons)	5,214	9,775	12,382	17,270

The hydraulic model can be found within Appendix B.

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Based on our observations, HLD believes that there are illicit stormwater connections from the building located at 296 Main Street to the City of Beacon's sanitary sewer collection system. A stormwater utility plan has been developed that shows design for disconnection of roof leaders and sump pump from the sewer system and re-routing to the storm system.

Should you have any questions, please feel free to call me at 845-440-6926.

Sincerely,

Mu Bolund

Michael A. Bodendorf, P.E.

cc:

Aryeh Seigel Daniel G. Koehler, P.E. (HLD file)

### Appendix A

Photographs



Figure 1 – View of Roof Leader Pipes Located in the Southwest Corner of the Front Building



Figure 2 - View of Sump Within Floor of Rear Building



Figure 3 - View of Roof Leader on South Side of Rear Building

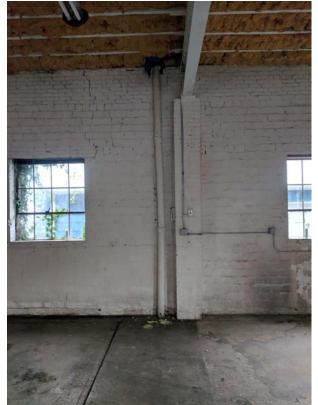


Figure 4 - View of Roof Leader on North Side of Rear Building

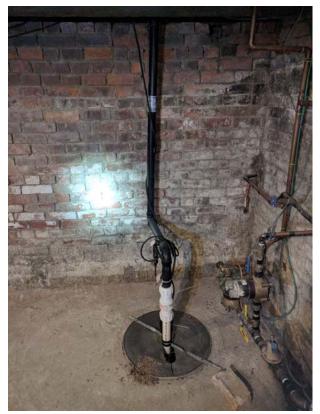
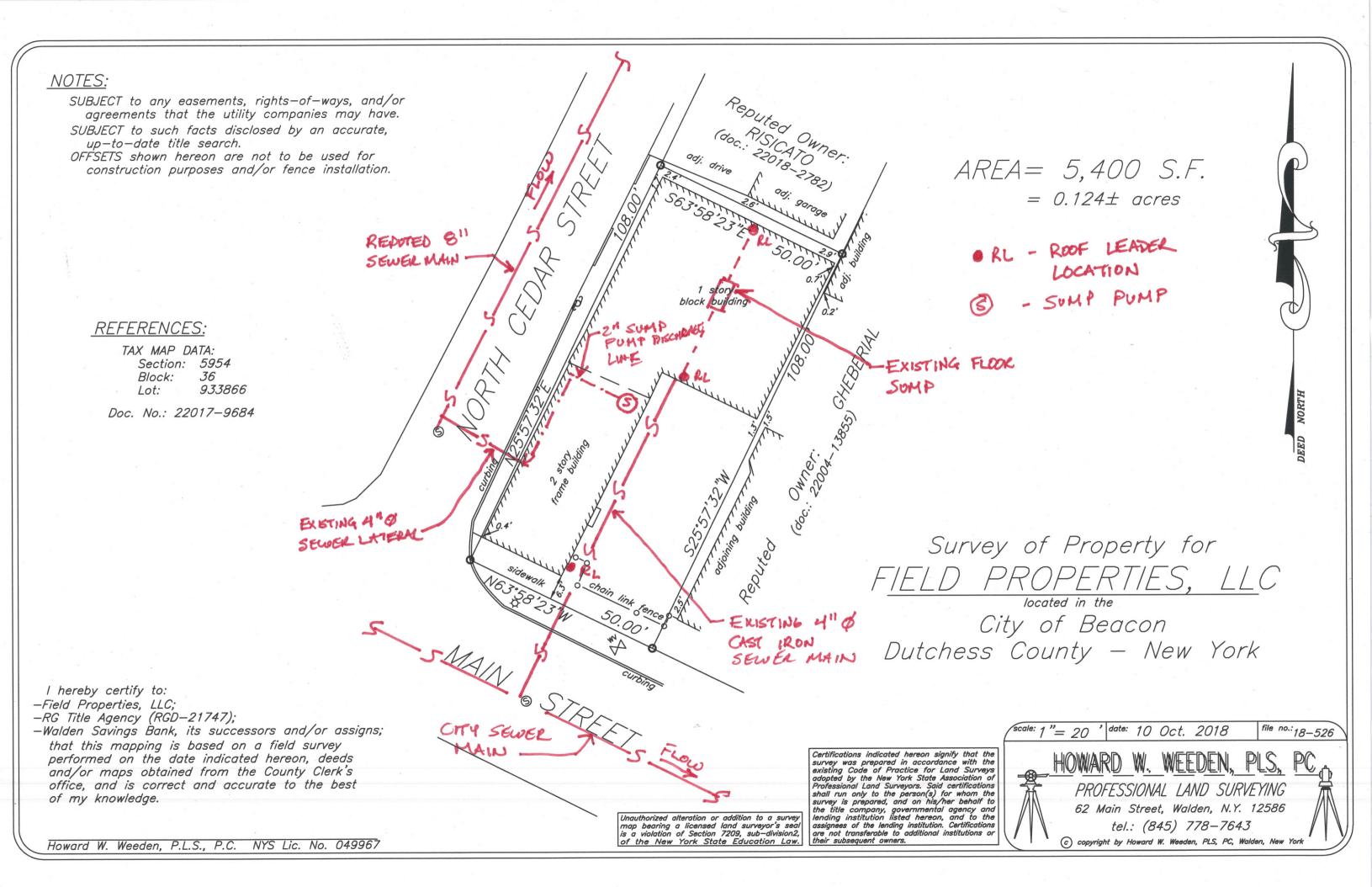


Figure 5 - View of Sump Pump in Basement of Front Building

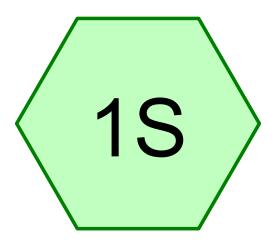


Figure 6 - View of Sewer Lateral Leaving Front Building Through the West Wall Toward North Cedar Street

# Appendix A I&I Investigation Sketch



## Appendix B Hydrologic Model



## ROOF DRAINAGE









#### **DRAINAGE-POST**

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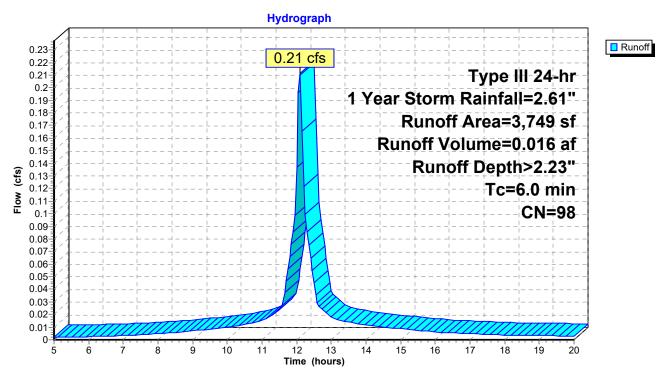
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#### **Summary for Subcatchment 1S: ROOF DRAINAGE**

Runoff = 0.21 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.016 af, Depth> 2.23"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Storm Rainfall=2.61"

A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description				
	3,749	98 F	Roofs, HSG B				
	3,749		100.00% Impervious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.0	,	, ,	,	, ,	Direct Entry, ROOF DRAINAGE		



#### **DRAINAGE-POST**

Prepared by Hudson Land Design

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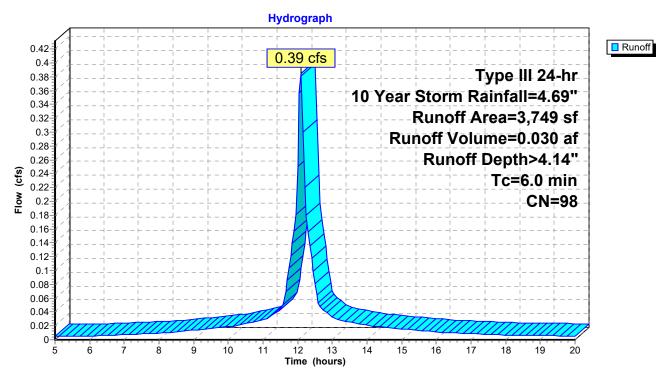
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#### **Summary for Subcatchment 1S: ROOF DRAINAGE**

Runoff = 0.39 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.030 af, Depth> 4.14"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=4.69"

A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description				
	3,749	98 F	Roofs, HSG B				
	3,749		100.00% Impervious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.0	,	, ,	,	, ,	Direct Entry, ROOF DRAINAGE		



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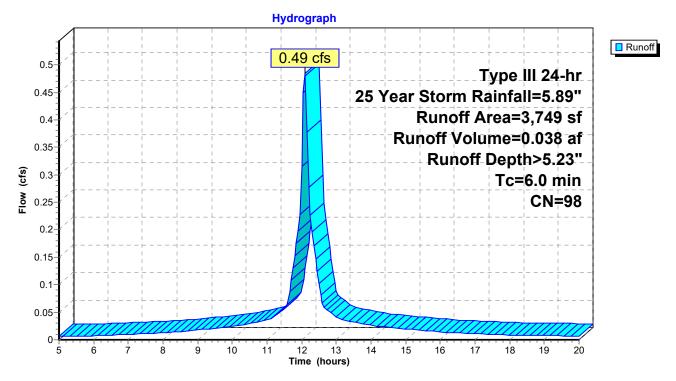
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#### **Summary for Subcatchment 1S: ROOF DRAINAGE**

Runoff = 0.49 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.038 af, Depth> 5.23"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Year Storm Rainfall=5.89"

A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description				
	3,749	98 F	Roofs, HSG B				
	3,749		100.00% Impervious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.0	,	, ,	,	, ,	Direct Entry, ROOF DRAINAGE		



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#### **Summary for Subcatchment 1S: ROOF DRAINAGE**

Runoff = 0.69 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.053 af, Depth> 7.43"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Storm Rainfall=8.32"

A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description				
	3,749	98 F	Roofs, HSG B				
	3,749		100.00% Impervious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.0	,	, ,	,	, ,	Direct Entry, ROOF DRAINAGE		

